Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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2 JUL 1948

Machinery.
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FOR HIGH CLASS AMERICAN
TAPESTRY
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VISIT THE SHOW-ROOM OF
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VE BANK

II, July 1 (UPI): an Ordinance the half of the Hydera- will not be trans- Government. any officer of the Go- Hyderabad in his official the Hyderabad State

" Act Enforced n Akola

June 30 (API): The vinces and Berar Gov- today notified the of the provisions of Act to the revenue kola (in Berar) where rouble was reported ist two days. ation empowers po- o round up all bad d subjects within the

"Contractor" ested In Madras

Ally 1 (API): A resi- bad (Hyderabad State) contractor of the overnment was arrested in d detained under the Main- Public Order Act. ence in Mint Street was the police who seized pondence relating to the thies, electrical goods, s, plugs and other articles. are also stated to have machinery which, it is was attempting to send to

PS OPEN FIRE GATTI VILLAGERS

(API): Some Nizam to number about 40 ernoon of June 29 village on the two and half miles a in Union terri- hearing the news illagers rushed to e Nizam police vancing villagers that some villa- in their fields s. One of the ugh to the Gov- Mundargi. trate, Dharwar lement of police erday and other ing vacated. Peo- ere rushing into The collector is ssary rangements for

S ELECTED E.C. RESIDENT

Jul (API): Gait, Managing "Hindstan Times" ected w out contest ver the enth session India Nspaper Edi- ence meeg in Bom- 23, 1948.

THE LUNATIC AT LARGE

"NOTHING BUT CRIMINAL LUNACY IN BRITAIN COULD POSSIBLY DESTROY INDIA'S GOODWILL TOWARDS HER". —MOUNTBATTEN.

ARABS REJECT MEDIATOR'S PEACE PLAN

CAIRO, July 1 (Reuter): The Arabs today rejected the peace proposals of United Nations Mediator Count Folke Bernadotte because they cannot accept the existence of a Jewish State, Transjordan Premier Twefik Abdulhuda Pasha declared.

His statement came 24 hours after the last British soldier had quit the most disputed territory on earth.

Officially still secret, the terms evolved by the Count at his Rhodes headquarters since fighting ceased in Palestine 19 days ago were still under consideration by the Jewish leaders at Tel Aviv tonight.

An Arab League Sub-Committee drafting a reply to the proposal is also due to meet again tonight.

The Transjordan Premier, disclosing the Arab rejection, said his country had no territorial ambitions in Palestine.

It will be up to the Arab population of Palestine once they are liberated to decide whether they wish for union with Transjordan or to join the Arab League as an independent State, he said.

MEDIATOR'S PLAN

The Arabic newspaper "Al Misri" today published what it claimed was a ten-point Palestine peace plan given by Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator, to Jews and Arabs.

A settlement plan worked out by the Count and his staff on the island of Rhodes is now under consideration by both sides.

The proposals as given by "Al Misri" are:—

1. **Reunion of Transjordan and Palestine as composed in the original British Mandate.**
2. **This Mandate area to be divided into two independent States, one Jewish and the other Arab.**
3. **The Jewish State would have all the lands granted to it by the United Nations except the Negeb Desert which would be given to the Arabs.**

In compensation, the Jews would get the whole of Galilee, i.e., the area from Acre to the Syrian-Lebanese borders.

4. **The Arabs State would include Arab sections of Palestine and the Transjordan.**
5. **Haifa would be a free port, Jaffa's future would be discussed later.**
6. **Jerusalem would have a special Government under the United Nations to ensure the safety of the holy places.**
7. **The Jewish and Arab States would form a Central Committee to arbitrate on any differences between them.**
8. **This Committee would also coordinate the foreign, defence and economic policy of the two States.**
9. **If this Committee was unable to settle differences between the two states it should refer the matters to the United Nations Trusteeship Council.**

IMMIGRATION

10. Immigration: The Jewish State would have the right of immigration on the assumption that it was independent on the territory allotted to it. This however, must depend on the economic absorption of the land as stipulated in United Nations laws.

Count Bernadotte left Rhodes today for Jerusalem but expect to return tomorrow, Reuters' Rhodes despatches said.

An announcement from his headquarters said the Count had been asked to go to Jerusalem by Col Brunnson, his representative there "to complete a number of announcements which had been under negotiations during the early part of the truce".

SELECT WAR-LEADER NOW

PARIS, July 1. (Reuter): M. Paul Reynaud, Prime Minister in 1940, strongly attacked the Government's military policy when the National Assembly today resumed discussion of the budget estimates for the armed forces. "The French Army still functions today according to out-of-date instructions dating from August 1936, in which the words "armoured divisions" and "attack aircraft" are not even mentioned", he said.

M. Reynaud also asked that the Commander who would lead the French armies in time of war should be chosen immediately.

BRITISH PACIFIC FLEET FOR SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, July 1 (Reuter): The arrival of Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, Commander-in-Chief, British pacific Fleet, in Singapore today from Hongkong marked the formal transfer of his headquarters to Singapore.

The fleet will continue to be based on Hongkong, but for the purposes of improved liaison its headquarters will be established in Singapore alongside the headquarters of the Far East land forces and the Far East Air Command.

U. S. WARSHIPS FOR MIDDLE EAST

WASHINGTON, July 1. (Reuter): Three United States navy ships including a small carrier will visit Mediterranean and Persian Gulf ports between July 18 and September 15 the Navy Department announced today.

TEHERAN, July 1. (Reuter): A new Persian air company, "Eagle Airlines", with British pilots and crews, provided by the British Overseas Airways Corporation, has begun operations between Teheran, Abadan, Isfahan, Meshed, Babulsar.

New Turn In City Sweepers' Strike

UNION RESOLVES NOT TO OPPOSE ADJUDICATION

One Killed In Police Firing On Processionists

BOMBAY, Thursday:

One woman was killed and four persons sustained injuries this afternoon as a result of police opening fire on a crowd of the striking sweepers of the Bombay Municipality who tried to go in a procession demanding the release of their arrested comrades.

This was the climax to a day of hectic activity both on the part of the strikers as well as the Government and Municipal authorities.

Nearly 6,000 workers, mostly from the Conservancy Department joined in the strike. A few workers from other departments also threw in their lot with the strikers.

Mr. B. R. Patel, Municipal Commissioner informed a representative of this paper that notices would be issued on the strikers calling upon them to join duty by 1-30 p.m. (Bombay Time) today (Friday). If they fail to do so their salary for the month of May will be withheld.

He also said that the legal aspect of the question of asking them to vacate Municipal premises occupied by them was being considered.

STRIKE TO END TODAY

There apppears to be a distinct possibility of the strike terminating today, because the Central Strike Committee of the Bombay Presidency Swwepers' Union which met in the evening passed a length resolution in which they expressed their "resolve" not to oppose the adjudication machinery set up by Government.

The Committee also expressed its appreciation of the efforts of the Minister for Labour and invited him to attend a meeting of workers called for 4 p.m. "so that the committee might get some light from him as to how best to remove the deadlock".

The Committee further asserted that it had no political affiliation whatsoever, that the scavengers were fighting for a purely economic issue and requested the Government not to exercise force to make the workers accept adjudication.

The Municipal corporation which considered the strike at its meeting resolved to set up an informal committee of seven persons to assist the Municipal Commissioner in handling the situation from day to day. The preponderance of opinion at the meeting seemed to be against the strikers, although there was considerable sympathy for their demands.

SEARCH FOR SUBSTITUTES

Among other things the Municipal authorities are stated to be

(Continued on Page 7)

Mountbatten For Moscow?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 1.

While Lord Mountbatten is anxious to return to the Navy, his ambition being to become the First Lord of Admiralty, the job from which his father had to resign in 1914 because he happened to be of German origin, political circles here feel that his sparkling personality should be used for diplomatic service. It is seriously suggested he should be sent to Moscow as British Ambassador. It is believed Lord Mountbatten, though opposed to the acceptance of political appointments may agree to take up Moscow assignment if thereby he can help to ease the present Anglo-Soviet tension.

EX-PREMIER ABSCONDS

Siamese Police Hunt For King Ananda's Assassins

BANGKOK, July 1 (Reuter): Pridi Panomyong, former Siamese Premier, accused of complicity in the murder of King Ananda Mahidol 2 years ago, was today reported to be taking refuge at Stahip naval station on the Gulf of Siam.

Unconfirmed reports said he arrived there by a flying boat which made a secret landing near the station last night.

A warrant for his arrest was issued by the Siamese police on Tuesday. They are also hunting for his secretary.

Earlier reports had said the pair were at Macao, Portuguese China.

It was officially announced last week that 6 persons would stand trial for the King's assassination.

In addition to Pridi, the accused included Nai Chaleo Uratumaot, the dead King's Secretary, and two young palace pages.

Press reports added that the former Premier Dhamrong Navasvasti, who is also wanted, was also in hiding.

When Scavengers Down Brooms & Baskets

WORKERS OF THE CONSERVANCY STAFF OF THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY WENT ON STRIKE ON THURSDAY. THESE PICTURES SHOW HEAPS OF GARBAGE ON THE ROAD SIDE.

OPENING TODAY 4 P.M.

MUSIC & MELODY
Interpret
the Language of LOVE!

WAHAB PRODUCTION presents
SHAHNAZ
FORTHCOMING RELEASE

BEGUM PARA, ALTAF, MUSTAFA, SHANTA PATEL, NIHAL, SHEIKH and others
Director SHEIKH
Music: AMIRBAI KARNATAKI
Produced by: MEHBOOB BALEBHAI

CAPITOL
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-35 p.m.
Sun Mat. 1 p.m.
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30 & 3-30 to 5-30

TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Match for Bene-Israel girl age 22, from Poona preferred. Apply to Box No. 9097 Bombay Chronicle.

Educated beautiful stylish Gujrati Lady (30) desires marriage with rich high caste Gujrati gentleman about 35 willing to provide substantially for her. Apply Box No. 9072 "Bombay Chronicle".

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated & pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

PERSONAL ADLETS

Dear Santosh-Return home immediately. All very much distressed. No cause for dejection. Be wise. H. L. Soni. (9076)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Doctor to conduct dispensary, Thakurdwar, mornings. Three hours. Communicate honorarium acceptable Box No. 9096, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Aircraft Engineer with A & C licence on DC 3 for Training on DC 4. Minimum two years contract, Apply General Manager, Bharat Airways Ltd., 4, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta. (462)

Wanted a Professor of Marathi and a Professor of Ardha-Magadhi, First Class M.A.'s or Second Class M.A.'s with five years' experience of teaching. Post Intermediate classes should apply to the Principal D. A. V. College, Sholapur, stating age, academic qualifications, teaching experience, present salary and published research work if any before July 7. (461)

Commerce Graduate (B. Com), preferably Gujarati Speaking for a daily newspaper. Good prospects Apply Box No. 1001 "Bombay Chronicle".

Immediately wanted Gujarati Graduate Teachers of History Geography and Languages: also Drawing teachers and P. T. Instructors. Good pay and allowances. Apply personally. Principal, R. A. Vidyalaya. 9042

Wanted a Stall Clerk for our Railway Bookstall at Belgaum. Minimum Qualification, S.S.L.C. Pay Rs. 30/- plus usual Dearness Allowance and 3 per cent commission. Cash Security of Rs. 500/- essential. Apply to Higginbothams Mount Road, Madras. 431

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions Daver's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for New Session commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, and General Commerce Etc. Tuition personal or Postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (9086)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D Com., Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. (8943A)

Get Medical Diploma at Home:- Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Barnala (Patiala). 9087

MEDICAL ADLETS

Asthma-Specific. A most powerful and highly effective medicine which relieves the dreaded disease permanently only by one dose to be taken on Purnima (full moon) dated 21-7-48. Apply at once: Chitrakot Shubh Chintak Karyalaya, P.O. Box No. 17, Jubbulpore. (9094)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted capable and influential Sole Agents and Canvassing Agents to sell our High Grown Nilgiri teas on liberal commission. Particulars from P.O. Box No. 148, Coimbatore. 9070

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE

Typewriters, latest models, all popular makes, Portable and Standard. Attractive prices. Repairs undertaken. Visit Universal Typewriter Company, Dadysett House, Second floor, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay." (8939)

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

Mercury Town Sedan (1947) Latest Model manufactured imported December 1947 prior prohibition importation large motor cars. Condition new. Apply Box No. 378 'Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

High Class Herbert Capstan, Turret Lathes, modern all Automatic Radial Drilling, Boring, Steel Cutting Heavy Band Saw, Wood Working 36" Band Saws, Circular Saw Bench, Plaining, Thickening, Mortising. Twin Spindle Moulding all Foreign Ex-Stock. Dinshaw & Co., 105, Apollo St., Bombay. (355A)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Kashmir, Pure Kashmir silk hand made 45" wide 3/12/- yard delivered any place in India, please send orders to Eastern 9071

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC AUCTION

5 MOTOR CARS, 2 Jeeps, 1 Lorry, 58 Horses, 12 Ekkas, 2 Victorias, 5 Fetins, 5 Sigrams, 1 Zula Gadi, Tents, Bullocks, Bullock-carts, accoutrements, etc. belonging to the Riyasat, Topkhana and Public Works Departments of the Palanpur State are to be disposed of by Public Auction. The public auction will be held at Palanpur on Saturday the 10th July, 1948, at 8-0 a.m. at the Riyasat Office in the presence of the undersigned. Those who desire to purchase any of the things specified above should remain present on Saturday the 10th July, 1948, at 8 a.m. at the Riyasat Office.

The terms of the auction will be read out before the auction takes place.

Those who want to see the Motor Cars, Horses, Tents, etc. personally before the date of auction, can do so in consultation with the Riyasat Officer, Palanpur State, on any working day prior to 10-7-48.

V. V. SOLANKI.
Administrator,
Palanpur State.

Palanpur, 28-6-1948. 456

DISPOSALS

TENDERS are invited for the purchase and removal of the following motor launch ex: site:—

DESCRIPTION:	
Motor Launch	'RAHMANI'
Length	36'-0"
Breadth	8'-6"
Depth	4'-3"
Engine 4 cylinder	40 H. P., Diesel.

Makers: W. H. Dorman.

Engine recently overhauled and is lying in R.I.N. Workshop, H. M. I. Dockyard and will be fitted in the Launch at the time of delivery.

Location: H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay.

SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE: RCS/VAR/60603/73/5

RESERVE PRICE: Rs. 3,500/-

LAST DUE DATE: 19.7.1948.

Tenders will be opened in public at 11.00 a.m. on the 20.7.48.

Offers must be submitted, in tender forms obtainable from this Office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (which is not refundable), in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with above tender No. and due date.

Offers should remain open for acceptance upto the 20.8.48.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10 per cent of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve/Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury under Head of Account 'Revenue Deposits' in favour of Regional Commissioner Disposals, Bombay. Tender not accompanied by Treasury/Bank Receipt will be ignored.

CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quality or suitability of the launch. Sale will be subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117.

Permits to inspect the stores at site, can be obtained from Commodore, in Charge, R. I. N. Vithal House, Mint Road, Bombay.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER,
(Disposals),
Mercantile Chambers,
Graham Road,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay.
Tel. No. 30041.

(457)

SECRETARY, WEST PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE

INVITES APPLICATIONS for a permanent post of ASSISTANT ACCOUNTS OFFICER IN P.W.D. ELECTRICITY, West Punjab, on prescribed forms (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury or M.O. receipt for Rs. 5/- (War service candidates pay no fee and if serving overseas may apply on plain paper giving full details if prescribed forms not available). Last date for applications, 2nd August, 1948. Qualifications. (i) Graduate of a recognised University with thorough training in Public Works and commercial accounts (ii) At least 10 years working experience preferably in a big electrical supply undertaking; (iii) A Chartered Accountant having experience of commercial concern preferred. Eligibility: No restriction regarding Nationality or domicile. Age:—Preferably not more than 35 years on 1st August, 1948. Pay: (Subject to revision on recommendations of Pakistan Pay Commission) Rs. 500-35-850. Higher initial pay according to qualifications and experience. Government servants eligible and if having over 20 years experience of account matter, academic qualifications and training in P. W. accounts may be relaxed in their favour. Candidates who applied for this post in January-February, last need not apply again but should intimate their present address. Further particulars on application. 453

NOTICE

TWO HUNDRED SHARES Nos. 5231701/900 of the Indian Copper Corporation Limited registered in the name of Gulam Mohamad Pirmohamad in the books of the said Company and the Certificate of the title thereto No. A-85324 has been LOST.

The Public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said Certificate.

Application has been made to the Company for the issue of a fresh certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificate is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Champaklal Bhaidas Kapadia,
Share Brokers,
Limdachowk, SURAT.

Dated 2nd July, 1948. (9085)

PUBLIC NOTICES

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & SUPPLY

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES.

APPLICATIONS are being received in large numbers in this office for licences to export different items falling under Part C of the schedule to the Export Trade Control Notification. The export of these items, most of which are in short supply, can be allowed only in limited quantities. It has therefore, been decided to advertise for application for licence to export the following materials to all permissible destinations including Pakistan:—

(1) Manufactures of Iron & Steel such as C.I. Pans, G.I. Buckets and Hardware including small tools.

(2) Manufactures of Aluminium, Brass and Copper.

(3) Wood preservatives (Coal Tar and Creosote) and their mixtures.

Applications in the form attached should be received in this office on or before the 10th of each month in the form annexed. All applications received by the due date will be considered together and allotment made taking the supply position of the materials into consideration giving preference to manufacturers and applicants who have been in the business before. Late applications will not be considered under any circumstances.

(Sd.) J. C. GHOSH
Director General, Industries and Supplies.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR THE EXPORT OF CONTROLLED ARTICLES.

1. Name of the applicant.
2. Address.
3. Description of the articles desired to be exported:—(a) Name of store, (b) whether indigenous or imported, (c) If imported name of country of origin, and (d) whether made of scrap or virgin metal.
4. Quantity applied for (a) Numbers, (b) Weight, (c) Value.
5. Destination to which export is desired and name and address of the consignee.
6. Whether any confirmed sale has been effected in respect of quantities applied for; if so evidence should be produced.
7. Whether any letter of credit has been opened for the consignment; if so, evidence should be produced.
8. If the applicant is a manufacturer, evidence of production during the last calendar year in terms of the quantities mentioned against item 4, duly certified by the appropriate Provincial Government authority, should be produced, and source of supply of raw materials.
9. Is the applicant a public Co., a private Co., a partnership or an individual Firm.
10. Names of Proprietors|Partners|Directors.
11. Year and Date of establishment of the Company|Partnership|firm.
12. State whether the applicant has branches at other ports, if so, details including addresses and also whether these Branches concerns have also applied for quotas for the commodity now applied for, should be given.
13. State whether the applicant has any business or offices in foreign countries; if so, their details. Also state whether the head office of the firm is located and in which country the firm was incorporated.
14. Main business of the applicant. (Full details of items at present interested in should be given). The previous export figure of the commodity now applied for.
15. State the names of the countries, if any, with which the concern has trade relations and also the names of the commodities and the extent of business.
    (1) As exporter:
    (2) as importer:
16. Bankers.
17. Income-tax last paid or assessed (Amount-Year-Place)
18. Whether the applicant is an established quota holder of any commodities; if so, the names of the commodities, the quantities and destination (so concerned should be given)
19. Whether the applicant has ever exported in the past the goods for which he is applying now; if so, when and for how much.
20. Whether any person or persons mentioned in item 10 above has or have any connection with any other firm applying for export licence; if so, state the name or names of the firms|partners directors' names, and commodities and destinations, for which applications have been submitted by them.
21. Whether anyone connected with the applicant's firm is an employee of any other firm which is an established export quota holder or is applying for a quota now.
22. Whether the applicant is a member of any recognised Chamber of Commerce or Trade Association. If so, particulars should be given.
23. State in which of the following capacities is the applicant doing business:
    Exporter
    Importer
    Wholesaler
    Commission Agent
    Indentor
    Managing Agents

I declare that what has been stated above is correct.

SIGNATURE.

No.
Date

N.B.—

(1) If the application is incomplete or defective in any respect, it is liable to be rejected summarily.

(2) Applicants supplying false or incorrect information will be debarred from receiving quotas in future.

(3) In the case of coal tar, please state the name of the original producers from whom the article has been secured originally and whether it is in stock with the applicant.

(4) Separate applications should be submitted for each category of stores.

(5) Submission of application does not automatically entitle the applicant for grant of export licence.

(6) Government will not take cognizance of previous commitments of applicants with consignees. Each case will be considered on its merits. (459)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our Mr. POPATLAL G. LAKHANI has RETIRED from our firm of Messrs. POPATLAL & JIVABHAI, Solicitors, Alli Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay as from the 30th day of June, 1948.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1948.

POPATLAL & JIVABHAI
Solicitors.

(463)

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 74612 in respect of one Ordinary share No. 577382 standing in the name of Bai Mamabai Vasanji Damji and Bai Laxmibai Vasanji Damji and Share Certificate No. 74724 in respect of one Ordinary Share No. 577922 standing in the name of Bai Manbai Hirji Jetha in the books of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., (in voluntary Liquidation) have been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay, No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Sd. MAMABAI V. DAMJI
LAXMIBAI V. DAMJI
MANBAI H. JETHA.

Dated: 2nd July 1948. 9089

TENDER NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED invites tenders before 20th July, 1948, for the purchase and removal of a number of empty Wooden Cases of different sizes lying at the Government Grain Godown at DeLisle Road, Lower Parel, Bombay. Tender forms can be had during working hours from the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

M. B. SALVI,
Controller of Government Grain Shops,
New India Assurance Building,
Fort, Bombay. 454

MINERVA MILLS LIMITED

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 15th July, 1948 to MONDAY, the 19th July, 1948, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director,

For Minerva Mills, Ltd.,
Per Pro. N. Sirur & Co. Ltd.
MANAGING AGENTS.

Registered Office:—
Temple Bar Building,
70, Forbes Street,
Fort, Bombay.
28th June, 1948. 455

PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 14688/151.—With reference to his notification No. 30390 151-Imp., dated 19th December 1947, and in exercise of the powers conferred on him under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, makes the following new rules after taking into consideration, the objections received:—

RULE 69.—The parking of vehicles on Gawalia Tank Road from its junction with Kemp's Corner to its junction with Nana's Chowk shall be regulated on the unilateral system of parking, i.e., when the dates of the month according to the Christian Calendar are even, parking shall be on the South side and when the dates are odd parking shall be on the North side.

J. S BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 9th June 1948. 471

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 6th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) in the compound of Dawn Mills at Ferguson Road, Parel on account of the Insurance Office concerned 53 Khandi Cotton Mixing (Bengal, C. P. 2, Jarilla & N.T.) damaged by fire and water.

MENESSE & CO.

Heated Scene At I. L. O. Conference

Italian Delegate Attacks Labour Policy Of India

SANFRANCISCO, July 1 (Reuter): A violent attack on the Governments of Chile, Greece and India, by M. Giuseppe di Vittorio of Italy, caused a heated scene at a plenary session of the International Labour Organisation conference yesterday.

At one stage, several delegates were shouting and waving their arms and seemed likely to come to blows.

M. Di Vittorio, who spoke in French accused the three Governments of "Fascism". He said that a wave of reaction throughout the world had been started by the enactment, in the United States, of a law which crippled the workers right to strike.

"In Chile", said M. Di Vittorio, "mine workers are forced to labour by terrorism, and there are concentration camps for workers generally...."

At this point, M. Bernardo Aguila Ibanez, President of the Inter-American Confederation of Workers, leapt to his feet protesting loudly in Spanish.

The President, M. Justin Godart of France, ordered M. Di Vittorio not to attack other countries.

M. Di Vittorio continued "there are also many violations of trade unions rights in other lands, such as India."

RANGA'S DENIAL

All business was suspended while the altercation continued for about five minutes.

The noise was so great that a shouted protest by Professor N. G. Ranga, Secretary of the Congress Party in the Indian Parliament, could scarcely be heard.

"I protest against M. Di Vittorio's allegations. They are untrue". Professor Ranga said.

SINGAPORE, July 1 (Reuter)—Chinese terrorists attacked two Chinese members of the British colonial service last night near Telok Anson, Perak, killing one and wounding the other.

Commons 'No Sur

Berlin Will Starve R

LONDON, J

Continuing his speech in t of Commons on the Berlin Mr Bevin, the British Foreig ter, said:

"If the Russians intend starvation of two and a ha people, in order to produce c I presume, revolt t put pres the allies with wh they ha in the war and loyally ca their part, the B t's G cannot submit to " (che

"I am assured t our and French allies as su (cheers).

"We cannot abandon the hearted Berlin democrats wh fusing to submit to Soviet The morale of the large Berlin tion is excellent and determi put up with any privation rat submit to Russian dominatio must carry our fullest support

"In the steps we have t dealing with these matters w been in close consultation wi French and United States ments. The Dominion Gove have of course been kept fully med

ALL ALIVE

"We have given full inform the Commonwealth High sioners in London. Thus ever fully alive to the issues involv

"It is obvious that consulta chinery should be established the three Governments fully

"The representatives of the States, French and British ments are meeting frequentl don in accordance with th ments of the situation.

We are fully conscious of that is before us and of rances that may be put in The British Government ha to make available all possib ces and the United States put at the disposal of this effort very large resources i

"The purpose of this decis prevent a stoppage of tra freight and so render ineffec imposition of restrictions on of foodstuffs, etc. to Berlin

"Plans for this great air l gone ahead with great speed results that can be achieve likely to exceed our first exp

"We recognise as a result decisions a grave situation arise. Should such a situat we shall have to ask the H face it.

"The British Government Western Allies can see no a between that and surrender— of us can accept surrende cheers).

REFERENCE TO U.N

"The United States Go like ourselves, regard the p Berlin as based upon defin ments and their intention in Berlin is unchanged."

Dealing with suggestions Berlin situation should be the United Nations, Mr E "The charter requires tha steps be taken before this r be referred. It is to be deplore tween Governments as a fai

"The first step that has to is to make arrangements to two and half million peop sector in Berlin.

As soon as restrictions a ference with Berlin comm are withdrawn then this crisis will be at an end.

"The Berlin people can food and coal and other are all waiting in the and can be moved at o

"As soon as land and munications either singly are opened we shall pro it with great speed and terioration of health an the people.

We have heard this

FUTURE OF WESTERN GER

Premiers To Be Asked To Call C Assembly

BERLIN, July 1 (Reuter) : Premiers of the 11 German provincial states in the three western zones will be asked at Frankfurt today to call a Constituent Assembly to put into effect the terms for Western Germany's future, laid down at the recent six-power conference in London.

The proposal to be presented formally by the Military Governors of the Western zones—General Sir Brian Robertson, General Pierre Koening for France and General Lucius D. Clay for the United States,—provides for resumption by German federation of state of most internal responsibilities now held by the several military governments.

It is understood that the occupying powers insist that the Germans choose an executive with strictly defined duties, and that they set up an independent supreme court with power to review federal legislation and settle disputes between states — after the model of the United States high court.

The new constitution, it is stated, requires a two-chamber legislature, but limits federal jurisdiction to administration and tax raising and excludes education, religious, cultural life and welfare matters, except for co-ordination.

SUPPLIES POURING IN

The floodlights of the British sector's Gatow airport went off at dawn today, but the roar of aircraft landing and taking off again in the round-the-clock air lift of civilian supplies into Berlin continued.

Eight flour-laden British Dakotas landed between ten thirty and eleven p.m. last night as "Operation Carter Paterson" got into stride. Two tons of food in each plane were unloaded in five minutes on an average.

The operation, a tish Carter Pat bewildered Berli name, unknown British He which is quick the great Am both number cargo, were e near Hanover. It will be m operation and Tempelhof or

Ameri Must F ers—Dewe

ALBANY York Gov speaking for Thomas told a ch America venting fr The R minee s world a tes of will le path o "The almos rica, future the hopes We over the two Dewey sp

steps of th capitol, whe under simil third time h choice to op Roosevelt.

With the foe m were Dulles, Dewey foreign affa fiscals and r legislature.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

THIS IS AN ANNOUNCEMENT AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

"CONSENT of the Central Government has been obtained to the issue of this capital, by an order of which a complete copy is open to inspection at the head office of the Company, subject to the condition that the capital raised shall not be expended except for purposes connected with the establishment of a paper mill in the C. P., and that so much of the capital raised as cannot be spent until the time has come to pay for imported machinery, or until a later date shall be invested and kept invested meanwhile in the manner prescribed. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them"

THE NATIONAL NEWSPRINT & PAPER MILLS LIMITED

A COPY OF THE PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, BOMBAY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1 SETH DHARAMSEY M. KHATAU, Director: Khatau Makanji Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd., The Tata Mills Co., Ltd., The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd., Associated Cement Companies Ltd., Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., The Central Bank of India Ltd., The Cement Marketing Company of India Ltd., Air Services of India Ltd., Mulraj Khatau & Sons, Ltd., National Information & Publications Ltd., etc., Bombay.
*2 K. SRINIVASAN, Esq., Managing Editor, "The Hindu" Madras.
*3 SURESH MUZUMDAR, Esq., Managing Editor, "Ananda Bazar Patrika", Calcutta.
4 A. H. WADIA, Esq., Director: Associated Cement Companies Ltd., Tata Power Co., Ltd., United Commercial Bank Ltd., Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., etc., Bombay.
5 COL. Sir KAILAS NARAIN HAKSAR, Kt., C.I.E., L.L.D., Director: Associated Hotels of India Ltd., National Information & Publications Ltd., etc., New Delhi.
6 Sir SAMUEL RUNGANADHAN, Formerly High Commissioner for India in London, Madras.
7 Sir IQBAL AHMED, Retired Chief Justice, the Allahabad High Court, Lucknow.
8 Sjt. RAMNATH GOENKA, Director: Express Newspapers Ltd., etc., Madras.
9 Brig. J. F. BOWTELL-HARRIS, O.B.E., M.C., Aurangabad.
10 His Highness Raja Bahadur BIRENDRA, BAHADUR SINGH, Ruler, Khairagarh State (E.S.A.), Khairagarh.
11 Shri LAKHPAT RAI, M.A. (Oxford), B.Sc., I.F.S., (Government Director), Chief Conservator of Forests, C. P. & Berar Government, Nagpur.
12 Dr. K. A. NARAIN RAO, F.R.I.C., D.I.C. (Govt. Director)Secretary, Industries & Commerce Dept., C. P. & Berar Government, Nagpur.
13 Mr. GOVERDHANDAS AGGARWAL, (Ex-Officio) Director: National Information & Publications Ltd., Bombay.
14 Mrs. KUSUM NAIR, (Ex-Officio,) Director: National Information & Publications Ltd., Nair Press Syndicate Ltd., Bombay.
15 Mr. P. N. NAIR, (Ex-Officio) Director: National Information & Publications Ltd., Nair Press Syndicate Ltd., Bombay.

* Joined the Board of Directors of the Company after the Prospectus was filed with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay.

NOTE—Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, C.I.E., formerly a Director, resigned on his appointment as Governor of Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE
NATIONAL HOUSE, 6, Tulloch Road, Apollo Bunder Bombay 1.

MANAGING AGENTS
NAIR PRESS SYNDICATE LTD., National House, 6, Tulloch Road, Apollo Bunder, BOMBAY 1.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS
Messrs. ROBERT A. RANKIN & CO.,
1420, Sherbrooke St., West, Montreal 25, CANADA.

AUDITORS
Messrs. Batliboi & Purohit, Registered Accountants.
National Insurance Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SOLICITORS
Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Company,
N. M. Wadia Building, 124, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKERS
The Imperial Bank of India.
The Central Bank of India Ltd.
The United Commercial Bank Ltd.
The Bharat Bank Ltd.
The Canara Bank Ltd.
The Comilla Banking Corporation Ltd.

BROKERS
1. Messrs. BATLIVALA & KARANI, Dalal Street, BOMBAY 1.
2. Messrs. CHITRA & CO., Armenian Street, MADRAS.
3. Messrs. SOHANLAL PACHISIA & CO., 9 Royal Exchange Place, CALCUTTA.
4. G. L. KAPOUR, Esq., Kashmiri Gate, Delhi.
5. M. N. HERLEKAR, Esq., Dhantoli, NAGPUR.

AGREEMENT WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR

An agreement has been arrived at between the Company on the one hand, and the Government of Central Provinces and Berar on the other, of which the main features are as follows :—

Government is to subscribe in cash for shares of the Company of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000 (Rupees ten lakhs)

In addition the Company will allot, and give to the Government Ordinary Shares of the face value of Rs. 5,00,000, (Rupees five lakhs only) in consideration of certain important concessions, facilities and privileges for the efficient and economic running of the industry.

Forests: "The Government shall lease out to the Company each year for the next 40 years.... 1,500 acres of land from such areas as may be selected by the Company from Government's reserved forests .... containing..... trees suitable for newsprint so that the total area to be leased to the Company in 40 years shall be 60,000 acres.... The lease shall be for a term of 90 years.... The Company shall be free to develop its leasehold land on an agri-silvicultural basis and any income derived from such agri-silvicultural operation shall belong to the Company..... In the lands to be leased to the Company no Royalty shall be paid by the Company on trees grown by the Company....."

Raw Materials: "THE GOVERNMENT HEREBY GUARANTEES TO THE COMPANY THAT ITS FULL REQUIREMENTS OF...TREES FOR THE PURPOSES OF ITS BUSINESS WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE AND SUPPLIED TO THE COMPANY....".

Water and Transport: "The Government shall grant to the Company the right and privilege of free use of water from the Tapti or other river, stream or nalla..... the right to float or otherwise transport.... raw materials and manufactured and other goods up and down the Tapti river and its tributaries free of any charge."

Electricity: "The Government shall supply to the Company the requisite electricity for Power and Lighting purposes and Steam for processing, from the Provincial Grid System and later on from the Hydro-Electric Plant....."

Monopoly: "THE GOVERNMENT SHALL NOT FOR A PERIOD OF 25 YEARS FROM THE DATE HEREOF PERMIT WITHIN CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR ANY OTHER PERSON, FIRM, COMPANY OR CORPORATION TO MANUFACTURE NEWSPRINT, NOR GRANT ANY MONOPOLY OR EXCLUSIVE LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO ANYBODY FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY ARTICLES OR MATERIALS ALLIED OR SIMILAR TO THE SAID PRODUCT WITHOUT GIVING THE COMPANY THE FIRST OPTION TO ACQUIRE SUCH MONOPOLY, EXCLUSIVE LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE....."

Government will have the right to nominate two officers on the Board of Directors of the Company. These Government Directors will not be liable to retirement by rotation.

Preference will be given to persons domiciled and firms established in Central Provinces and Berar in the allotment of 40 per cent. of the issued Capital of the Company, provided their applications are received within three weeks of the date of issue of the Capital for public subscription.

The list will open on 2nd July, 1948, and will close at the discretion of the Directors. In the case of residents in the Central Provinces and Berar, however, it will be kept open for at least three weeks from the opening date.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 5,00,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,50,00,000

Divided into 15,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each payable as under:

With application ... ... Rs. 2-8-0 per share
On allotment ... ... Rs. 2-8-0 per share

The balance of Rs. 5 per share in such calls as may be determined by the Directors, provided that no call shall exceed 1/4 of the nominal amount of the shares and that there should be an interval of at least two months between two calls.

OUT OF THE ABOVE 15,00,000 SHARES, 5,50,000 SHARES TO THE VALUE OF RS. 55,00,000 HAVE ALREADY BEEN SUBSCRIBED AND ALLOTTED. THE REMAINING 9,50,000 SHARES ARE NOW OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC. Preference will be given to persons domiciled and firms established in the Central Provinces and Berar in the allotment of 40% of the Issued Share Capital of the Company, provided their applications are received within three weeks from the date of the issue of the shares for public subscription.

Of the above allotted shares 50,000 shares of the face value of Rs. 5,00,000 have been allotted and given to the Government of Central Provinces and Berar for considerations other than cash in addition to the shares worth Rs. 10,00,000 for which the said Government has paid in cash, under the agreement arrived at between the said Government and the Company the main features of which appear elsewhere in the announcement

OBJECTS AND PROSPECTS

THE COMPANY has been formed to manufacture and sell newsprint and generally to carry on all or any of the objects and purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association of the Company. Newsprint—the special paper used for printing newspapers—is an essential commodity in the life of any nation. But up to now, India has been 100% dependent upon foreign sources. Nepamills will be India's first Newsprint Mill.

Between 1930 and 1939, India's imports of newsprint increased from 20,000 tons per annum to 32,000 tons—1937-8 being a peak consumption year with 37,400 tons. During the War, the demand for newsprint increased substantially. The Controller of Newsprint, Government of India, estimates the present potential demand at 90,000 tons per annum. It is certain that the country-wide increase in literacy will result in a future demand much in excess of this figure. Due to acute world shortage of this commodity, however, India is able to import only a fraction of her requirements. During the year 1947 she could secure only 30,000 tons of newsprint.

Government Guarantee

Subsequent to the filing of the Company's prospectus with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay, and as a result of negotiations carried on, the Government of C.P. and Berar has, further to its participation in the Company's issued capital as described in the prospectus, guaranteed that the Capital not subscribed by the public within the prescribed period will be provided by the said Government.

In return for this concession, the Managing Agents have agreed to give the Government a four-annas share in the Managing Agency benefits. If the guarantee results in a demand on Government to the extent of Rs. 50 lakhs and if the demand on Government exceeds this amount, Government will be entitled to a further share of one anna for every additional Rs. 10 lakhs or part thereof Government is called upon to provide, subject to a maximum in all of eight annas share in the Managing Agency benefits.

In Canada, Newfoundland and Scandinavia—the homes of this industry—spruce, fir and other coniferous trees, supply the principal raw material for the manufacture of newsprint. In India, these trees grow only in inaccessible mountain regions. This has rendered manufacture from them an impracticable proposition. Recent research has shown, however, that newsprint can be made from a species of broadleafed soft wood tree which grows abundantly in the forests of Central India. Samples of this wood have been sent for exhaustive tests to the Pulp & Paper Research Institute of Canada—that Country being one of the largest manufacturers of newsprint in the world. Extensive research was carried out by Dr. W. Boyd Campbell himself, Director of Technical Research of the Institute. These tests have established beyond doubt that newsprint manufactured from Indian resources will be of a quality equal to that produced anywhere in the world.

The particular tree which is to be used for conversion into groundwood pulp is found in abundance in the Tapti Valley of the Central Provinces. The factory will be located in the heart of the selected forests, a few miles from Burhanpur on the River Tapti. This will ensure proximity to the principal raw material, and a plentiful supply of water all the year round—essential to the process of paper making. The factory will also be situated on the main G. I. P. line from Bombay to Delhi thus enjoying the benefit of railway sidings and other transport facilities.

In the development of this industry of national importance, the Government of Central Provinces and Berar is taking an active part and has guaranteed the supply of raw materials from its forests and granted a monopoly to the Company for manufacture of newsprint for a period of 25 years.

The Government of C. P. and Berar has also agreed to supply electric power and process steam to the Company at concessional rates.

Messrs. Robert A. Rankin & Co., Consulting Industrial Engineers of Montreal, Canada, have been appointed as the Company's Consultants on the recommendation of the Canadian Government's Department of Trade and Commerce. They have wide experience in this line and have designed and erected several newsprint mills. Complete and detailed plans of Nepamills are being drawn up by the Engineers, and arrangements for the supply of the necessary plant and machinery have already been completed through them. They will not only procure but erect the machinery on the site. They will also provide the necessary technical staff until such time as the Company's own technicians are ready to take charge.

The availability of cheap raw material coupled with the invaluable facilities guaranteed by the Government of C. P. and Berar in the nature of water supply and power will, as estimates show, enable the Company to manufacture newsprint at prices which will compare favourably with those anywhere else in the world. The margin of profit under all circumstances is anticipated to be considerable.

The factory-site is already being cleared and the first consignment of machinery, together with erection staff, is due to arrive in India in November, 1948. It is planned to complete erection of the entire mill by July, 1949 and for production to commence before the end of 1949, with an initial output of 100 tons a day or 30,000 tons a year.

The Company obtained its Commencement of Business Certificate on 7th January, 1948.

NEPAMILLS

QUICK FACTS ABOUT NEPA

- ★ NEPAMILLS will manufacture the first newsprint to be produced in India.
- ★ NEPAMILLS will be India's largest paper mill.
- ★ The total issued capital is one-and-a-half crores. The Company obtained its Commencement of Business Certificate on 7-1-48.
- ★ The project is financially guaranteed by the Government of C.P. and Berar, which has agreed to provide any part of the issued capital not subscribed by the public.
- ★ The Government of C.P. and Berar has already taken up shares to the value of Rs. 15 lakhs.
- ★ The Government of C.P. and Berar has also guaranteed raw materials, water, process steam and electricity.
- ★ The Company has been granted a monopoly to manufacture newsprint in C. P. and Berar for 25 years.
- ★ India needs an estimated quantity of 90,000 tons of newsprint a year. Nepamills plans to produce 30,000 tons a year at the end of 1949.
- ★ The quality and colour of Nepa Newsprint will be of as high a standard as that of imported newsprint.
- ★ Estimates show that the cost of production of Indian newsprint will be as low as that prevailing anywhere else in the world.
- ★ The site for the factory is already being cleared. Roads are being built. Water and electricity are being laid on.
- ★ The programme provides for the arrival of all machinery before June, 1949. It is planned that the first roll of Indian newsprint will be made by the end of 1949.
- ★ It has been the policy of the Company to proceed as far as possible with its plans and preliminary construction work before "going to the public" for finance. Thus subscribers are assured of an early return on their investments. The project is, in fact, already well under way.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment of shares and which in their opinion must be raised in order to provide for the matters referred to in Section 101 of the Indian Companies Act is Rs. 25,00,000

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

THE NAIR PRESS SYNDICATE LTD., are the promoters of the Company and they are meeting all preliminary expenses of, and incidental to, the formation and registration of the Company and also towards the technical research and advice and are entitled to be reimbursed and indemnified against the whole of the expenditure. The Nair Press Syndicate Ltd. are not charging anything for their services as promoters. The preliminary expenses excluding brokerage are estimated not to exceed Rs. 1,00,000.

MANAGING AGENTS AND THEIR REMUNERATION

THE NAIR PRESS SYNDICATE LTD., who have been appointed as the first Managing Agents of the Company, for a period of 20 years from the date of incorporation of the Company, each well claim to be eminently qualified to direct the working of the Company under the Managing Directorship of MR. P. N. NAIR, who has made a special study of the subject of manufacture of paper in general and newsprint in particular. The management of the affairs of the Company is vested in them subject to the control and supervision of the Board of Directors of the Company. The Managing Agents are entitled to nominate Directors not exceeding 1/3 of the total number of Directors of the Company for the time being, but the Managing Agents have however agreed that in no case shall the number of such Directors exceed three in all.

Under the terms of the Agreement entered into between the Company and the Managing Agents, as referred to in Articles 4 and 5 of the Articles of Association, the remuneration payable to the Managing Agents is as under:

(1) An office allowance of Rs. 2,500 per month with effect from the date of incorporation of the Company.
(2) A Commission at the rate of 10% on the net annual profits of the Company, calculated in accordance with Section 87-C (3) of the Indian Companies Act.

The Managing Agents are authorised to sub-delegate all or any of the powers and authorities vested in them and to contract with the Company and also to do any work for the Company in addition to their work as Managing Agents for such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between them and the Directors of the Company.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

MR. P. N. NAIR and MRS. KUSUM NAIR are Directors, and MR. GOVERDHANDAS AGGARWAL, a Member of the Nair Press Syndicate Ltd., and as such they are interested in the remuneration payable to the Nair Press Syndicate Ltd., as the Managing Agents of the Company.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION & REMUNERATION

The qualification of every Director other than an Ex-Officio Director, Debenture Director, Government Director or Technical Director, shall be the holding of Ordinary Shares of the Company of the face value of Rs. 10,000.

A Director's remuneration shall be such a sum as is fixed by the Board of Directors not exceeding Rs. 100 for each meeting attended by him. Besides this, a Director or Directors may be paid an additional remuneration for services rendered by him or them to the Company; and any further remuneration as may be determined by the Company in General Meeting, which shall be divided among the Directors in such manner as may be determined by them or failing such determination equally.

The Directors may allow and pay to a non-resident Director for the purpose of attending a meeting such sum as the Directors may consider fair compensation for his travelling expenses in addition to the remuneration above provided. The Directors may also fix the remuneration to be paid to any member or members of their body constituting a Committee appointed by the Directors under the terms of the articles.

If any Director is willing and is called upon to do extra service or to make special exertions in going to or residing out for the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate such Director either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits as determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration above provided.

RESTRICTIONS ON VOTING AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

The Articles of Association provide that no member shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy or attorney or as a proxy or attorney for any other member or be reckoned in a quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of such member; and that no person who is not a member of the Company and qualified to vote shall be appointed as a proxy, provided that a corporation being a member of the Company may appoint as its proxy, one of its officers who may not be a member of the Company.

Save as aforesaid any member whose name is entered in the Register of members shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class.

The Articles of Association also provide that the Directors may without assigning any reason decline to register any transfer of shares and in particular may so decline to register a transfer in respect of shares upon which the Company has a lien, or whilst the transferer is singly or jointly indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever or where the transferee is not approved by the Directors notwithstanding the fact that the proposed transferee is already a member of the Company. The Directors have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any share or his nominee as if he were a transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Upon a show of hands every member entitled to vote and present in person or by attorney shall have one vote and upon a poll every member entitled to vote and present in person or by attorney or by proxy shall have one vote for every share held by him.

CERTIFICATE OF SHARES

Share certificate will be ready within one year after the date of allotment and within six months after registration of the transfer of shares.

INSPECTION

The following documents can be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company on any business day during office hours:

1. The Agreement between the Company and the Managing Agents, viz., The Nair Press Syndicate Ltd.
2. The Agreement between the Company and the Government of Central Provinces and Berar.
3. The letter of Consent of the Examiner of Capital Issues for the issue of Capital.
4. The Memorandum and the Articles of Association of the Company.

BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION

The Articles of Association provide for payment of commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe or for procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for the Company whether absolutely or conditionally. The Directors have decided that a brokerage upto four annas per share be paid to recognised agents and brokers on applications received through them or bearing their stamps.

APPLICATION FOR DEALING ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Application will at the proper time be made to the local stock Exchange for placing the shares of the Company on the list of shares for which dealings are permitted by the Exchange.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Copies of the prospectus and forms of application for shares can be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company situated at NATIONAL HOUSE, 6 TULLOCH ROAD, APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY, 1.

Why Sir Edward Gent Relinquished Office

DIFFERENCES WITH SERVICE CHIEFS ON ANTI-TERRORIST OPERATIONS

Move To Get Former Members Of Palestine Police Force For Malaya

SINGAPORE, June 30 (Reuter): Differences with service chiefs at Monday's conference at Kuala Lumpur on anti-terrorist operations were believed here tonight to be the final cause of Sir Edward Gent's relinquishment of his post as High Commissioner for the Malayan Federation.

OH FOR A SOLDIER!

Planters and mining men said they hoped his successor would be a soldier.

The "Straits Times" declared that Sir Edward Gent did not take sufficiently far-sighted or realistic view of the violent elements in the Federation or the armed challenge to the planting and mining industries and constitutional Government.

The Malayan Government has been fighting a wave of terrorism which began 7 weeks ago and which caused 13 deaths last week-end.

Sir Edward Gent conferred with Mr. Malcom MacDonald, Commissioner-General for South-East Asia and service chiefs on Monday on future operations against the terrorists.

Sir Edward Gent, who is 55, became High Commissioner when the Malayan Federation came into being on February 1. He had been Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Malayan Union.

Sir Edward Gent Leaves Colombo For London

COLOMBO, July 1 (Reuter): Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya, left here for London early today after being delayed here by engine trouble in the special R.A.F. York plane bringing him home for consultations with the Colonial Office. Sir Edward was the guest of Sir Henry Monk Mason Moore, Governor-General of Ceylon during his stay.

COMMUNISTS BEHIND MALAYA TROUBLE

In an interview yesterday, the High Commissioner declared there is definite evidence of Communist influence behind the organised gangsterism that terrorises the population of Malaya.

The main purpose of terrorism in Malaya appeared to be to create panic among the people and disorganise the rubber industry, he added. He was confident that order would be restored soon in Malaya as military and police forces were actively co-operating.

Banishment Of British Residents From Malaya

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): Mr. Daniel Pritt, Independent Labour, asked in the House of Commons today what powers had been conferred on the Governments of Singapore or Malaya to banish from those colonies British subjects resident there; and whether the Colonial Secretary would advise the Governors that such powers should not be exercised.

Mr. David Rees Williams, Under-Secretary for the Colonies, replied: "The law in force in the Malay States permits the banishment of any person in a state from Federation territory.

The law in force in the British settlements of Penang and Malacca, which are now part of the Federation, permits the banishment of only those persons who are not natural-born British subjects.

"Since the two settlements were joined constitutionally with the states the practice throughout the Federation has been to take action against aliens only.

"Experience has shown that there are certain persons of British nationality who are abusing the hospitality of the country and have been concerned in fomenting or perpetrating violence.

"It has been decided therefore that, as a matter of policy, proceedings under the Banishment Law in force in the states may be taken against British subjects who do not belong to Malaya.

'That will mean, in general, that persons who are not citizens of the Federation will be liable to deportation, and legislation will be introduced in the case of the settlements to permit the same policy to be followed there.

"In the case of Singapore, the law does not permit the deportation of British subjects and it is not at present proposed to make any change".

AUGMENTING POLICE FORCE IN MALAYA

Asked by Mr. Walter Fletcher, Conservative, what was being done to augment the police forces in Malaya, Mr. Rees Williams replied: "In the Federation of Malaya a force of special constabulary is being rapidly organised and enrolment is going ahead.

The Government of the Federation has decided to increase the police force by the recruitment and training of local personnel.

"Some civil officers are being diverted from ordinary duties to assist in the administrative work of the police force, and for organising and directing the special constabulary.

"The formation of a frontier force or gendarmerie for the northern frontier is being considered.

EX-PALESTINE POLICE FOR MALAYA?

"Both Governments are seeking the advice of Mr. W. N. Gray, lately Inspector-General of Police, Palestine, as to whether recruitment of former members of the Palestine Police Force would be advantageous".

Mr. Ernest Bramall, Labour, asked whether the Minister was aware that a number of Australians had recently been appointed as tax officials in Malaya and if this was in accordance with his policy" in view of the Australian policy of discrimination against Malayans and other non-European British subjects".

Mr. Rees Williams replied: "The general policy is to aim at staffing the civil service in the colonies by local people to the greatest possible extent.

WHY AUSTRALIANS WERE EMPLOYAD IN MALAYA

"Where, as in the case mentioned, local candidates with the necessary qualifications and experience cannot yet be recruited, the policy is to secure suitable officers from outside with the best available qualifications".

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Labour, asked whether consideration will be given in Malaya to the necessity of ensuring that Indians who do not return to India can settle on the land; and whether a land settlement scheme is likely to be organised in Malaya.

Mr. Rees Williams replied that he was consulting the High Commissioner by telegraph on these points.

Mr. J. A. Thivy Returning To Delhi On July 10

SINGAPORE, July 1 (Reuter): Mr. John a Thivy, Indian Government representative in Malaya, will return to Delhi on July 10, for discussions with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the situation in Malaya.

He has received assurances from Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, British Commissioner-General in South East Asia, and Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya, on the position of Indian labourers under the emergency regulations now in force in Malaya. Today he had further discussions with Federation official at Kuala Lumpur.

Terrorist Outrage In Malaya

SINGAPORE, July 1, (Reuter): Chinese terrorists attacked two Chinese members of the British Colonial Service last night near Telok Anson, Perak, killing one and wounding the other.

PANCHAYAT RAJ IN RAICHUR DT.

13 Villages Decide To End "Fascist" Rule

BOMBAY, July 1 (UPI): Representatives of a group of 13 villages met at Itagi, adjoining Raichur District, on June 22, and took a pledge to establish Panchayat Raj and intensify the struggle against what they characterised as "Fascist" rule of the Nizam, according to reports received here.

These same villages some 8 months ago, it will be recalled, had disowned the Nizam's authority.

Similarly, the volunteers of the Kisan Dals are destroying the Police Nakas on the borders of Hyderabad which are used as a spring-board for attacks by the Razakars in the Indian Union territory.

In Bidar District, the villagers are reported to have put to flight the Razakars and Nizam's troopers with slings and arrows.

BRITAIN FOLLOWS 'SCHACHT TACTICS'

NEW YORK, July 1, (UPA): The "Wall Street Journal" in an editorial today criticized Britain's financial policy saying her "currency manipulations are along the pattern of Nazi Finance Minister Shacht."

The Journal said that the British refusal to make binding promises to reform and stabilize currency, stems "partly from jealously of her sovereignty," but she also found that "controlled currency is a handy instrument in her plans for socialist managed economy."

The editorial ended, "We think that in giving funds without adequate promises of a currency reform, ECA is flouting the will of Congress."

Story Of Soviet Invention Debunked

MOSCOW, July 1, (UPA): The Communists Party magazine, "Culture and Life," today knocked down the recent claims that Soviet scientists have perfected an artificial heart.

The publication characterized as "vulgar and sensational," an article wherein Soviet Dr. Vladimir Demikhov was credited with keeping a dog alive and active for three months with a mechanical heart.

The magazine said, "It is useless and an unscientific fantasy" to assume it is possible to implant an artificial heart in any living body whether a dog or human.

Position Of British Subjects In Malaya

Question In House Of Commons

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter)—Mr. Daniel Pritt, Independent Labour, asked in the House of Commons today what powers had been conferred on the Governments of Singapore or Malaya to banish from those colonies British subjects resident there; and whether the Colonial Secretary would advise the Governors that such powers should not be exercised.

Mr. David Rees Williams, Under Secretary for the Colonies, replied: "The law in force in the Malay states permits the banishments of any person in a state from federation territory. The law in force in the British settlements of Penang and Malacca, which are now part of the federation, permits the banishment of only those persons who are not natural-born British subjects.

"Since the two settlements were joined constitutionally with the states the practice throughout the federation has been to take action against aliens only.

"Experience has shown that there are certain persons of British nationality who are abusing the hospitality of the country and have been concerned in fomenting or perpetrating violence.

"It has been decided therefore that, as a matter of policy, proceedings under the banishment law in force in the states may be taken against British subjects who do not belong to Malaya.

POSITION OF INDIANS

Mr. Ernest Bramall, Labour, asked whether the Minister was aware that a number of Australians had recently been appointed as tax officials in Malaya was this in accordance with his policy" in view of the Australian policy of discrimination against Malayans and other non-European British subjects."

Mr. Rees Williams replied "the general policy is to aim at staffing the civil service in the colonies by local people to the greatest possible extent.

"Where, as in the case mentioned, local candidates with the necessary qualifications and experience cannot yet be recruited, the policy is to secure suitable officers from outside with the best available qualifications."

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Labour, asked whether consideration will be given in Malaya to the necessity of ensuring that Indians who do not return to India can settle on the land; and whether a land settlement scheme is likely to be organised in Malaya.

Mr. Rees Williams replied that he was consulting the High Commissioned by telegram on these points.

Full Responsible Govt. For Bikaner

(From A Correspondent)
(BIKANER By Mail)

It is learnt full Responsible Government will be introduced in Bikaner State shortly. Election to the new legislature will be held under the supervision of the present Interim Ministry and the new Cabinet will be chosen from the majority party in the legislature.

The present Interim Ministry with Ch. Hardutt Singhji, President, Bikaner Rajya Praja Parishad as Deputy Prime Minister, was set up in last March. It consists of nine ministers, half members of which belong to the Praja Parishad and the remaining ministers to the other parties in the State. The Praja Parishad enjoys the confidence of majority of people in the State.

The Ministry has succeeded in checking smuggling of textile goods to Pakistan. It has introduced basic education, based on the system existing in Bombay. The Ministry is also engaging its full attention in rural reconstruction schemes and cottage industries.

It is learnt that the people of the State, including a large section of Praja Parishad is against the merger of the State with Rajistan.

The Maharaja who has gone to Europe, for health reasons, is expected to return to the State in time to inaugurate the new Legislature. Owing his absence, the administration will be carried on by the heir apparent assisted by the Prime Minister and the Cabinet.

Jinnah Opens State Bank Of Pakistan

KARACHI, July 1, (UPI): The Pakistan State Bank was opened in Karachi today. The opening ceremony of the Bank was performed by Quaide-Azam M. A Jinnah, the Governor-General, in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering, including foreign diplomatic representative.

Mr. Jinnah, in his speech on the occasion, said that the disapproved the economic system of the West and he asked the Pakistan State Bank to work in its own way on true Islamic concept of equality, manhood and social justice which alone, he said could save the humanity and secure welfare, security, happiness and prosperity.

Writing On The Wall: Let "Reds" Beware

LONDON, July 1, (Reuter): "Times" said today that "the writing is on the wall for communists everywhere" as a result of the Cominform's attack on Yugoslavia.

"In France and Italy they stand stripped of their last claim to act as national parties with programmes adapted to national needs. The Western Governments will take proper heed of this signal reflection on Soviet determination and insistence on strict discipline. They cannot relax their vigilance, and Mr. Bevin's strong and solemn words yesterday on the resolve to succour blockaded Berlin reflects the most fitting mood in the West as these remarkable events unfold themselves in the Soviet sphere.

The Cominform is seen more clearly than ever as first and last a Russian tool", the times added.

CONSEMBLY TO MEET IN OCTOBER

Integration Of States Forces Change In Draft Constitution

NEW DELHI, July 1 (API): It has been decided that the next session of the Constituent Assembly should be held towards the end of October next, says a 'communique' issued by the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly.

Apart from certain representations which the President has received from some members of the Assembly for such a postponement, there were certain other considerations which determined the decision. The draft Constitution was prepared about 6 months ago Since then considerable changes have taken place in the position of the Indian States on account of various types of integration. The new units will have to be enumerated in one of the schedules to the Constitution; the quantum of representation of such of the new units in the new Parliament will have to be worked out. And to ensure proper representation of the state in the Constituent Assembly during the final discussions of the draft Constitution, the existing representation of various States will also have to be revised on account of the recent changes in their position. As all this could not be expected to be arranged before July 12, which was the provisional date fixed for the next session of the Constituent Assembly, a postponement of the session was inevitable.

PREPARATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

It is hoped that the Constituent Assembly will finish consideration of the draft Constitution before the end of the year. The provincial and State Governments have already been asked to make arrangements for the preparation of provisional electoral rolls on the basis of adult franchise as recommended in the draft Constitution, and they have already started the work. This is being done on the assumption that this part of the draft will be accepted by the Constituent Assembly. The preparation of the electoral rolls is thus not being delayed because of the postponement of the session of the Constituent Assembly and no time is likely to be lost on that account in bringing the new Constitution into force.

Wedding Of Bharatan's Daughter

BOMBAY, July 1. (A.P.I.): The marriage took place in Bombay today of Miss Vijaya Lakshmi, daughter of Mr. A. S. Bharatan, Deputy General Manager of 'Reuters' and the 'Associated Press of India,' and Mr. R. Parameshwaran, son of Mr. P. R. Ramakrishna Iyer, of Chelakkara, Cochin State.

The happy copule were the recipient of numerous messages of good wishes from prominent persons from all over India, including Mr. C. Raja-

gopalachari, Governor-General of India, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Raja Sir Maharaj Singh.

A large and cosmopolitan gathering attended a reception given in the evening by Mr. and Mrs. Bharatan. The guests included the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. I. S. Jehu, Editor of the "Times of India", Mr. G. L. Mehta, Mr. Manu Subhedar, Mr. Dahyabhai V. Patel, Mr. S. L. Silam and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi.

Earthquake Havoc In Greek Island

ATHENS, June 30 (Reuter): A violent earthquake shock was reported today to have badly damaged the town of Levkas on Levkas Island, north of Celphalcina in the Ionian Sea.

Details of casualties were still awaitonight.

Quake In Ionian Island: 3 Killed

ATHENS, July 1 (Reuter).—Three people were killed and 100 hurt in an earthquake which hit the Ionian Island town of Levkas yesterday, according to latest official reports. Nine in ten of the towns buildings are reported to have collapsed.

BHULESHWAR SHOP LOOTED

BOMBAY, Thursday:

There was quite a lot of commotion at Bhuleshwar, Bombay, when a gang of 15 desperadors entered a cloth shop in broad daylight yesterday afternoon and looted a cloth shop.

It appears that the gangsters went to the shop and silenced the inmates of the shop by threatening to kill them if they raised an alarm.

Thereafter they are stated to have decamped with a huge booty of cloth which is valued at Rs. 1200.

The Maharbhoari Police are investigating into the matter.

INDO-CZECH TRADE TALKS AT PRAGUE

Shanmukham And Krishna Menon Meet Foreign Minister

PRAGUE, July 1 (Reuter)—Mr. R. K. Shanmukhan Chetty, Indian Finance Minister, and Mr. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner in London, who arrived here last night for trade talks were today meeting Dr Vladimir Klementis, Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, over lunch.

They were accompanied by Indian Government trade and finance experts who will discuss Czecho-slovak-Indian trade during the two-day visit.

Mr. Shanmukham Chetty and Mr. Krishna Menon will discuss trade and into any formal negotiations, it was economic problems but will not enter officially stated here today.

Their visit was mainly to make personal contacts with Czech Minister, it was said.

It was arranged that at luncheon today the visitors would meet Mr Vladimir Klementis, Czech Foreign Minister, Dr. A. George, Minister for Foreign Trade, Mr. Augustin Kliment, Minister for Industry, and Dr. J. Dolansky Finance Minister.

Also visiting Prague is Mr. Jaroslav Alva, Editor of the Bombay Journal "Forum." He is one of the three Indian Editors invited by the Czech Government to attend the Sokol (Czech Youth Organisation) festival.

The other two, Mr S. Sadanand of the Bombay "Free Press Journal" and Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta of the New Delhi "Tej" were due today.

U. N. Food Convoy Passes Egyptian Lines

RHODES, July 1. (UPA): Count Folke Bernadotte's headquarters today announced that the first convoy of United Nations-controlled food convoy for the Jewish settlements in the Negev desert, in southern Palestine passed through the Egyptian lines.

DECISIVE BATTLE ON HONAN PLAIN

Government Troops Bid To Eject Communists From Yellow River Region

NANKING, July 1 (Reuter): Some 2,000 Chinese Government and Communist troops clashed on the Honan plain today in what was described as the largest scale battle yet fought in central China.

The battle centre, according to pro-Government dispatches, was south-east of Kaifeng, the Honan Provincial capital.

Kaifeng now held by Government troops changed hands twice last week. The strength of both sides was estimated to be about equal numerically.

The Communists are under the command of General Liu Cheng.

The fiercest fighting was reported from Su [illegible] about 50 miles south east of Kaifeng.

Nine Communist divisions were stated to have participated in the Government forces drive.

A Government [illegible] man estimated that nine Communist armies totalling nearly 80,000 men and three Government regiments about 10,000 men were engaged in the fierce fighting. He said the battle followed the opening of a Government offensive to meet what he described as a period that the area south of the Yellow River would be cleared within six months. He expected news of a decisive outcome within the next few days.

MADRAS TO GO DRY FROM OCTOBER 2

Premier's Appeal For Public Co-operatitn

MADRAS, July 1, (A.P.I.): The entire Province of Madras will go dry from October 2nd next with the extension of the Prohibition Act from that date to Madras City and the remaining eight Districts of Vizagapatam East and West Godavari Kistna, Chingleput, South Arcot, Ramnad and Tinnevelly. Orders in this regard have already been passed by the Government.

More Kerosene For Civil Consumption

NEW DELHI, July 1 (UPI): A Press Note says that the Government of India have been able to obtain increased supplies of kerosene for the second half of 1948, and are pleased to make an overall increase of 55 per cent on current releases of kerosene for civil consumption, with effect from July 1. This will restore the supply position as it existed before the imposition of recent cuts

Move To Prevent Tax Evasion

JUBBULPORE June 30 (API) To prevent evasion of payment of income-tax by Muslims bound for Pakistan the Central Provinces and Berar Governments are understood to have issued directives to all courts prohibiting the registration of sale or transfer-deeds of any Muslim property-holder, until after he had produced the "no arrears" certificate from the income-tax authorities.

Burma Offers Amnesty To Insurrectionists

RANGOON, July 1 (Reuter)—The Burmese Government today broadcast an offer of amnesty to people engaged in insurrection.

This offer, the broadcast said, was prompted by a desire to end the insurrection without more bloodshed.

they're HERE
NEW All Through!
BUILT STRONGER TO LAST LONGER
NEW FORD
*Bonus Built TRUCKS and BUSSES for '48
NOW ON DISPLAY
*BONUS: "Something given in addition to what is usual or strictly due."—Webster
Ford Motor Company of India LIMITED
Ford

UNITED MOTORS (India) LTD. Hughes Road, BOMBAY

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
(Every seat a cool retreat)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CLARK GABLE DEBORAH KERR
AGM's The Hucksters
Tomorrow Morn., at 10
METRO CUB CLUB SHOW
"Little Miss Jim"
Seats: As. 9 and 15
Sunday Morning at 10
WIZARD OF OZ
At Reduced Rates

REGAL Air-cooled & comfortable
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
WARNER BROS.' DELUGE OF JOY!
APRIL SHOWERS
starring JACK CARSON ANN SOTHERN with ROBERT ALDA • S.Z. SAKALL
12 ALL TIME SONG SMASHES!
Sunday morning at 10
"HUMORESQUE"
JOAN CRAWFORD
JOHN GARFIELD

From TODAY!
CITY-LIGHT
MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH Picture
HAMARA-SANSAR
RANJANA, UMAKANT, JEEVAN

5th WEEK! See & Hear
SURAIYA
Winner of 'VENI-GOLD MEDAL—in..
KAJAL
Producer—Director: M. SADIQ
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun., at 12-45
(Adv. Bkgs:— 10 to 12-30: 4 to 6)
ROXY

STRAND
2nd HILARIOUS WEEK!
Daily 3-15, 6-15 and 9-15 p.m.
"Most Enjoyable Picture in Years and Years!"—Louella Parsons
ROBERT YOUNG · MAUREEN O'HARA · CLIFTON WEBB
Sitting Pretty
SUN. MORN. SHOW at 10-30.
Cartoons in Technicolor
Mighty Mouse in "WINNING THE WEST"
Gandy Goose in "IT'S ALL IN THE STARS"
Mighty Mouse in "SULTAN'S BIRTHDAY" and many more.
At Reduced Rates
Plans Open, Book Now. COMPLIMENTARIES SUSPENDED

5th WEEK
of Public Applause!
OMARKHAYAM FILMS
TOOTE TARE
PEARL RELEASE
SHAMIM, MRIDULA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun., Mat. 12-45
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30
& 3 to 6-30
Also showing: "EK-SADI-BAD"

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 10, 2004.
Muslim: Sabaan 24, 1367.
Parsi: Behman 3, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-05 a.m. Sunset: 19-20 p.m.
Hightide: 08-23, 19-40. Lowtide: 01-42, 13-58.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION: Annual General Meeting today (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Girgaon, Mr. N. M. Joshi, will President.

GIRGAON DIST. HINDU SABHA: Meeting of members today (Friday) at 9 p.m. at 239 Girgaum Road.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class in Ocean of Theosophy at 6-15 p.m. today (Friday) at J. Wadia Bldg., opp. Flora Fountain.

F.S.U. EXHIBITION: The Friends of the Soviet Union has brought out an exhibition entitled "Price Reduction in the U.S.S.R. and Cost of Living in India" based on material received from the U.S.S.R. through V.O.K.S., with additional material on India gathered by the F.S.U.

This exhibition is on view at F.S.U. Headquarters 48, Benam Hall Lane, Girgaon Wednesday last to Sunday (4th inst.), daily from 2 p.m. to 9 p.m. and on Sunday in the morning also from 8-30 a.m. to 12 noon.

AMRITLAL COMPANY LTD. EMPLOYEES' UNION: The Gen. Secretry writes: In pursuance of the decision taken in the general meeting to go on strike on the expiry of the strike notice, workers employed in M/s. Amritlal & Co. Ltd., are forced to go on strike from 1st July 1948, as the conciliation failed and the management refused to pay the annual bonus which is long due to them.

SARAT BOSE TO ADDRESS PROGRESSIVE GROUP

Members and their guests are invited to a meeting on Saturday, (3rd July) at 6 p.m. at Green's Hotel when the well-known leader of Bengal, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, will speak on: "Ten Months of Freedom". Mr. Bose will answer questions put to him after the lecture.

B. B. & C. I. Railway Timings

The following are the arrival and departure timings of the B.B. & C.I. Railway's Mail, Express and Passenger trains at and from Bombay Central:—

ARRIVALS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Ahmedabad Passenger	6-00
Meerut Express	7-00
Gujerat Mail	7-50
Rajputana Sind Mail	9-15
Frontier Mail	10-35
Saurashtra Mail	12-10
Ahmedabad Passenger	16-00
Baroda Passenger	19-55
Saurashtra Express	20-20

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL

Saurashtra Express	7-30
Baroda Passenger	8-30
Ahmedabad Passenger	12-10
Frontier Mail	18-25
Saurashtra Mail	18-50
Rajputana Sind Mail	20-00
Gujerat Mail	20-30
Meerut Express	20-45
Ahmedabad Passenger	21-05

Additional Women's Hostel Opened In Wilson College

Since 1932 Wilson College has had a residency for its women students, the Pandita Ramabai Hostel. It has long proved too small for all those who wanted to join it. In order to help to meet the need of women students for accommodation, the College authorities have opened—in the first instance for two years—an overflow Hostel to accommodate twelve more students. The Annexe, already fully occupied, is in the same compound as the Pandita Ramabai Hostel in Alexandra Road. It was formally opened on the 28th of June by the Principal of Wilson College, in the presence of members of the Senatus and friends.

No Central Public Relations Office For Corporation

Municipal Commissioner Turns Down Proposal As "Open Gestapo" Body

BOMBAY, Thursday:

The Bombay Corporation today rejected a Socialist resolution suggesting that a "Central Municipal Public Relations Office" should be created to attend to public complaints.

Countering the views of the mover, Mr. Madhavan, who said that such a municipal institution could effectively deal with the growing number of public representations, Mr. B. K. Patel, the Municipal Commissioner, retorted that "a sort of open Gestapo" body within the municipality could not perform the envisaged function in any way. The members of the public were at liberty to bring their complaints to the Municipal Commissioner.

"My idea is that we should have ward officers in charge of specified areas to look to the administration of every department in their particular wards," Mr. Patel said, saying that they were the best machinery to deal usefully with complaints.

The Corporation referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha's motion asking that each bus in the city should be permitted to carry overload to the extent of six passengers. He said that buses in the mofussil were allowed extra load of 25 per cent each.

Radio

BOMBAY, Friday, July 2.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
7-30 a.m. Dattubuwa Chawle & Party, 7-40 News (M.), 7-50 News (G.), 8-0 News (E.), 8-15 News (H.), 8-30 Sarangi Par Bibhas, 8-45 Dattubuwa Chawle & Party, 9-0 Shrimatibai Narvekar, 12-0 p.m. Mahila Mandal, 12-45 News (M.), 12-50 News (G.), 12-55 Geetmadhuri, 1-25 News (H.), 1-30 News (E.), 1-40 Ballet Music, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-0 Purvi on Sarangi, 5-15 Jantar Mantar, 5-45 News (K.), 6-0 News (E.), 6-10 News (H.), 6-15 Rajabhau Deo, 6-45 Ratikumar Vyas, 7-0 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-15 Ratikumar Vyas, 7-30 Jalamarga Ani Vahatuk, 7-45 Faiyaz Khan, 8-0 News (M.), 8-15 News (G.), 8-30 Ameer Baksh, 8-45 For the Universities, 9-0 News (E.), 9-15 News (H.), 9-30 B.B.C. News Relay, 9-40 Musical Interlude, 9-45 Rajabhau Deo, 10-15 Shrimatibai Narvekar.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
7-40 a.m. "Preeti", 5-45 p.m. Zawwar Husain, 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)
7-45 p.m. Commercial News, 8-0 Shantabai Lajmi, 9-0 Shantabai Lajmi, 9-30 Bhavgeet, 10-0 An American Sketch Book.

TALK ON "TREE PLANTING"

Hon'ble Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, Government of Bombay will broadcast a talk in English on "Tree Planting" at 7 p.m. today (Friday). The talk can be heard on 244 meteres.

R.I.A.F. PASSING OUT PARADE

At 8-45 p.m. on Friday the Bombay Station of All-India Radio will broadcast an electrical recording of a report on the Passing Out Parade of the Initial Training Wing of the R.I.A.F. at Coimbatore. The programme can be heard on 244 and 61.48 metres.

MISS MASANI'S NEW POST

First Station Director In Assam

On July the 1st, 1948, Assam will have its first broadcasting station The service will operate on two mediumwave transmitters, one at Shillong and the other at Gauhati.

The Shillong-Gauhati Station is the third installed by All-India Radio since August 15, 1947; the next will be Nagpur which is due to open on July 16th.

Miss Mehra Masani is the first Station Director in Assam and is also the first woman to occupy the important executive post of Station Director, All-India Radio. She comes of a well known family and has only recently returned from an assignment with the BBC and a study tour in the United States. She was formerly Assistant Station Director at Bombay.

Elections Of Parliamentary Board

(From Our Correspondent)
VIRAMGAM, June 30:

Resignation of Mr. I. B. Chhaya, Head Master of the M J High School here, has been accepted by the administrative board of the institution and will come in force with effect from the end of the current month. Mr. Chhaya served in this school for nearly thirty years and is being succeeded by Mr. C. T. Jani.

Reports received from reliable sources suggest that the Kathiawar Political Conference Executive Committee are considering the formation of a Parliamentary Board for the coming elections and Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay will be on that board along with Darbar Gopaldas and Sri. Uchharangrai Dhebar. An announcement to this effect is regarded as imminent

Gwalior Postal Strikers Resume

The Director of Information, Gwalior Government, writes:—

Postal strikers at various places have resumed their work after being convinced of the unreasonableness of the demands put forth by the Postal Union. In Lashkar, however, the strike continues and it is being misrepresented to the strikers that they would not be kept in service even after resumption of duties. A political worker has launched a hunger-strike as well for getting the demands of the Postal Union conceded by the Government. The Hon'ble Shri Yeshwantsingh Kushwah, Communications Minister, Madhya Bharat, in a statement says that such an hunger strike is not based on any sound reason and is a misnomer for "Satyagraha" and that Government cannot be coerced by such tactics. He has, however, given an extension of 48 hours from June 28 to June 30th to strikers to resume their work. If they fail to turn up after the expiry of this extension period, their services would be terminated.

LOW COST LISTENING IN INDIA

Projected Installation Of Pilot Broadcasting Stations

All-India Radio's development plans had become apparent with the installation of pilot stations at Jullundur, Patna and Cuttack and the projected installation of similar pilot stations at Nagpur, Shillong, Gauhati and other centres, observed Mr. Beau George in the course of a talk from AIR, Bombay, today. AIR's internal development plans appeared to be on medium wave transmitters, he added, with the result that extensive use of cheap medium wave sets would now become a reality rather than a dream.

He said: The Chief Engineer of All India Radio recently outlined at Madras a plan for the development of broadcasting network in India. This was the first official pronouncement on development policy made by AIR's Engineer-in-Chief. It is also an indication of the change-over by All India Radio from second class to first class transmission services.

Hitherto the employment of a short-wave service for internal coverage had necessitated the use of all-wave receiving sets which are comparatively expensive. The prices of these sets are naturally higher than those of the standard wave-band sets which are in normal use in other countries of the world. With the expansion of medium wave broadcasting in India, however, the present low figures of licences are bound to shoot up.

MORE PILOT STATIONS

AIR's development plans have become apparent with the installation of pilot stations at Jullundur, Patna and Cuttack and the projected installation of similar pilot stations at Nagpur, Shillong, Gauhati and other centres. Most of these stations will be on the air within a few weeks, and according to AIR's Chief Engineer, high-powered medium-wave transmitters will soon be in service in our city at Bombay and at other important cities of India, like Delhi, Madras and Calcutta.

The pilot transmitters themselves are to be replaced very soon by higher powered medium-wave transmitters. All AIR's internal development plans seem therefore to be on medium-wave transmitters. The use of cheap medium-wave sets therefore becomes now a reality rather than a dream.

VAST SCOPE FOR CHEAP SETS

For the manufacturers who set out now resolutely to exploit the medium-wave set market and couple it with some sort of hire-purchase system such as is in existence in most of the Western countries there would seem to be waiting not merely a great public service but possibilities of immense profits.

Electricity may not be readily available in the smaller cities of India as in Europe and America, but there is no reason why the licence figures for broadcast receivers in India should remain in the lakh line instead of the million line When India produces a good medium-wave set and sells it to the citizens at a low cost, not only will there be more profits for manufacturers and more sets for Indian consumers but the great potentialities of radio can be put into the full effect for educational and nati ilding activities.

CZECH D ATION M PREMIER

Members Czechoslovakian Trade Deleg o are now in Bombay thi g called on the Premier, Mr Kher, at the Secretariat.

They also Industries Minister Mr. G. D .

Mr. M. P. Director of Industries, Gov t of Bombay was present at b meetings.

Kerosen ota For July

Public Re Officer (Rationing) writes:—

The value erosene units on various rat cuments for the month of J 8, have been fixed as shown b

Lighting— allon per unit for households e gallon in all for business pre and hotels.

Non-lightin e gallon in all for business pre and hotels and 3/8 gallon per u r households.

Threatene Police O er With Knife

OMBAY, Thursday

Two drunke en are said to have shown the 3-in blade of a pen-knife "menacingly" t a police officer, who questioned them last night on Foras Road.

Yanu Krishna and Narain Vithal Patil, the two men, were immediately arrested and sent to the J. J. Hospital where they were rendered sober. This morning they were bailed out by the Esplanade Court.

SIMLA, June 30, (A. P. I.): The East Punjab Government have appointed 12 Harijan welfare officers to assist Harijans among other things in the allotment of land and securing loans for them.

Publications Declared Forfeited

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, writes:—

The Chief Commissioner, Delhi, has issued notifications under section 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, declaring the following publications to be forfeited to His Majesty:

Pamphlets in Urdu entitled "Quadium" and "Qadiu Ki Khumrez Jung" written by Hazrat Amir-Ulli-Mommin, printed at the Civil and Military Press, Karachi.

Booklet in English entitled "The Greatest "Betrayal" written by Ch. Rahmat Ali, M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, published by Pakistan Libertion Movement, 16-Montague Road, Cambridge (England) and printed by Foister and Gagg, Cambride (England).

Two pamphlets in Urdu entitled "Punjabi Dukhre" (Punjab sufferings) alias Punjab Biti (Punjab Happenings) writen by B. Balwant Sharma Raza of Sekhman and printed at the Kamal-i-Hind Press, Kucha Mir Ashiq, Delhi.

Two pamphlets in Urdu entitled "Angrezon Ki Kartook aur Pakistani Zulum" and "Maghrabi Punjabi Di Khuni Dastan" written by Mr. Kastoori Lal Bhagat and printed at the Kamal Printing Works, Nai Sarak, Delhi.

An anonymous poster beginning with the words "Public Jawab De" (Public to answer) and ending with "Bande Matram . Tumahra Sathi" (Bande Matram—Your Comrade).

Pamphlet in Urdu entitled "Delhi Ki Lara!" written by Mr. R. L. Gupta published by Rattan and Co., Booksellers Dariba Kalan Delhi and printed by M. Abdul Mabood Khan, Keeper of Kamal Printing Works, Nai Sarak, Delhi.

Pamphlet in Hindi "Delhi Ki Lari" written by Mr. R. L. Gupta, published by Rattan and Co., Booksellers, Dariba Kalan, Delhi and printed by Mr. S. N. Sircar, Keeper, Excelsior Printing Works, Delhi.

Poster in Hindi beginning with the words "Firqa Prasti Ka Parda Fash Ho Gia" and ending with the words "Bande Mataram" issued by the National Democratic Party.

Pamphlet in Urdu entitled "Meo Qaum Ka Taraf" written by Mohd. Alyas Nadvi, General Secretary Anjuman Mahajrin, Mawat of Pakistan (Lahore) and printed at the Co-operative Capital Press, Lahore.

"Deeh Ki Awas", a pamphlet in Hindi written by Ch. Rara Sarup Azad of Ferozepur, published by Lakshmi Pustakalaya, Nai Sarak, Delhi and printed by Mr. Jegan Nath Sharma at the Shri Bhanu Printing Press, Dharampura, Delhi.

Pamphlet in Hindi entitled "Asli Gurgaon Ki Alha Part III written by B. Nayader Singh Bechain, published by Bechain Putakalaya, Bazar Sita Ram, Delhi, and printed by Mr. Jagan Nath Prasad Sharma at the Shree Bhanu Printing Works, Dharampura, Delhi.

Pamphlet in Hindi entitled "Asli Gurgaon Ki Alha? Part II written by B. Nayader Singh Bechain, published by Bachain Pustakalaya, Sita Ram Bazar, Delhi and printed by Mr. Jagan Nath Prasad Sharma, at the Shri Bhanu Printing Works, Dharampura, Delhi.

Pamphlet in Hindi "Calcutta Ka Balwa" written by Mr. R. L. Gupta published by Ratan and Co., Booksellers, Delhi and printed by Mr. Jagan Nath Prasad Sharma, at the Shri Bhanu Printing Works, Dharampura, Delhi.

Poster in English beginning with the words "U.N.O. Lost" and ending with the words "Is it Democracy" issued by one Narindra".

HOUSING HARIJAN EMPLOYEES OF LOCAL BODIES

With a view to tackling the question of housing the Harijan employees of the Local Bodies immediately and effectively, the Government of Bombay has announced certain concessions. The concession will not apply to the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

The Government will consdier the question of making a free grant of Government land for building quarters, if no suitable land in the ownership of the local body is available.

The Government will also pay subsidies at the rate of 33 1/3 per cent of the total cost, inclusive of the cost of the site, in the case of Borough Municipalities and 50 per cent of the total cost, inclusive of the cost of the site in the case of District Municipalities, Village Panchayats, District Local Boards and Notified Area Committees and private individuals and bodies interested in the welfare of Harijans.

The Collectors and Executive Engineers will give all possible help to the Local Bodies or other agencies for obtaining the necessary building material.

The grant of free sites and payment of subsidies will be subject to certain conditions.

TALUKDARS AND VILLAGE GRAZING LANDS

It has been brought to the notice of the Government, that Talukdars and Inamdars do not maintain or allot sufficient grazing areas in their villages and that some are even withdrawing them from public grazing for the purpose of private cultivation, with the result that the problem of grazing cattle has become very acute in such villages. According to the High Court ruling in Vishwanath versus Mahadji, (Indian Law Reporter 3-Bombay 147) Inamdars have no right to withdraw lands used for grazing from time immemorial. The Collectors have therefore, been requested to see that in such villages, lands used for grazing from old times are not permitted to be withdrawn from grazing by Inamdars or Talukdars. When lands for grazing are or can be easily made available, they (Inamdars or Talukdars) will be induced by the Collectors by using their good offices, to assign lands for grazing as in the case of Khalsa villages in the Province.

WEATHER

WEATHER CHART

POONA, July 1, (A. P. I.): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours and from June 1, 1948, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on July, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 101 84 0 0.8 minus 3.2, Ahmednagar 91 73 0 33 minus 2.1, BOMBAY 88 77 0.8 9.6 minus 9.3 Calcutta 89 6..78 T 12.8 plus 0.7, Cherrapunji 72 66 1.7 122.4 plus 14.0, Delhi 106.88 0 0.5 minus 2.7 Hyderabad (Dn) 90 75 0.1 2.1 minus 1.5, Madras 99 84 0 0.7 minus 1.3, Mahabaleshwar 86 62 1.8 31.2 minus 13.9, Mysore 79 67 0 3.7 plus 1.2, Nagpur 84 72 1.3 3.5 minus 5.7, Poona 86 74 0 7.4 plus 2.7, Shillong 76 66 0 26.5 plus 8.1, Sholapur 94 75 0 2.1 minus 2.5, Simla 78 66 0 1.4 minus 5.2, Srinagar nil.

WEATHER SUMMARY

The following is the weather summary for Thursday, July 1, 1948:—

Yesterday's depression over Chota Nagpur has weakened and moved northwestwards. It lies this morning as a low pressure area over the north-east Central Provinces and the adjoining parts of Chota Nagpur and east Central India. It may weaken further and merge into the seasonal trough of low pressure over the Gangetic plain.

Rainfall has been fairly widespread in Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the south Konkan and Malabar and local in West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Bihar. A few falls of rain have also been reported from Assam, Eastern Pakistan, the west United Provinces, the north Deccan and Mysore.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 2ND EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in the west Central Provinces, Berar, Central India, the Konkan and Malabar and local in Assam, West Bengal, Eastern Pakistan, east Rajputana, Chota Nagpur, the Central Provinces and the north Deccan. A few falls of rain are likely in Orissa, Bihar, the United Provinces, Gujarat, in and near the East Punjab hills, in the south Deccan, Mysore, south-east Madras and the north Madras Coast, Isolated dust or thunderstorms are possible in and near the North-West Frontier Province

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Isolated falls of heavy rain are likely in the Konkan and in and near west Central India during the next 36 hours.

HEAT-WAVE IN GUJARAT

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJKOT, June 30

The severe heat-wave, which swept over Gujarat during the last week-end rendered two females and a baby, let down at the Vijapur railway station, unconscious. One female died and the condition of her baby and the other female was precarious.

In like manner, seven buffaloes were found dead in the train when it arrived at Sidhpur from Sabarmati.

HYDERABAD BUSINESSMAN REFUSED BAIL

Caution Necessary Says C.P.M.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mubarak Ali, Muslim businessman of Hyderabad who was arrested a month ago by the Bombay Police as his Pakistan-bound chartered plane touched at Juhu Aerobrome, had this morning his bail application rejected at the C.P.M's Court.

Involved in a case of allegedly cheating four merchants of Rs. 4,24,000, Mubarak Ali was today described by Mr. K. M. Desai, the Prosecuting Counsel as a "master mind". He said: If he is bailed out he will go to Hyderabad and manage to get a diplomatic post which will make him immune from all the changes against him."

Mr. Fazl G. Khairaz, the Defence Counsel, pleaded that as the Delhi First Class Magistrate, before whom another case against Mr. Ali was pending, had made out a bail order, so the bail plea before the C.P.M should also be conceded.

Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, rejected the bail application. He said that the proper course was to exercise the "most abundant caution in ensuring the accused's attendance in Bombay". Any bail order might give Mubarak Ali facility, to jump his bail".

The prosecution story was that Mubarak Ali, sometime in 1946, induced four businessmen of Bombay to part with Rs. 4,24,000 after representing to them that he had struck up a contract with the S. E. Asia Command for the supply of stationery and sports goods. After paying him the money, it was reported that they purchased Rs. 12 lakh worth goods, including about 8,000 hockey sticks. Later Mubarak Ali's partners found he had no such arrangement with the SEAC.

When police tried to arrest him, Mubarak Ali fled to Hyderabad where he was said to be in "hiding" for 2 years.

A month ago a chartered plane touched at Juhu, Bombay, on its flight to Pakistan and the C.I.D put him under arrest having received information from Delhi where he was wanted in another case of alleged cheating.

Later Mubarak Ali's alleged commitments with the Bombay businessmen also came to light.

After rejecting Mubarak Ali's bail application this morning, the Chief Presidency Magistrate added he would reconsider the case for a bail after some further steps had been taken by the First Class Magistrate of Delhi in the proceedings against the accused.

LANDS FOR REFUGEES

The policy of the Government of Bombay in respect of grant of land to the refugees for housing sites and industrial purposes has been to treat the refugees in the same way as permanent residents of a similar economic class, to which such refugees belong, i.e., poor refugees on considerations as any other people of this province and grants to rich refugees is governed by same principles as apply to grants to the rich of the Pro-

Credentials Of I.N.T.U.C.

N. M. Joshi Challenges I.L.O. Committee Decision

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Commenting on the decision of the International Labour Organisation's Credential Committee recognising the Indian National Trade Union Congress at the most representative organisation of Indian workers, Mr. N. M. Joshi, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in the course of a statement today said:

"If the Government feels justified in not respecting the decision of the Security Council in respect of the Kashmir dispute, we are more justified in not accepting the decision of the I.L.O., which by its very constitution is dominated by Government delegates.

"Further, in the present world atmosphere, opponents of the All-India Trade Union Congress create a prejudice against it by dubbing it as a communist body. We, therefore, continue to hold that the Indian National Trade Union Congress is not a body genuinely representative of the Indian workers and that ours is the premier organisation and most representative of the Indian workers".

600 Weavers Of City Mill On Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.—Six hundred weavers of the Jubilee Mills from day and night shifts have gone on strike from today to protest against the supply of inferior quality of yarn.

LOVE AT STAKE
A THRILLING LOVE-DRAMA OF SIMPLE LOVE AGAINST SOPHISTICATED ONE—
ORIENTAL'S
SOHAG RAAT
Direction: KIDAR SHARMA
With BEGUM PARA, GITA BALI
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
LAMINGTON
4, 7, 10
CHITRA
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Ad. Booking Open
Sat., Sun., Mat. at 1
VARMA FILMS' Release

RANJIT presents
KHURSHID (Jr.)
MEENA KUMARI
ANJUM and NIHAL
in
BICHHADE BALAM
Directed by
MANIBHAI VYAS
Next Friday (9-7-
IMPE
AJIT
Gr

The Bombay Chronicle

All who would win joy must share it; happiness was born a twin.

—BYRON

THE SWEEPERS STRIKE

Once more the sweepers of Bombay City are on strike, and once more the authorities have been caught napping. Mr. Nanda, Bombay's Labour Minister, has explained how every effort was made to ward off this crisis and how all the efforts proved unavailing. The result is that once more the health of the city has been jeopardised by the failure to make reason prevail. This time the threat to health is the more serious because the city's population has increased tremendously. Efforts are being made to stir the people up to volunteer work but in the nature of things this cannot but be unsatisfactory. People who have other work to do, cannot undertake in addition the job of city scavenging. If it was as simple as all that, the sweepers would doubtless not have gone on strike. It is surprising that the Government and the Municipality have not prepared for the strike which, though it is illegal, seemed inevitable—or at least unavertable. That the city is not in a filthier state after twenty-four hours of such a strike is due more to the rains than to anything else.

The reason for the present strike is somewhat obscure. It seems to boil down to a distrust of the adjudication machinery. But even here there is a reluctance to state the sweepers' view with any degree of precision. The vagueness suggests that the strike has been entered on thoughtlessly and there is a desire to move out of it if only a way out can be devised. Since the Government and Municipality are also anxious to end the quarrel, it may be confidently asserted that the strike will be a short one. The fact that the strike has occurred in a public service, must cause people to ponder over the futility of truces and pacts when the workers are not sufficiently restrained to keep to them. An additional disturbing factor is the police action which has had to be resorted to in handling the strike. It gives a not very pleasing picture of the prevailing conditions.

It is an obvious inference that the handling of its Labour problem is beyond the ability of the Municipality. Otherwise it would be unnecessary for the Government to step in time and again, each time with less effect as it were. The public is by now tired of these periodic dislocations of civic life. The leaders of the workers themselves powerless to control their rank and file, and very often they succumb to the temptation of disguising this fact by sacrificing their judgment. So long as these conditions continue, the city cannot hope to settle down to a peaceful existence. Immediately the Government has to bend its energies to bringing the present strike to an end. Later will come the bigger issue of rendering strikes unnecessary.

Mr. Nanda has appealed to the people but there is little that the people can do in the matter. There is an industrial truce agreed on and it surely is an obligation for Government to see that truce is respected.

MALAYAN MUDDLE

The resignation by Sir Edward Gent of his post as High Commissioner for the Malayan Federation constitutes a protest against what he evidently considers to be the needless harshness of the measures adopted by the Malayan Government to put down the "terrorism" of the Communist and other lawless elements in the peninsula. In spite of the hue and cry raised in the British-controlled Malayan press and its supporters in the imperialist press of Great Britain, it is clear that the call for strong measures against the so-called "terrorists" of Malaya has come not so much from the general public of Malaya as from the planting and mining interests there. The reason is not far to seek. For decades past Malaya has been the happy hunting ground of British planters and mine-owners. If Britain as a Power has been sticking to Malaya through thick and thin all these decades it is mainly because of the rich field for exploitation which it has been providing for British capital. The rubber planting and tin mining industries in the peninsula flourished at the terrible expense of the sweat and blood of the Malay, Chinese and other workers who have been kept down in conditions of semi-slavery by their employers. The war has brought no relief to these slaves of the planting and mining interests. It is no wonder that the post-war awakening among the workers should have engendered extreme discontent among them against the chains which are holding them in slavery to their masters. It is no wonder also that the "Communist" and other agitators among them should have sought to exploit this discontent to stir up a revolt against the planters and mine-owners and their agents among the Chinese and Malayans.

During the past few weeks a number of murders and other serious crimes have been committed and official circles have attributed them all to Communist-inspired terrorist gangs. Whether such a diagnosis is correct or not is difficult to tell. Official censorship and interested propaganda from the side of the planting and mining interests have effectively screened the truth about the actual conditions in the mines and planters of Malaya today, as well as about all the measures adopted to put down the discontent among the workers. Under the cover of "anti-terrorist" operations many ugly things would appear to have been perpetrated recently which if the world outside came to know of them fully, would be condemned by it as barbarous. Legitimate political and trade union activities would appear to have been suppressed along with illegitimate activities. Mass arrests have been taking place on a scale suggesting the end of all civil liberty in the Federation. Evidently Sir Edward Gent could not approve of all the things done by the Malayan Government in the name of law and order. His resignation should have the effect of rousing the public of Great Britain to the need for crying a halt to the repressive campaign now in full swing in the peninsula.

Ibn-Saud-Abdullah Agreement

We have had the occasion to remark that Zionist designs and Big Power backing to them had at least brought one blessing to the Middle East, namely that they had united the Arab World against a common danger to all of them. The most striking illustration of that unity was the rapproche- between the Hashemite llah and the Hedjaz Saud. That rap- been further historic meet- the two erst- ies have, as s, "realised complete of view blic af- anding jecti- news. ces- ions two ife- sis l- y act, on the contrary they seem lly conscious of the dangers and their duties. We particularly lcome, in this connection the i Saud-Abdullah declaration porting the Arab League's de- ns in regard to Palestine giving the following specific rance: "We place our full in the Arab League and its cal Committee. We are sure League is forced to take up it will be in defence of the mental Arab interests, ho- liberty and peace." This we places the choice squarely the pro-Zionist West, the of injustice and war on the d and justice and peace other.

They have to be careful because there is demonstrable proof that Arab unity is causing serious anxiety to the pro-Zionist West. Oil haunts it as it must. And the West knows that a united Arab World cannot only shake off any serious desire to browbeat the Arabs but can, in fact, dictate its own terms. The London "Times" admits as much when it speaks with disappointment and ill-concealed perturbation of the strengthening of the barggaining power of the Arab League by oil-rich Saudi Arabia. How important and necessary it is for the Arabs to consolidate and strengthen their united front as represented by the Arab League, is clear from reports suggesting that Count Bernadotte's proposals for the settlement of the Palestine problem are based on establishment and acceptance of an independent Jewish State, that is to say, recognition of Israel which is the one outrage against which the Arab World has taken up arms because it is literally a matter of life and death for it. We are therefore, glad that so far no Arab leader has hown any signs of weakening. In act, on the contrary they seem lly conscious of the dangers and their duties. We particularly lcome, in this connection the i Saud-Abdullah declaration porting the Arab League's de- ns in regard to Palestine giving the following specific rance: "We place our full in the Arab League and its cal Committee. We are sure League is forced to take up it will be in defence of the mental Arab interests, ho- liberty and peace." This we places the choice squarely the pro-Zionist West, the of injustice and war on the d and justice and peace other.

Reform Of Secondary Education In Madras

(By C. V. H. RAO)

Reforms in the secondary education system of the Madras province, recently announced by the provincial Government, reflect some of the fundamental principles which for a long time have been accepted as basic in that connection by expert educational opinion. The main criticisms against that system have been that it over-empasises book learning, that it lays inadequate stress on character-building and other aspects which render the boys and girls efficient and useful citizens of the future, that the teaching of the local languages is subordinated under it to the teaching of English, and that it does not provide for the imparting of business or craft education to those boys, who have neither an aptitude for nor an opportunity of proceeding to, higher courses or study. The Madras reorganisation scheme seeks to eliminate some of these drawbacks, to engender a new outlook among the children and to "educate them for life."

Principal Changes

The principal aspects of the reorganisation scheme are first, the introduction of crafts and other activities in the school curriculum; secondly, the introduction of citizenship training in the schools; thirdly the provision of suitable courses of study for girls and the introduction of home craft as the basic craft for girls' schools; fourthly, the bifurcation of the secondary school courses in the fourth form so that, while those with aptitude for general education will continue to receive instruction in general subjects and after passing the S.S.L.C. examination, will be in a position automatically to proceed to the college courses, others can choose to receive instruction in technical courses, which would enable them to enter a profession or take to a craft at the end of the secondary course. The reorganisation scheme, according to the Madras Education Minister Mr. T. S. Avinashilingham, will make the school a social and cultural centre; "hereafter the school will not be a place of mere daily routine where teachers dictate notes and boys merely learn by rote and appear for examinations. It will be a place of activity and good cheer where both students and teachers are engaged in the cooperative endeavour of spreading knowledge."

Teaching Of Languages

With regard to the languages for the teaching of which the reorganisation provides, they have been devided into three groups, the first group comprising of the regional language of the area in which the school is situated, the second group comprising of Hindustani, Sanskrit, Arabic or any other Indian language, and the third group of English. The first and third group languages are compulsory for all students in all parts of the province, while from the languages included in the second group, the student can select one of the languages for study, though no particular language need be studied compulsorily.

Study Of Hindustani

Vigorous criticism assailed the original provision in the reorganisation scheme, which made the study of Hindustani compulsory in all schools in the Telugu, Malayalam and Canarese areas in Madras but only optional in the Tamil area, which, it was stated, involved an invidious distinction so far as Tamil Nad was concerned. If Hindustani was going to be the national language of the future, as it is bound to be, it would be to the benefit of the boys and girls everywhere to study that language and acquire a working knowledge of it. Nevertheless, if the Government's original proposal had stood, boys and girls of Tamil Nad would have been denied an opportunity of studying that language in the schools because no school would possibly have provided for its teaching when it is not compulsory, and would have had to depend on private study to acquire a knowledge of it.

The volume of opposition to this proposal impressed itself on the Education Minister, who has since retrieved the mistake by announcing that in the Tamil Nad, as well as in other linguistic areas in Madras, the second language group is also compulsory, so that boys and girls can select any of the languages included therein. As a natural consequence of this modification, Hindustani, whose importance as the potential "lingua franca" of India, is unassailable, is assured of universal welcome in almost all the educational institutions but there is little assurance that a language like Sanskrit, which is only an alternative to Hindustani, will find any place in them. The Education Minister has also taken cognisance of the criticism that in a composite province like Madras, where in the Tamil districts there are a number of Telugu inhabitants and vice versa who would prefer to have their children educated in their particular language, the linguistic minority concerned should have facilities for the teaching of its mother-tongue in that area in which its members happen to reside for the time being. He has revised the scheme to provide for the inclusion of "any other language" in Group (2) language group, which may mean any other language than the regional language, though this modification does not carry with it any assurance that Government will see to it that in practice provision will be made in a school, say in the Telugu districts, for the teaching of Tamil or the opposite of it in the Tamil districts.

Dubious Position Of English

So far as English is concerned, it has been retained as a language for compulsory study in the secondary schools; but English teaching will commence only in form two, which means that by the time the student has reached the Matriculation stage, his knowledge of that language will be just sufficient to enable him to read and upnderstand a few text books and to write a few simple sentences in non-descript style. While the increasingly subordinate place that is being accorded to English teaching in the school curricula in our country, of which the place it occupies in the Madras scheme is an example, cannot probably be helped, the question still remains if this is helpful to those students who propose to go in for higher studies in colleges and universities, in which the teaching is still mainly in English. What the situation calls for is the quickening of the pace of what in common parlance is known as "vernacularisation" of the University courses of study also. It is argued that things will adjust themselves in course of time and the Universities will also fall into line, but it is not known how rapid this pace of adjustment will be and what will happen in the transition

Citizenship Training

There is much to be said for the introduction of citizenship training in the secondary school course and for the bifurcation of courses to enable those who desire to enter a profession or take to a craft at the completion of the secondary course to do so. It has been explained by the Madras Education Minister that in order to facilitate the immediate introduction of citizenship training courses, arrangements have been made for training 1000 teachers this year and a number of training centres are proposed to be opened at various places for the purpose, while two camps had already commenced work for turning out teachers who will be available for immediate employment. It may be expected that, though the hurried training of the first batches of teachers who are to be in charge of citizenship training instruction in the schools will have its own demerits, the experiment will not be a failure and that as better trained teachers become available in the next two or three years, the former will be given opportunities for a more extended training.

Teaching Of Crafts

Greater difficulty is, however, likely to be experienced in turning out an adequate number of teachers proficient in craft teaching in respect of the crafts in which instruction has been made compulsory in the secondary schools under the reorganisation scheme. What practical steps Government intend to take to overcome this difficulty has not been explained by the Education Minister, who contented himself with stating that "the Government are very anxious to get the teachers trained on this new basis". The bifurcation scheme also is calculated to be delayed by the paucity of teachers who can be considered competent to train boys for a technical course in carpentry or woodwork or hand-spinning, which work is proposed in the interim period to be entrusted to manual training instructors. It is this circumstance that probably explains the proposal to confine the introduction of this aspect of the scheme to only fifty schools in the province.

University Education

It is indisputable that any scheme of reorganisation of secondary education has to be related to and linked up with the University courses of study. At least for a number of young men, university education is bound to have its own attractions and many of those who have not branched off to technical courses of study in the secondary school stage and even some of those who have done so, would prefer to proceed to the college and the University and wherever possible to higher courses. What the attitude of the Universities in the province is toward, this reorganisation of secondary education decided upon by the Government and what facilities they would provide for the higher technical education courses those who had passed the secondary school leaving examination under the bifurcation scheme are not at all clear. Nor is it clear if the Andhra, Madras, and Annamalai Universities have approved of the scheme so far as it relates to the grouping of languages of study and the new syllabuses for the secondary schools in the various subjects. All the information that the Minister could vouchsafe was that the universities had promised to consider the "advisability of having suitable bifurcated and other courses for students" and that the intention in introducing bifurcated courses was partly to restrict the flow of boys to the colleges. Nevertheless, the answer is not by any means clear if the Universities have agreed to admit freely in the college courses even boys who receive instruction in the general courses of study in the high school stage under the revised scheme.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Light On Kashmir

Further reports of Lord Mountbatten's speech at the London reception throw an interesting light on Kashmir. "Had Kashmir acceded to Pakistan before August 14," he said, "the Prime Minister of India assured me that there would have been no interference". Lord Mountbatten has approached the problem from the wrong angle. India would never have objected to a fair verdict by the people of Kashmir and it is not necessary now to give her Prime Minister a certificate. But would Pakistan have been equally quiet if Kashmir had joined the Indian Union before August 14? This is the crux of the problem. It is no use indulging in ifs and perhaps. But it might be confidently asserted that to Pakistan there would have been little difference whether the accession had occured before or after August 15. The Qaid-e-Azam is ingenious enough to have thought out some excuse for charging the Union with mischief. At the present moment, Lord Mountbatten's revelation is the reverse of being helpful. If that had been made known before August 14, it would have made some difference.

Neglected In A Hurry

Lord Mountbatten declared that it was a greater problem to him what was going to happen to the 565 States and their inhabitants than the partition itself. This candid avowal is illuminating. The Cabinet Mission in their haste to settle a solution for what was known as "British India" forgot the States. In the Commons speech launching the Mission on March 15, 1946, British spokesmen stressed that the problems of the Indian States were to be settled by direct discussions between Indian leaders and States leaders. But for some mysterious reason, this position was never understood in India. From the first, some of the Princes played an active part as mediators in "British Indian" politics and the amount of dust that was raised prevented Indians successfully from interesting themselves in States affairs. It was a most incongruous situation but it led the negotiators and planners to overlook the States problem entirely. In the end, this overlooking has proved fortunate but skilfully handled there would have been less bickerings and smoother settlement. Hyderabad, for one thing, need not have continued as a running sore. However, there is little reason to complain. As for Lord Mountbatten, he surely must rejoice that the blame-bu his predecessors gave him ty to reveal his consumma

The C ELEC EETS ication

Mr. M his article published BOME s for an abolition of the nd for a strengthening wh ntre. Instead of every mornir its paraphernalia B. G. inisters and Assemblis, that there should be met the of the provinces into Tapas the whole administra Kanga he hands of the Centre ernmen will be administered oth the oners and others and that extent a measure Qu ation. There is something lations this proposal but it c ately late in the day. Mr of ar might be discontented on d fficiencies of the present ly, 194 ere is some glamour in elow:— furnished by these m-1/4 of demo- cracy. It is and on back to the past. Mr. M mises might use- fully apply ing:—O changes—is the existing smises will be easily effectednit fo little adjustment.

Stock Exch d ontrol fic

It has been Bo hat the Government of Ind n m now actively considering the wh n of introducing, in the next se s of Parliament, legislation for the rol and regulation of the Stock rkets in the Indian Union. This is question which has been hanging fire for a long time. Dr. P. J. Thomas, ew Economic adviser to the Financ e Ministry was appointed some thre e years ago by the Government of India to inquire into the working of the share markets and make recommendations to the Government on the type of control to be instituted. In February, 1947, Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan, who was then Finance Minister of the pre-partition Indian Government, announced in his budget speech that legislation would be undertaken to control Stock Exchanges. The present Finance Minister has, since then, made similar statements. It appears that Dr. Thomas has long ago submitted his report to Government. It has now been suggested that the Government may not publish the report. It is pertinent to ask why this report is not being published. The public are entitled to know the conclusions and recommendations of this special study. If the report is not published, it will only lead to the strengthening of diverse rumours that all is not well with the report.

Restore Confidence

An informal meeting of officials of the Reserve Bank of India and the Finance Ministry in the beginning of this year considered certain proposals regarding the future pattern of legislation. But further consideration was postponed presumably because of premature disclosures made in the press at that time. Officials of the Finance Ministry have been in the city during the last few days and they have been holding consultations with officials of the Reserve Bank as well as of the Government of Bombay. An officer of the Reserve Bank is to draw up a report for the consideration of the Government of India. It is to be hoped that the legislation that will emerge after so much preparation and consultation will not be merely doctrinaire but will be governed by practical considerations. The stock market has presented a cautiously depressed state for nearly two years now and nothing should be done to weaken it any further. Rather, it is fair to expect that everything should be done to rehabilitate the market and restore confidence in it. The proposed legislation must be of an enabling nature like the Bombay Forward Contracts Control Act of last year giving the Government wide powers which could be used whenever the need arises. It is to be hoped that the Finance Minister with his background of experience of business and financial affairs will pursue a line which will dispel all doubts and fears regarding the possibility of adoption of haywire measures.

NAGPUR, June 30, (A. P. I.): Fresh annual expenditure to the tune of rupees 85 lakhs to the provincial exchequer is the net result of the recommendations made by the Central Provinces and Berar Pay Committee whose report is now engaging the attention of the provincial Government.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, June 29.

A diplomatic corps consisting of four members of the Portuguese Cabinet, who arrived here a few days ago, it is learnt, have completed arrangements with the Pakistan Government for establishing a Portuguese legation in Karachi.

* * *

Reporting that Winston Churchill has declined to comment on Sardar Patel's report, Reuters correspondent, gives the assurance that in London, however, "India's sensitiveness to public references to her domestic affairs is known and understood."

Meaning by any chance, brother, that Churchill's "references" were references to India's actual "domestic affairs"?

* * *

Political quarters in London, the correspondent further assures us, interpret Mr. Churchill's remarks as meant not as an attack on the new Dominions but as one of his occasional outbursts against the British Government.

A condition that ought to cause anxiety in our opinion. Churchill ought immediately to be entered in a nursing home for prolonged and careful treatment.

By the way, brother, the patient didn't attack the new "Dominions."

* * *

The Fundamental Rights Committee of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly has, in its draft recommendations, suggested that there should not be any discrimination among the citizens on the grounds of religion, race, caste or sex.

Can a citizen aspire to Governor-Generalship or Prime Ministership without discrimination of sex, caste, race or religion? In short, can one aspire to citizenship without discrimination of sex, caste, race or religion?

* * *

At the trial of Mr. Khuhro, the Court has ruled that "the Ministers of the Provincial Government are public servants."

If recent reports about the introduction of Section 93 are correct the Provincial Ministers are presently going to be ruled as a public nuisance.

* * *

Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman is reported to have said recently that "the Qaid-i-Azam's word is law".

And yet there are some sceptics who simply cannot believe that—er—distinguished politicians are capable of speaking the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

* * *

Says the Republican Presidential nominee, Mr. Dewey of Americans: "We are the trustees of the hopes of two billion people all over the world."

We do hope he doesn't plan to rule the world in the name of the Trusteeship Council.

* * *

Washington report: Yugoslavia may receive 30 million dollars from the U.S. shortly in settlement of long disputed counter-claims between the two countries.

The Cominform—Yugoslav strategy seems to be achieving immediate results.

* * *

The Yugoslav Communist Party has declared that to Yugoslavia, the Cominform controversy was a "family quarrel" rather than a permanent clash.

The family, nevertheless had better look out. Family quarrels even in joint families frequently lead to permanent, and sometime extremely hostile, separation.

But, by the way, why wash the family linen with so much gusto and in bourgeous public at that?

* * *

The Polish press, we learn, has coined the phrase "Titoism" in accusing the Yugoslav leader of a "Fuehrer complex, overwhelming conceit ...." and has condemned Yugoslav communists as Tito's "blind followers" who are "drunk" with success.

The laundering, in a manner of speaking, continues.

RED MOVE TO SEIZE POWER

SEOUL, Korea, July 1 (Reuter): The American Army today released a translation of a confiscated document purporting to detail plans for a Communist uprising in south Korea early in July.

The document was confiscated by Chonju District police in South Korea from two members of the so-called "Flying Fighter Group."

It said: "Fighting will be started early in July by which time all Russian troops will be withdrawn from north Korea. The Peoples Army will then come down to South Korea (North Korean Communist Army) and unite with the South Korea Labour Party (Communist Party). Weapons will be brought in."

The document added that guarilla groups would continue fighting until a unified Government was realised.

A High American source said he did not doubt the authenticity of the document. He said similar documents had previously been captured. The Americans were not unduly disturbed.

Hubli Papers Run Short Of Newsprint

HUBLI, July 1, (A.P.I.): The daily newspapers here are faced with a shortage of newsprint due to transport difficulties.

It is reliably understood that the papers have hardly one week's stock of newsprint and if consignments do not arrive in time they may have to close down. The Transport Minister, Government of India, it is learnt, has been apprised of the position telegraphically.

OVERWHELMING VOTE AGAINST "COLOUR DISCRIMINATION"

I. L. O. Conference Deal To Two South African Amendments

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1, (Reuter): An amendment to insert an additional article to the Draft Convention on Freedom of Association, submitted by Mr. Arthur David Lee, South African Government delegate, was defeated by an overwhelming vote of 75 to 9 at a Plenary Session of the International Labour Organisation Conference.

The amendment was in essence the same as the one submitted earlier this week by South Africa which was also defeated. It proposed to introduce into the convention a separate clause on the principle of Article Five of the Philadelphia Convention which, while stating that all peoples are entitled to freedom of speech, said the manner of its application should be progressively applied in the light of the stage of development of a people.

Mr. Lee, in introducing the amendment, denied that it had anything to do with the colour problem.

"I have never found stronger legislation for a native population in trade union matters in the union of South Africa", he said.

"When you are dealing with a mass of illiterates they are open to exploitation often in the name of trade unionism itself or rather something that goes under the name of trade unionism. To put these round a table in negotiation with other bodies would be cynical and absurd.

The motion was seconded by Mr. William Gemmill, South African employers' delegate, after which 13 speakers spoke against it, with accusations of colour discrimination as the keynote.

British workers' delegate Mr. Alfred Roberts, described it as "a restrictive amendment".

Mr. S. Lall, India, said that while he was relieved to hear that it was not a question of colour, he thought that Mr. Lee had brought out a strong argument for regional conferences to discuss such matters.

Mr. A. M. Malik, Pakistan Government, declared "it is a lie that people are unscrupulously exploited in the guise of trade unionism".

END OF FOUR-POWER RULE IN BERLIN

Soviet Action May Widen Breach Between Western Powers & Russia Still Further

BERLIN, July 1 (Reuter):

RUSSIA TODAY ENDED THE FOUR-POWER RULE IN BERLIN AS THE THREE WESTERN ALLIES GAVE GERMAN PREMIERS IN THEIR ZONES TWO MONTHS TO FORM A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY—FIRST MAJOR STEP IN RETURNING RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT TO GERMAN HANDS.

The Soviets broke up the three-year-old Berlin Kommandatura by declaring it "no longer exists".

These two developments widened the East-West cleavage of Germany while a continuous stream of Allied planes flew food into blockaded Berlin in the biggest air operation since the Burma campaign.

Military Governors of the three Western Zones gave eleven German State Premiers of "Trizonia" deails of their plans in a 60-minute conference at Frankfurt.

RUSSIAN DENUNCIATION

Colonel Boris Kalinin, Soviet Chief of Staff in the Berlin Kommandatura, denounced four-Power rule of the city at a specially summoned meeting today.

"The Soviet representative will take no further part in the meeting of the Kommandatura at any level", he told British, French and United States representatives.

ALL-OUT STRUGGLE FOR BERLIN

With the formal Soviet declaration that the four-power Kommandatura in Berlin is at an end, Russia and the Western Powers now appear committed to an all-out political and economic struggle for the German capital.

From the short-term view, Britain, the United States and France are no doubt capable of organising the administration and economic life of the three western sectors of Berlin on a three-power basis.

(The most serious and immediate problem is the probability that the German administration of the city will be split into two rival bodies.

(From a long-term view, the Soviet action is expected to widen still further breach between the Western Powers and Russia, not only in Berlin itself but over the wider field of foreign policy.)

THREE-POWER BODY IMMINENT

The Western Allies are expected to take swift action probably by setting up a three-power body to govern their zones. A western "shadow Kommandatura" has been in action for several days arranging the distribution of food bought in by the air bridge operation. Colonel Frank Howley, the American Commandant who was attacked in the Soviet statement, indicated later that plans were well under way to maintain military administration of Berlin's western sectors on a tripartite basis.

SUPPLIES BY AIR

Scores of Britain's heaviest planes roared across the North Sea to Germany today to reinforce the huge Allied air supply service into west Berlin, cut off by road and rail since June 19.

A fleet of United States air transports is assembling at Westover Airfield, Massachussetts, to help break the Soviet blockade. Thirtysix planes are expected to leave almost immediately for Germany.

NEW TURN IN CITY SWEEPERS' STRIKE

(Continued from Page 1)

exploring the possibility of re-

Among other things the Municicruting sweepers from among the refugee population as substitutes.

They have despatched their representatives on a tour of different refugee camps at Kalyan, Powai, Mulund and other places, to recruit sweepers from among the refugees.

"The city has to do its own scavenging and not look on idly, until conditions become intolerable" said Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda in an Interview on the strike situation.

"I am prepared to take the lead, if sufficient response is forthcoming from the public to form volunteer squads to meet the situation" said Mr. B. R. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, as he emerged from a conference with the Ministers of Labour and Local Self-Government at the Secretariat.

ARRESTS AND PROCESSIONS

Following the arrest of 18 workers by the Delisle Road Police, nearly 400 women marched in a procession from Arthur Road, where they went on a sit down strike demanding the release of their arrested comrades. Later in the day, however' they dispersed.

400 workers of the Kurla Municipality also joined the strike.

All the drivers of the 116 Municipal lorries took out their vehicles but nothing could be done as the "loaders" were absent. In certain cases the loaders utilised the occasion for a joy ride, got into the lorries and were seen holidaying gleefully in the trundling lorries.

Although the strike was initially sponsored by the Bombay Presidency Sweepers' Union, large groups from the Municipal Kamgar Sangh also joined the strike. The Municipal Muzdoor and Municipal Workers' Union and three other minor unions of Municipal employees, have assured their sympathy and support to the strikers.

Volunteers of various Unions went about on cycles in the localities inhabited by sweepers and distributed handbills calling on them to stand together.

OTHERS JOIN

Mr. Danjbhai Jogadia, told a reporter of this paper: "Workers are very peaceful but police lorries are going about in the city accompanied by Municipal Head Supervisers, supervisers and the Labour officer. When the supervisers point out any person as a striker, he is arrested by the police."

Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, adviser to the Union said that the police were catching strikers by the scruff of the neck and dragging them to work. Government, he said, was unnecessarily interfering between the workers and the Municipality. He asserted that there was no intimidation but only a voluntary suspension of work'

FIGHTING FOR BREAD

He said that he did not object to the police intervening if there is violence, but when the workers were fighting for their bread, the police should keep off.

Early in the day the Municipal Commissioner went to the Secretariat for a series of conferences. After an hour and half's discussion with Mr. Nanda the Labour Minister, he said that it was the duty of every citizen to organise volunteers corps in the various localities to keep the homes and streets clean. Otherwise a serious threat to the health of the city would develop.

NANDA MEETS PRESSMEN

Mr. Nanda told pressmen that the Government had left no stone unturned to avert the strike. He was even willing to appoint a special adjudicator to go into the demands of the workers immediately. It was unfortunate that the workers ignored the written assurances given to this effect by him. He assured that the Government will give all possible assistance to the Corporation. He also promised full protection to those workers who choose to come to work.

GARBAGE PILES UP

Meanwhile a rapid tour of the city discloses, that while the main streets are comparatively free from dirt thanks to the downpour of last night, the garbage heaps inside compounds have begun to accumulate. Similarly in the markets and by-lanes garbage has begun to pile up.

Bhuleshwar, Fanaswadi, Dongri and Kamatipura are the most affected localities.

85 ARRESTED

The total number of persons arrested on various charges of intimidation and violence till evening was 85.

The largest number of arrests were made by the Dongri police being as many at 45. It was to protest against the arrest of these persons and to demand their release that nearly a thousand persons staged a demonstration in front of the Dongri police station. It is stated that demonstration seen because violent and the crowd began to pelt stones at the police. A Deputy Inspector, a Sub-inspector and a constable were injured before the police decided to open fire to disperse the crowd. Ten rounds were fired in all. Five persons were injured and one of them—a woman—died on the way to hospital.

The Police Commissioner has banned all meetings for a period of one week.

Corporation Appoints Informal Committee

BOMBAY, Thursday:

An informal committee composed of members from all parties was set up by the Municipal Corporation at its meeting today to help the Municipal Commissioner in handling the strike of the city sweepers.

Although two Communist members of the Corporation were critical of the handling of the negotiations preceding the strike by the Municipal Commissioner, the Corporation was unanimous in accepting his suggestion to set up the informal Committee.

The Corporation debate on the sweepers' strike question arose out of a motion by Mr. Ganpatishankar Desai, who having obtained priority, asked for the recording of the correspondence consisting of a set of three letters relating to the strike. These were, a letter from the Bombay Presidency Sweepers' Union putting forward the demands of the sweepers, a communication to the Municipal Commissioner from the Bombay Government conveying the Government's decision to refer the matter to adjudication and the Commissioner's covering letter to the Corporation.

Mr. Ganpatishankar Desai warmly commended the action of the Municipal Commissioner in asking for adjudication as wise and natural. In spite of the conciliatory attitude of the Commissioner as well as the Government, the Sweepers' Union decided to precipitated a strike. It was only last year that the sweepers and scavengers had their pay scales revised. The present demands were exorbitant and the Corporation did not have the financial ability to undertake any liabilities. The misguided leaders of the Bombay Sweepers' Union, encouraged by the success of their last strike, thought they could get anything they wanter, if only they pressed hard enough.

2,000 TURN UP FOR WORK

The Municipal Commissioner addressing the house gave a resume of the events leading up to the strike. He said that the figures of workers as well as strikers appearing in a section of the press were inaccurate. The actual number of workers on the conservancy staff was about 8,000 of whom 2,000 had turned up for work. A number of those who did not come were obviously afraid of intimidation tactics. He was hopeful that a much larger number of people would attend work tomorrow as adequate police arrangements were being made.

In this connection he referred to the sympathy and support from the leaders of the Municipail Kamgar Sangh, which he said could claim a greater membership than the 2,000 members on the roll of the Presidency Sweepers Union. .....

He said that the Corporation could not bear the financial liability involved in conceding the demands of the sweepers. But in spite of that the Corporation was willing to abide by the results of the adjudication. .....

As for the strikers they had nothing to lose by using the machinery of adjudication but much to gain if only their demands were held to be proper and legitimate. The Commissioner pointed out that the legal position was different from what it was in 1946, when they had held out for a fortnight. Today their strike was illegal. They constituted an essential service. A section of the Municipal workers, he said, were defying the law of the land.

NEED OF COMMITTEE

He was confident that if the worst happened the loyal section of Municipal employees would join the Corporators as well as the citizens in a parade to clean up the city.

He suggested that he would be considerably helped in his handling of the situation if an Informal Committee of members could be set up to keep in touch with him from day to day. He named Messrs. S. K. Patil, Dayabhai V. Patel, N. C. Bharuchae, M. Harris, Dinkar Desai, A. H. Mirze and Ganapatishankar Desai as members of the Committee.

Before the suggesting was accepted along with the motion for recording of the correspondence, Messrs. K. F. Nariman, N. C Bharucha, M Harris, Zulmiram Chowdhury, Dayabhai Patel, A. H. Mirza, G. G. Mehta and Mr G. G. Morarji also addressed the house

DEMANDS 'AT POINT OF BAYONET'

Mr. K. F. Nariman said that no self-respecting body could yield to demands, made year after year, at the point of the bayonet. "Last time we were caught napping. This must not happen again."

COMMISSIONER'S RETORT

Mr. Zulmiram Chowdhury, who struck a critical note, prefaced his remarks by recalling that on account of the last sweepers' strike, Mr. U.M. Mirchandani, who was then Commissioner had to go.

Mr. B. R Patel: 'If you want I will also go'.

Mr. Chowdhury: "No, Thanks".

He regarded the attitude of the Municipal Commissioner as unsympathetic and unreasonable. If the Corporation could find the money in case the adjudication had gone in favour of the sweepers, why could it not find the same money now, he asked.

Mr. Dayabhai Patel maintained that so long as Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla was adviser of the Union the chances of any compromise and settlement were remote.

Mr. G. G. Mehta pointed out that the workers had lost faith in adjudication because of unconscionable delays. He cited the instance of the demand for gratuity of the BEST workers which had dragged on for 18 month

CONGRESS ACTIVITIES IN STATES

Working Committee Directive To Parliamentary Board

NEXT PLENARY SESSION WILL BE HELD IN JAIPUR

NEW DELHI, July 1 (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee which met today with Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President, in the chair decided that the next plenary session of the Indian National Congress should be held in Jaipur towards the middle of December.

The Working Committee which met this morning in the A.I.C.C. Office discussed the question of implementation of the A.I.C.C. resolution on States, passed during the Bombay session and the resolution passed by the Working Committee in May last.

The Working Committee appointed a committee to go into this question and submit its recommendations to the Working Committee at its next meeting.

The members of the committee are: Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Dr. Profulla Ghosh, Mr. Gokul Bhai Bhatt, Mr. Kanyalal Desai and Mr. Kamal Nayan Bajaj.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is understood, acquainted the members of the Working Committee with the situation in Kashmir, the question of Hyderabad and India's attitude towards the United Nations Commission on Kashmir.

The Committee adjourned till 3 p.m.

All members except Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant and Prof. N. G. Ranga were present. Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, Government of India, and Acharya Vinoba Bhave attended by invitation.

PARLIAMENTARY ACTIVITIES IN STATES

The following resolution adopted by the Congress Working Committee was released to the Press:

"Whereas the Congress has decided to function directly in the acceding States and whereas the Working Committee has recognised, for the interim period, the regional Councils and Praja Mandals affiliated to the All-India States Peoples' Conference as Congress Committees, the Working Committee hereby directs that the parliamentary activities in these states should be subject to the same control as similar activities in the existing provinces of the Indian Union. For this purpose, the Working Committee directs the All-India Parliamentary Board to issue necessary instructions and to frame rules for the guidance of the Ministries in the States.

HYDERABAD AND KASHMIR SITUATIONS REVIEWED

The "United Press' learns that the Congress Working Committee, in its today's sittings, made a review of the latest situation in Hyderabad and Kashmir and it is believed that the whole position was explained to the members of the Working Committee.

Many important issues confronting the country and the present economic situation were discussed at the afternoon session of the Working Committee which was attended by Ministers of Food, Transport, Industry and Supply, Commerce and Relief and Rehabilitation, as special invitees, apart from those Ministers who are already in the Committee.

A review of the country's present food situation was given top-priority at the deliberations of the afternoon session, it is gathered. It is also learnt that the latest reports of the Foodgrains Policy Committee were distributed among the members of the Committee for their information.

U. S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

WASHINGTON, July 1, (U.P.A.): President Harry Truman, at a press conference today, forecast his nomination on the first ballot at the Democratic Party National Convention, and added that Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt would be acceptable to him as a vice-presidential nominee.

He rejected as a foolish question whether he would withdraw as a candidate in view of the reports of party opposition to him.

DEWEY CRITICISES TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION

ALBANY, July 1, (U.P.A.): Governor Thomas E. Dewey, Republican presidential candidate, charged today that the Truman Administration has confined bipartisan handling of American foreign affairs to the activities of the United Nations.

Dewey made the accusation after a lengthy conference with John Foster Dulles, his foreign affairs adviser and delegate to the United Nations.

Dewey said at the press conference that the Democratic Administration had not consulted Republican leadership on the Greek-Turkish poicy, the Potsdam Conference and agreements on the entire China policy, or "lack of one", said the Administration's switch on Palestine.

Wall Street Or Kremlin?

What is going to be India's foreign policy? India's Prime Minister has, of course, declared his firm determination to adopt an independent line in international affairs and not to be tied to any power blocs. But how far is it possible to follow this policy in a world torn between two conflicting ideologies? This topical issue is discussed in the next issue of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly".

The Glory Of Somnath

The historic Somnath temple has been in the news for some months now? Should be restored to its ancient glory—and how?

The King Who Wants To Design Tanks

He is King Faisal II, the boy King of Iraq, who is schooling in Britain at present. Do not miss this illustrated feature.

The Glorious Fourth

Today is the anniversary of the American Independence Day. We have a special article about that historic event and also on the Party Conventions in U. S. A.

All these special features make the next issue of the BCW of absorbing topical interest. Don't miss your copy of the

Bombay Chronicle Weekly

Sunday, July 4

R.I.A.F.'s New Acquisition

LUTON, (BEDFORDSHIRE), July 1, (Reuter): Three new British training aircrafts, the first to be delivered to the Royal Indian Airforce since its inception, will take off here tomorrow on the first stage of their 4,200-mile delivery flight.

The planes, Percival Prentice three-seater basic trainers, carrying the emblem of the Dominion of India, will be flown out in easy stages via France, Italy, Greece, Syria, Iraq to Ambala in India.

More aircraft of this type are under construction at Bangalore and the first Indian bulit Prentice is expected to be ready shortly.

Designed to British Air Ministry specifications, based on war-time training experience, the Prentice represents the very latest methods especially in applied flying and instrument training.

TERRORISTS KILL CHINESE OFFICER

SINGAPORE, July 1 (Reuter): Terrorists closed an eight week's toll of lives with the brutal murder of a Chinese agricultural officer at Telokanson, Southern Perak, last night.

Two Chinese dressed in khaki entered the house while the officer was having dinner and shot him in the back. They also shot his assistant through the stomach and shoulder.

The officer's wife who saw the shooting, ran to the police station only 500 yards away, but the killers escaped.

The officer died on his way to hospital, but the assistant was today out of danger.

Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya, left Colombo for London early today after being delayed here by engine trouble in the special Royal Air Force York plane bringing him home for consultations with the Colonial Office.

Sir Edward was the guest of Sir Henry Monck Mason Moore, Governor-General of Ceylon, during his stay.

Forty-one persons died in Malaya during May and June in terrorists attacks.

The death rate in Malaya's undeclared war increased during June, but British forces and the local police have struck back with increasing vigour, killing 5 Chinese terrorists in the last 4 days of June. The murder victims comprised 34 Chinese, three Europeans and 4 Malays.

Three Killed In Police Firing

Incident In West-Bengal Village

CALCUTTA, July 1 (API): Three persons were killed and several others injured when the police had to open fire on a crowd in village Dongajora in the suburban district of Twenty-Four Parganas yesterday.

It is stated that a police party seized nearly 400 maunds of paddy stored in a primary school in the village. Following this, it is alleged, on signal being given by peasant leaders by blowing conch shells and beating cymbals, etc., a large crowd of villagers, armed with deadly weapons, assembled on the spot and attacked the police party. The police had to open fire in self-defence.

Over half a dozen persons were arrested in this connection.

The Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas on receipt of information sent a police force and he himself also left for the scene of occurrence tonight with additional police reinforcements.

Government Press Note

A Press Note issued in connection with the sweepers' demonstrations says:

At 3-45 p.m. today (Thursday) a crowd of 500 to 1,000 sweepers, including women, approached the Dongri police station from the direction of Noorbaug with the obvious intention of storming the police station and releasing 45 persons who had been arrested earlier in the day. Two officers outside the police station met the crowd at the gate and dispersed it with a 'lathi' charge. The crowd was chased back as far as Noorbaug, but there it reformed itself and started stoning the police. A Dy. Inspector, a Sub-inspector and a sepoy were injured. The officers opened fire with revolvers and fired ten rounds as a result of which four persons, including an old woman, were injured. The woman died on way to hospital. The crowd then dispersed but part of it went in the direction of J.J. Hospital and there stopped a tram car and dragged a police constable out of the car, beat him and left him on the road. He was later picked up by another policeman and taken to hospital. The situation is now quiet.

Aussies Lead Over Surrey

CENTURIES BY BRADMAN & HASSETT

LONDON, July 1 (Reuter): When the match between Australians and Surrey resumed at the Oval today, the Australians were all out for 389 and Surrey, opening up their second innings had made up 173 runs for the loss of 6 wickets at close of play.

SOUND PARTNERSHIP

Both Hassett and Bradman completed a double against Surrey for each made a century in the first match against the County in May. The pair had added 231 for the second wicket before the Australian Captain was caught from a skier to deep mid-on. He batted 2 hours, 20 minutes for his 128 and hit 15 fours.

Miller was taken behind the wicket at 276 and Hassett, who had compiled his fourth century of the tour, was caught at mid-off after scoring 139 out of 289 in three hours. He hit 10 fours.

The fast scoring rate fell off when Loxton and Harvey came together and at 310 Loxton was neatly taken in the gully. By the luncheon interval the Australians stood 114 ahead with half their wickets intact. In two hours today they added 182 runs.

Despite the threatening and chill breeze about 7,000 people saw Australia lose their last 4 wickets for 54 after lunch.

Harvey foolishly ran himself out at 355 after batting 65 minutes, and 7 runs later McCool lost his off-stump. Saggers was badly missed by Watts in the gully in the same over, and the last two wickets went on to add 27 to give the Australians a lead of 168.

Brown, who split the little finger of his left hand while fielding yesterday, will take no further part in the match. He will not play against Gloucestershire but it is hoped he will be fit for the third Test.

Fishlock and Fletcher gave Surrey a good start with 44 in 35 minutes before Fletcher was stumped.

Fishlock was svere on Hammence, making three fours in one over, but Fletcher proceeded on sedate lines.

SCORE BOARD

AUSTRALIA (1ST INNINGS)

Hammence c Parker b Watts	0
Bradman c Barton b Squires	128
Hassett c Holmes b Watts	139
Miller c McIntyre b Surridge	9
Loxton c Surridge b Parker	8
Harvey (not out)	43
McCool b Surridge	26
Saggers b Squires	12
Ring (not out)	15
Toshack lbw b Constable	1
Brown (absent—hurt)	0
Extras	8
Total (all out)	389

Fall of Wickets: 1|6, 2|237, 3|276 4|289, 5|310, 6|355, 7|362, 8|386, 9|389.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Surridge	22	9	122	3
Watts	10	0	64	2
Parker	25	5	83	1
Bedser	20	1	85	0
Constable	27	1	23	1
Squires	10	2	24	2

Byes 5, leg-byes 1, no-balls two, by Surridge.

SURREY (SECOND INNINGS)

Fishlock st. Saggers b McCool	61
Fletcher st. Saggers b McCool	18
Squires c Toshack b McCool	13
Barton c Miller b Loxton	18
Parker (not out)	33
McIntyre b Toshack	11
Bedser st. Saggers b Toshack	3
Holmes (not out)	7
Extras	9
Total (for 6 wkts.)	173

Fall of Wickets: 1|44, 2|78, 3|94, 4|128, 5|150, 6|160.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Loxton	12	2	27	1
Hammence	4	0	22	0
McCool	27	6	67	3
Ring	15	4	36	0
Toshack	5	2	12	2

Byes 6, leg-byes 3.

NASIK POLICE OFFICERS JAILED

NASIK, July 1.

Two Sub-Inspectors of Police were sentenced to undergo imprisonment by the District and Sessions Judge, Nasik, on the charge of having beaten an accused for extracting from him confession of guilt.

It may be recalled that Waman Vithoba Shertate, a peon in the Office of the Collector of Nasik, lodged a complaint against Messrs. N. R. Nagarkar and G. R. Shinde, both Sub-Inspectors of Police on duty in Nasik City, that they beat him, causing injuries to his person, in order to extract confession of having committed a theft.

The Sessions Judge sentenced Mr. Nagarkar to undergo three months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, while Mr. Shinde was sentenced to undergo a month's simple imprisonment.

BATAVIA, July 1, (Reuter): The third Congress of the Indonesian Railway Workers Union meeting at Solo decided to urge Sobsi, the Indonesian Central Federation of Trade Unions, to send a delegation to the International Workers Congress at Warsaw, according to "Antara" the Republican news agency.

W. INDIES CRICKET TEAM'S TOUR

Complete Revised Itinerary In India

POONA, July 1, (A.P.I.): John Goddard of Barbados, who captained the West-Indies side in two Test Matches against England last winter has been selected to skipper the West-Indies touring team in India this winter.

The following is the complete revised itinerary of the West-Indies tour in India:

OCTOBER 16: ARRIVAL AT BOMBAY

October 19-20 vs. Indian Universities XI at Bombay.

October 23-25 vs. States, XI at Baroda.

October 28-30 vs. Ranji Trophy Champions (Holkar State XI at Indore.

November 3-6 vs. North Zone at Patiala.

November 10-14 First Test Match at Delhi.

November 19-21 vs. Sind Cricket Association at Karachi.

November 23-24 vs. N.W.F.P. XI at Peshawar.

November 27-29 vs. A Pakistan XI at Lahore.

December 3-6 vs. West Zone at Poona.

December 9-13 Second Test Match at Bombay.

December 15-17 vs. A.C.C.I. XI at Bombay.

December 20-22 vs. H. E. Governor's XI at Nagpur.

December 26-28 vs. H. E. Governor's XI at Calcutta.

December 31 to January 4th: Third Test Match at Calcutta.

January 7-9 vs. Bihar XI at Jamshedpur.

January 13-16 vs. East Zone at Lucknow.

January 21-24 vs. South Zone at Madras.

January 27-31 Fourth Test Match at Madras.

February 4-8 Fifth Test Match at Bombay.

February 12-13 vs. Mysore State Cricket Association at Bangalore.

The team leaves for Ceylon by air on 15th February, 1949.

The revision in the itinerary was necessitated by the insistence of Holkar State Cricket Association on having a fixture as the original fixture allotted to them was cancelled because of misunderstanding.

Doris Hart Beats Mrs. Dupont

WIMBLEDON, July 1 (UPA): Doris Hart, of Miami, Florida, today disposed of Mrs. Margaret Osborne Dupont, of California, from the Wimbledon Women's Championship by beating her in the semi-final match of this year's tournament, 6-4, 2-6, 6-3.

Playing a forced game that kept Mrs. Dupont on the defensive throughout the match, the 22-year-old third ranking American played combined strokes with headwork that won her a place in the final.

Saturday she will meet the winner of this afternoon's other All American semi-final between Louis Brough and Mrs. Patricia Canning Todd.

Dolly Hart, hailed by many experts as the most perfect young woman player in the world today, whipped the defending champion on her faster service and smarter net game.

Indian Olympic Hockey Team In Madras

MADRAS, July 1, (A.P.I.): The Indian Olympic Hockey team in their first match in Madras today at the M.C.C. grounds defeated the Anglo-Indians IX by four goals to two.

There was a large crowd to watch the play, the Mayor of Madras at the outset welcomed the visitors.

MAGISTRATE AS PEACE MAKER!

Postpones Cases Against Indians In S. Africa

DURBAN, July 1, (Reuter): The magistrate here, postponing cases against two Indians charged with illegally aiding and abetting Indians to enter Transvaal against the provisions of the 1946 Land Tenure Act, said today he wished Indian organisations in South Africa success in their representation to the Government.

The Magistrate, Mr. W. J. Van Lingen, said: "I only hope there will be some successful way out of all difficulties. I am not prepared to carry on there cases and cause unnecessary disturbance in the country among certain communities when here is hope at last that there may be an amicable settlement to the problem."

The two accused men were Mr. M. P. Naicker and Mr. S. V. Reddy, both of Durban.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 1.

Previous Closing	32.67
Today's Opening	32.55
Difference	—12
Today's Closing	32.63
Difference	—4

The New York Cotton market will remain closed on Saturday and Monday, 3rd and 5th July respectively.

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 1.

Silver Bullion Forward	Rs. 174 4
Silver Chambe	173 10
Gold Forward	114 10
Sovereign	75 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 1.

New York Stock exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining 38-3/8.
General Motors 63-3/4.
United States Steel Common 80-1/4.
United States Steel preference unquoted.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, July 1 (Reuter): Foreign Minister Bevin's non-surrender speech unsettled the London Stock Exchange today. There was subdued and cautious atmosphere whilst dealers discerned his warning that a grave situation may arise over the Berlin question.

Share prices in all sections were marked lower, but there was no marked attempt at selling.

Losses incurred were small. Industrials were upto six pence lower, and British Government stocks were generally three-sixteenth below the previous closings levels.

Tobacco shares recovered an initial loss of onethirty-second but were looking easier again at close.

Oils were dull. Anglo-Iranian lost one-sixteenth at eight and three-eighths. Burma's were weak at three and quarter. Canadian eagle provided one bright spot in this section. Buying lifted the price to three-two-six. Details of new capital issue are expected to be announced tomorrow's press para. Brazilian utilities were again sold and recorded losses several points.

Minings were inclined easier in sympathy with the trend of other sections.

R

Semolina (Wheat Sooji) is now available from all Government Grain Shops in Greater Bombay off the ration cards and without any restriction as to the quantity to be purchased by a person. The selling price is Annas Nine per lb.

Reorganisation Of Provincial Co-operative Bank

Structure To Be Modelled On Federal Basis: Government Decision On Committee's Recommendations

The Government of Bombay has passed orders on the recommendations of the Agricultural Credit Organisation Committee regarding the reorganisation of the District Central Co-operative Banks and the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Limited.

The structure of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd., will be remodelled on a federal basis; and it will assume responsibility for organising the provision of agricultural credit for credit worthy borrowers in all parts of the Province.

BANK'S BOARD

The Board of the Provincial Bank will be reconstituted on the lines indicated below:

Ten Representatives of Central banks: One for each of the following Central banks. (1) Ahmedabad, (2) Broach, (3) Surat, (4) East Khandesh, (5) Sholapur, (6) Poona, (7) Bijapur, (8) Karnatak, (9) Belgaum, (10) Kanara; Seven Representatives of Agricultural Credit Societies: One for each District where the Provincial Bank functions as a central bank; (1) Nasik, (2) West Khandesh, (3) Ahmednagar (4) Satara, (5) Thana and Kolaba, (6) Kaira, (7) Panch Mahals and Ahmedabad; one representative of the Banking Unions or other agencies functioning as financing agencies: (1) Wada Banking Union, (2) Kalol and Halol, (3) Poorva Panch Mahals, (4) Barsi Central Bank; one representative of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Marketing Society; four representatives of Urban Banks; One for each linguistic division and Bombay City; five representatives of individuals: three Nominees of Government (including one Banking or Financial Expert); and the Managing Director (Ex-Officio.)

POWER OF INSPECTION

There will be an executive Committee consisting of the Chairman, the Managing Director and five other Directors.

By making suitable amendments in its bye-laws, the Bombay Provincial Co-perative Bank, will obtain power to inspect and supervise the working of the central banks and banking unions. There will be a corresponding set of provisions in the bye-laws of the central units. The provision will include authority to prescribe minimum stipulations regarding the supply of agricultural credit.

The boards of management of the central banks will be similarly reorganised on a uniform basis so as to have at least half the number of Directors to represent the co-operative institutions affiliated to it.

The most suitable form in which, in the present conditions, the Government can give assistance is by subscribing to the share capital of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd., The extent of such contribution will be limited to the amount subscribed by individuals and co-operative societies, but not exeeding Rs. 50 lakhs. This should carry the same rate of dividend as the ordinary share capital, but any payment made to the Government in excess of a return of 3 per cent. per annum on the capital subscribed by it will represent a contribution to a special credit stabilisation reserve to be maintained by the Bank. The Bank will have the option to arrange for the gradual repayment of the share capital after the initial period of five years, should it be in a position at that stage, to command adequate owned resources. No voting rights will attach to this shareholding. The Government will have, however, the reserve power to frame and impose bye-laws.

SUBSCRIPTION TO SHARE CAPITAL

The constitution of the Provincial Bank will provide for its contributing to the share capital of the central banks and banking unions to the extent that these institutions raise share capital from their members. The amount of the Provincial Bank's subscription to the share capital of the central banks and banking unions will, however, be limited to an aggregate sum of Rs. 25 lakhs, with a maximum of Rs. 5 lakhs for any one amount of subscription to the share institution. For the aggregate capital of the central banks and banking unions, the Provincial Bank may receive from the Government a contribution equivalent to the actual amount subscribed. This contribution by the Government will, however, not be in excess of Rs. 25 lakhs and it will bear interest at 3 per cent. per annum. In case, the return to the Provincial Bank on its investments in the share of the central banks and banking unions is in excess of 3 per cent. per annum, such credit stabilisation reserve mentioned above.

NO VOTING RIGHTS

No voting rights will attach to the shareholding of the Provincial Bank in the share capital of the central banks and banking unions, but it will have the power to frame and impose bye-laws relating to the provision of credit.

In connection with the conduct of the Government Treasury Operations at centres other than those served by the branches of the Imperial Bank of India, the Government will examine, in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India, the possibility of entrusting the work to the branches of the Provincial Bank or to approved central banks and banking uions.

To meet the demands of agriculturists for the expeditious disposal of applications for loans and the prompt disbursement of funds, the Provincial Bank and the central banks and banking unions will take steps to open additional branches or pay offices. The Government will provide subsidies, not in excess of the losses in the working of such units on a basis to be settled in consultation with the Bombay Co-operative Banks' Association. Such subsidies will be tenable in respect of each unit for three years only, in the first instance.

The machinery for supervision and inspection will be reorganised on the lines recommended in the resolution on the subject adopted at the recent session of the Provincial Co-operative Conference.

The recommendations of the Committee in regard to the facilities for creating a charge in favour of agricultural societies and expediting recovery have been accepted and are embodied in the amended Bombay Co-operative Societies' Act.

Our Malwa Letter

INTERFERENCE IN MATTERS OF STATE PROPERTY

Allegation Against Princes Of Covenanting States

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, June 30:

The Rajpramukh this week took over the administration of three Muslim States of Kurwai, Pathari and "Mohammadgarh. One wants to know the figures of assets and liabilities of these tiny States, but it is learnt that the figures are not ready. The remaining 16 States were taken over simultaneously on 29th inst. Muslim State Jaora's question of succession is in dispute, and until it is decided by the States Minnistry, its administration cannot be taken over. In fact, even the Covenant has not yet been signed on behalf of Jaora, as there is no competent man to do that.

There are complaints that there has been much interference in the States' property, as distinct from personal property, by the princes of most of the Covenanting States.

The Prime Minister Pandit Liladhar Joshi announced the other day at a Press Conference that the Cabinet has accepted the Venkatachari Committee's recommendations in regard to the formation of districts in Malwa, and the Union will have 22 districts including the existing 11 and 5 districts of Gwalior and Indore respectively. The Premier also indicated that the British I.G. of Police Mr. Marsh will retire on 30th inst. This is a bold decision indeed.

The housing problem in the capital is proving to be very acute and even the ministers are finding it difficult to get accommodation.

The telephone working in the capital is also very unsatisfactory which is probably due to high pressure. The Government at home must immediately move the Government at Centre for supply of a new plant at Indore which is over-due since long.

It is learnt that the Government has appointed a Director for Harijan uplift on a four-figure salary.

The last event of the week under review is the arrival of the outgoing Permanent Secretary of the AICC Mr. Sadiq Ali in the capital. He will try to evolve a formula for setting-up of the new PCC for Malwa Union.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATORS

The Malwa Government has appointed Messrs. Manoharsingn Mehta, T S. Gokhale and Vaidehicharan Parashar, as the Chief Administrators of six new Districts with their Head Quarters at Ratlam, Dhar and Rajgarh respectively. These are trusted workers of Praja Mandal and were ministers in the former Cabinets of Indore and Gwalior State. Mr. R.S. Sharma Praja Mandal worker and former minister of Jhabua State has been appointed Administrator at Narsingarh.

The Working Committee of the Indore Rajya Praja Mandal has resolved that Ministers and other officials of the Government will not be allowed to remain as members of the Working Committee of the Praja Mandal.

The Working Committee has expelled Mr. Bal Krishna Seth (Khargone) from the primary membership of Praja Mandal for one year. Mr. Seth, who was a member of the Praja Mandal Party in the Indore Legislative Council, was found to have voted to a non-Praja Mandal Party candidate in the elections to the Interim Legislature of Malwa Union.

It is reported that the Central India Committee of the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund has collected Rs. 7 lakh. Its drive for collection has been intensified since this week.

It is announced that the Food Minister of Malwa Mr. Radhelal Vyas has convened Central India Food Conference on July 15, 16 and 17 at Indore to consider the present food situation in the Province.

The General Secretary of the AICC Mr. Shankerrao Deo is expected to visit Indore by the middle of July in connection with the organisational work of the Congress and the Gandhi Fund collections.

The inaugural session of the Interim Legislature of Malwa Union is expected to meet before the end of August, it is understood from enquiries in informed quarters.

JAMADAR KIDNAPPED BY SMUGGLERS

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 29.

A Gang of Smugglers on the Indo-Pakistan borders is said to be responsible for the kidnapping of a Police Jamadar Sohrab Khan Khoso attached to Rahimki Police Thana. This Jamadar was specially engaged on Pakistan-Cutch Border in apprehending the smugglers whose activities of late seem to have increased to a great extent

The smugglers are now demanding a large sum for the safe return of Sohrab Khan, from his relatives.

The D. S. P. Tharparkar has been apprised of this and he is now busy making investigations.

THIS WEEK'S FILM-FARE

Ann Sothern and Jack Carson in "April Showers" at the Regal.

REGAL

Music And Dancing In "April Showers"

A musical romance with a new flourish, laid in the nostalgic 1912 period against flamboyant San Francisco, accents Warner Bros., newest musical piece, "April Showers", with Jack Carson and Ann Sothern starts at the Regal from today.

Besides the particular bustle of the period and its accompanying romantic drama which is presented, 'April Showers' also introduces a new Jack Carson. Usually associated with straight comic assignments, the performer reveals a fuller scope to his marked talent. He hoofs, sighs, clowns .. and delivers a particularly fine dramatic characterisation. Miss Sothern is, as always, charming and beautiful. Her singing and dancing is another bright mark in the proceedings.

Young Bobby Bills, who hails from radio, makes a good impression as the young son, bent on following the footlights. Robert Alda supplies the other member of the adult triangle, and also is called on for singing and dancing chores. Sakall's presence in the east assures much humorous and appealing comedy.

Running through the story is a series of excellent songs and acts, which LeRoy Prinz has created and staged with distinction. James V. Eera's direction is smooth and gets much out of the 1912 period.

"April Showers" carries a touching story, and is enlivened with its bright array of music and dancing.

METRO

"Lady-Killer" In 'The Hucksters'

With the one-and-only Gable, and England's gift to American films, Deborah Kerr, heading an all-star cast, "The Hucksters" has been brought to the Metro as a high-wide-and-handsome adaptation of Frederic Wakeman's best-seller novel revealing the frenzied activities that go on behind the scenes of a radio advertising agency.

The bombastic story, moving at a breakneck pace, casts Gable as the ingratiating Vic Norman who comes back from the war with fifty dollars in his pocket, spends most of it on a necktie that will impress the head of the Kimberly Advertising Agency, and ends up by impressing everyone else, including the insulting and imperious soap manufacturer Evan Llewellyn Evans who hires him to put over a "Love That Soap" radio program, spurs him on to some diverting Hollywood intrigues in an effort to lure a comic away from a rival sponsor, and almost but not quite succeeds in breaking up his romance with the lovely and aristocratic Kay Dorrance.

This is the sort of role that Gable plays to perfection. He 'looks' and 'is' fast-talking, charm-making, love-making Vic Norman, who sweeps everyone and everything before him until he meets a girl whom success and money can't touch.

FRENCH FILM IN CITY

"Fievres" To Be Screened At Excelsior

A show of the Tino Rossi film "Fievres", is being arranged by the Alliance Francaise of Bombay under the patronage of Monsieur H. de Limairac, consul for France, at the Excelsior Theatre on Sunday the 11th July at 10-30 a.m.

Tino Rossi sings in the film some beautiful lyrics. He is well supported by Jacqueline Delubac and Madeleine Soloque. The English subtitles are by George Slocombe.

The producer of the film is Jean Dellanoy and director, Jean Mugele.

The film has been obtained by the Alliance Francaise through Western India Theatres.

Tickets may be booked at the Excelsior Theatre of the Alliance Francaise between 11 a.m and 5-30 p.m on weekdays and between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays

The Alliance will stage a French play on the 14th July The producer is Madame Bouffandeau, wife of the French Vice-Consul The function will be held under the patronage of Monsieur H. de Limairac, Consul for France.

STRAND

Second Week Of "Sitting Pretty"

The highly popular Twentieth Century-Fox picture "Sitting Pretty" starring Rbert Young, Maureen O'Hara and Clifton Webb, is having a second week's run at the Stand from today.

PARADISE

This week, the film "Under Two Flags", starring Ronald Colman, Claudette Colbert, Rosalind Russell and Victor McLaglen will be shown at the Paradise.

BANDRA

From Saturday to Tuesday, the film "The Lady from Shanghai," featuring Rita Hayworth and Orsan Welles, will be shown at this theatre. From Wednesday to Friday next "Dead Reckoning," starring Humphrey Bogart and Lizabeth will be shown.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

REGAL— "Humoresque", with Joan Crowford and John Garfield. 10 a.m.
PARADISE— "The Outlaw," starring Jane Russell and Jack Buetel. 10-30 a.m.

CLARK GABLE has a new screen sweetheart in Deborah Kerr, noted English star, who makes her first appearance in "The Hucksters," current attraction at the Metro.

WOMEN DACOITS RAID DELHI HOSPITAL

Beat Secretary And Try To Decamp With Rs. 6,000

NEW DELHI, July 1 (A.P.I.): Miss Heather Round Turner, 29, secretary of St. Stephen's Hospital, Delhi is lying in that hospital in a serious condition following an attack alleged to have been made on her by two women, who, it is stated, after having beaten her up and robbed her of Rs. 6,000 attempted to burn her alive. The two women, one of whom is described as a British Jewess and the other an Indian Christian, were arrested.

According to police reports, Miss Turner was sitting in her office counting out the salaries of the hospital staff. Two well dressed women entered the room and asked for accommodation. As Miss Turner got up to find out what could be done for them the two women fell on her and beat her, one of them bolting the door. Miss Turner fell to the ground and the two visitors battered her head against the floor. As Miss Turner lay apparently unconscious, the attackers piled cushions and papers on her and set fire to them. In the meantime they gathered the salary money and seeing that the fire they had applied to the cushions and papers was going out they left the room to find some more combustible material.

Meanwhile, Miss Turner seized the opportunity to escape and dragged herself out of the room. Dr Alison Barnaby, who is in charge of the hospital, appeared on the scene by chance and rushed to the aid of Miss Turner. Dr. Barnaby later noticed two women trying to leave the hospital premises. She ordered the servants to close the gates and held up the women with the aid of the staff till the police arrived. On a search being made the stolen amount of Rs. 6,000 was found in the person of the two women who had attacked Miss Turner. Both were then taken into custody

REMANDED INTO CUSTODY

The two women who were arrested in connection with the attack on Miss Heather Round Turner, Secretary, St. Stephen's Hospital, Delhi, were produced before a magistrate on a charge of voluntarily causing hurt in committing robbery.

The magistrate remanded them into custody. They gave their names as Miss Rachel Ezra and Miss W. Rath and said they were residents of Bombay.

According to hospital authorities Miss Turner's condition is serious but she is making "fairly satisfactory progress."

CONGRESS WORKER ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent.)

GWALIOR, (By Mail).

Shri Satya Deva a Punjab Congress Worker was arrested here on June 27 in connection with his hunger-strike in sympathy with Gwalior State postmen and lower grade postal employees, who are on strike since June 21. Meetings, demonstrations, processions, etc. within the municipal limits have been banned by the authorities. Shri Prarelal, a postman, has also announced his intention of starting hunger-strike.

SAXENA ON "SCOPE FOR SERVICE"

NEW DELHI, July 1 (UPI).—"A new spirit inspired by the high ideals of Mahatma Gandhi is being born in the Secretariat of the Government of India, and the members of the Secretariat have realised that there is an ample scope for service," said Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation Government of India, addressing the volunteers of the "Self-help Squad" which went to Nizamuddin extension area this morning.

Addressing the refugees, Mr. Saxena appealed to them to co-operate with the Government in their programme of dispersal of refugees to other provinces and States where arrangements for their rehabilitation had been made.

A promise was also made by the Minister that an institution would be established by August, which will impart training to 500 refugees to enable them to earn their livelihood as they could not live on State charity for all times.

DISPLACED VAIDS AND HAKIMS FROM PAKISTAN

NEW DELHI, July 1 (API) To effect speedy rehabilitation of Vaids and Hakims displaced from Pakistan, the Government of India have asked the various provinces and States to waive the restrictions obliging them to sit for certain examinations or to get themselves registered before starting practice, says a press not.

APPEAL TO WITHOLD LOANS TO FRANCE

WASHINGTON, June 30, (UPA): New York industrialist Alfred Bergman today appealed to six Government agencies and to the World Bank to withold any loans from France until his claim for a dol. 250,000,000 fee "is satisfied."

He claimed that the money represents a promised 10 per cent of French funds unfrozen for use by the Free French forces early in the war. He said that he was instrumental in getting the funds released from the United States Treasury.

He made his petition to the World Bank the Economic Co-operation Administration, the State Department, the Export-Import Bank, the Federal Reserve Board the United States Treasury and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

BARODA PREMIER'S QUICK ACTION TELLS

Girl Of 11 Saved From Being Wedded To Man Of Sixty

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 1.

The interesting incident in which Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Premier of Baroda State, took prompt action and saved one young girl from being wedded to an old man has come to light.

It is stated that a sixty-year-old man in Saniad village of Korjan Taluka had contracted to marry a young minor girl of 11 Some person informed Dr. Jivraj Mehta at Miagam station when he was going to Navsari. Dr. Mehta gave immediate order to the vahivatdar to inquire into the matter. This immediate action stopped the marriage and it is learnt statements have been taken of the old bridegroom and parents of the young girl that they would not perform the marriage.

National Coal Commission To Be Set Up In India

PATNA, June 30 (API)—As a result of consultation between the Government of India and the Bihar Ministry, a substantial measure of agreement has now been reached over the provisions of the Bihar abolition of zamindari's bill relating to mining interests which have been subject of controversies in recent weeks, it is reliably learnt.

The net effect of the negotiations between the two Governments is that the existing mining properties both working and actively prospected, are to be left as they are by the provincial Government for the duration of their present leases, except that henceforth the provincial authorities will receive the royalties which have hitherto been paid to the proprietor zamindars. Virgin area lease-holds, which have not been positively prospected, will pass to the Bihar Government, whether compensation will be paid for such land is not known.

NATIONAL COAL COMMISSION

Early steps are being taken by the Government of India to set up a national coal commission and a bill for the purpose will probably come before the legislature in the August session of the Constituent Assembly. Other coal matters to be incorporated in the bill will include a standard form of mining lease for use throughout India including Bihar. The result of the consultations between the provincial Government and the Government of India has been, according to official circles, that the Bihar Government "will step into shoes of the landlords."

21,000 PLACED IN EMPLOYMENT IN MAY 1948

For the eighth month in succession, the Employment Service of the Ministry of Labour has set up a new record in the number of persons placed in employment. During May 1948, 21,120 men and women were found jobs by the 54 Employment Exchanges in India, bringing the total number of persons placed in employment since the inception of the Resettlement and Employment Organisation to 3,68,445. The monthly figure represents an increase of 2,546 over the record number of persons placed in employment in April 1948, and of 7,365 over that of May 1947 in undivided India, when 70 Exchanges were working. The number of displaced persons from Pakistan, included in the total, placed in May 1948 rose to 6,161 bringing the total placements of such persons to 37,896.

NUDITY NOT A CRIME

BANGKOK, (Reuter) : Nudity is no crime in Siam, according to a decision of the Bangkok Criminal Court.

The court recently acquitted a Chinese shop-keeper when the police charged with selling art model magazines featuring pictures of nude women.

The judge ruled: "Public fashion now accepts many things which were formerly considered taboo.

"At one time, it was considered sinful for a male person even to touch a female stranger. But things are now different."

RAJKOT GOES DRY

Local Distillery To Be Used For Making Articles Of Public Utility

RAJKOT, July 1 (API): Rajkot has gone dry from today so far as country liquor is concerned. Most of the liquor consumed here is locally manufactured.

All retail liquor shops have been closed and so also the local distillery which it is proposed to utilise for manufacturing articles of public utility.

With the introduction of prohibition in part of Saurashtra, the Union Government have under consideration a scheme to utilise palm trees for manufacture of jaggery.

MYSORE LABOUR LEGISLATION

Industrialists Oppose New Measure: Committee On Land Revenue

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail): The recent labour legislations aimed at the amelioration of labour conditions in the State sponsored by Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Minister for Law and Labour, who has worked and fought for the cause of labourers in the State for over a decade, does not seem to have been well received by the industrialists although the same has been lauded by the public in general and the labourers in particular.

Typical of such a criticism is one from Mr. G. A. Acharya who, in his presidential address to the 32nd annual general meeting of the Mysore Chamber of Commerce held recently, said: "The recent spate of Labour Legislation of the Mysore Government has set a problem for the industries of the State. While all recongnise that labour should be helped to earn a decent living, the Government must also take into account the conditions of different industries in the State. Actually, the financial obligations cast upon industries by way of insurance schemes, housing, minimum wage, etc., are such as to overwhelm them.

Mr. Acharya complained that while Government were anxious to specify the obligations of industrialists, they had not been able similarly to make labour realise its responsibilities. Labour troubles are occuring so frequently, he added, that the production programme is completely upset and all efforts at stepping up production have not been successful inspite of sincere efforts to meet labour demands.

LAND REVENUE REVISION.

The constitution of a Committee for the revision of Land Revenue system in the State is a long felt want which was being urged by members in both the Houses of Legislature of the State. The Committee under the chairmanship of the President, Mysore Lagislative Council, consists of 27 members. Seeing the number of members in the Committee one person aptly remarked: "It seems to be a little Legislative Council." Many, however, opine that the Government would have done better in constituting a committee with half the present number and including therein some experts on Land Revenue system.

The Press Note by the Government giving the names of members of the Committee and the terms of reference, however, does not specify any "deadline" for submitting the report of the Committee.

From early next month Bangalore will have a new College giving instructions in Law courses. This is a new Faculty in the University of Mysore. Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Minister for Law, expressed the hope recently at the State Lawyers Conference that it was the intention of the Government to start a Law College from the Academic year 1948-49. Now this has become an accomplished fact. Mr. M. Narayana Rao, an Advocate of Bangalore, has been appointed the Principal of the College.

Privy Purse Of Malwa Princes

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, (By Mail) : The States Ministry of the Government of India has convened a meeting of the 20 Princes of covenanting States of Malwa at Delhi on July 6 when a decision with regard to their privy purses will be taken. The purses of the Rluers of Gwalior and Indore State have already been fixed at Rs. 25 and 17 lakhs respectively.

Regional Council For Central India

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, (By Mail) : In accordance with the agreement reached on June 28 between the representatives of the C. I. Regional Council of the A. I. States' People's Conference, Ajmer Provincial Congress Committee and Praja Mandal organisations of Indore city, the new Provincial organisation in C. I. will be named as the Central India Reigonal Council. This decision was taken in the presence of Mr. Sadiq Ali, Permanent Secretary of the A.I.C.C., as required by the new Constitution of the Congress.

This Council will be composed of 80 existing members of the Council plus 17 delegates from the existing Congress organisation in Central India. 2 of the latter also joining the present Executive Committee of the Council.

The Committee at Indore will comprise 7 representatives each of the Indore Congress and Praja Mandal organisations. These 14 will elect their President and this new body of 15 will form the local organisation at Indore.

HONOUR FOR GUJARAT WELFARE WORKER

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 30.

Mr. Mohanlal Vyas, who after graduating from the Junagadh State College had worked for five years as Secretary of the Bhavnagar Majoor Mahajan prior to being appointed as the Labour Welfare Officer at Ahmedabad, has recently received a Fellowship from the United Nations Organisation for a further study of industrial welfare and allied labour problems. Mr. Vyas will fly to Geneva en route to the United Kingdom on June 30.

Another Junagadh College graduate, Mr. Shyama Prasad Vasavada, who gravitated to Ahmedabad to study the questions of the betterment of the working-classes and the enrichment of public life as essential conditions for the humanisation of industry, left for New Delhi on June 26 to give evidence before the committee of experts appointed by the Government of India to investigate the questions relating to the living wage, profit sharing, reward for capital and allied matters. He was accompanied by Mr. Shantilal H. Shah, another witness to give evidence at New Delhi.

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION

Two Women Immured In Dark Room For Three Years

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 30

What would be construed at first sight as "ben trovato," were it not true, recently sent a thrill of horror through all strata of the population at Junagadh.

Two persons from Mahuva complained to Mrs. Pushpaben Mehta, Junagadh Minister of Education, how a young Mahuna women named Monghi, sent to her husband Prabhudas's house at Junagadh after her marriage three years ago, had been "cabin'd, cribb'd and confin'd" in a dark room along with her sister-in-law named Divali. So desperate had all along been Monghi's plight at Junagadh that she was not allowed to pay a flying visit to Mahuva on the occasion of her father's death.

Inquiries soon instituted by the police to get to the bottom of the harrowing tale unfolded by Monghi's uncle Harjivan disclosed to the Panch present when the locked room in which Monghi and Divali had been immured was thrown open how the two women quaking with fear crept out of their cloister. They frankly confessed to the police that they had not seen the beneficent rays of the sun nor had they exchanged a word with any one for the last three years

The emancipated women were committed to the care of Mrs. Pushpaben Mehta at her residence. The rank and file of the Junagadh residents were on the tip-toe of expectancy for hearing the sensational depositions presently to be made before the investigating magistrate by the two females and others.

Indian Diplomatic Appointments

NEW DELHI, July 1, (UPI): According to a Press Communique issued today, the Government of India have appointed Mr. Dharam Yash Dev as their Commissioner in Mauritius with headquarters at Port Louis.

Mr. Dharam Yash Dev will be proceeding to Mauritius shortly.

A Press Communique issued today announces:

The Government of India and the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg have decided to establish diplomatic relations at legation level and are confident that the friendly relations already existing between them will thereby be further strengthened to their mutual benefit.

The Government of India have decided to accredit Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, their Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Switzerland, as also their Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Holy Sea, says a Press Note issued today.

Disappointing Export Demand And Favourable Crop Reports Tell On N. Y. Cotton

Further Small Improvement In Wall Street

NEW YORK, June 30.

COTTON: Opened quiet with early losses reflecting light liquidation and hedges. The trade remained indifferent reflecting no improvement in export demand and generally favourable crop accounts. On the otherhand, some grasshopper damage is reported in Mississippi. Although the Mid-June parity price was higher, this had already been discounted on the futures market. Market became more active during later dealings with increased liquidation against nearby July in fluencing the entire list. Disappointing export inquiries and favourable crop reports continued to be cited as the chief restrictive factors. The session closed barely steady. Sales are estimated at 120,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING.

	New York June 30.
July	35 28—30
October	32.67—24
October Highest	32.88—03
October Lowest	32.67—24
December	32.36—18
March	32.21—13
May	32.05—13
Middling Spot	36.89—32

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS.

	New York June 30.
July	35.21—48
October	32.63—25
December	32.31—21
March	32.15—17
Middling Spot	35.60—30

WALL STREET MARKET.

STOCKS: Maintained a rally but only by small margin, as numrous traders paid only passing attention to the firmness of London and the reduced tension in the European political situation. Changes eitherway were mainly fractional in quiet trading with gains holding a slight advantage and including leading steels, foods, minings, oils, chemicals, rubbers, soft-drinks and rails. Wet stocks came occasionally under pressure with a sharp drop in sales to consumers because of the high prices. The averages were industrials 183.49 and rails 6227. In the afternoon selected rails, steels, oils, motors and specialities led a rally which brought the market liberally distributed gains mostly covering one dollar or more with activity showing only occasional signs or broadening. The rail average approached to within a easy striking distance of the earlier 1948 high level aided by a gain of five points to 112 in union pacific in which the two for one stock split is effective tomorrow and more than eight points to a new high level of 83 in New York Chicago, St. Louis on its good earning and dividend prospects. Atchison was up one point to 114 despite some disappointment at the only regular dividend declared. Increased profit-taking reduced earlier gains in numerous sections notably rails, oils and steels. The session closed very steady, somewhat under the day's best with gains mostly covering one dollar.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Wheat was a trading affair with selling against continued favourable crop prospects offset by lifting of hedges against both cash wheat to the C. C. C. as well as further sales to Norway and Holland. The prospective four cents per bushel increse in the wheat loan rate was also helpful. Nearby coarse gains firmed under the leadership of maize reflecting prospective feeding demands. However, extreme advances were latterly pared because of Nebraska reporting that the maize crop outlook was excellent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	155-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	38-1/4
Chase National Bank (ex. div.)	34-3/4
Sinclair Oil	29
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	52-3/8
General Electric Co.	41-1/8
General Motors	63-3/4
Ingersoll Rand New Stock (correct)	76
International Nickel	31-5/8
National City Bank of New York	39-1/4
New York Central Railroad	16-5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	21
Texas Corporation	63-1/4
Union Carbide New Stock	42
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	51-3/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	80-3/4
Western Union Telegraph	22-1/2

NEW YORK SILVER.

NEW YORK, June 30.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES UNCHANGED.

NEW YORK, June 30, (U. P. A.): Black pepper prices closed inactive and nominally unchanged on the New York Market today.

Closing prices included: July, 54 nom.; September, 53 nom.; October, 52 nom.; December, 49; January, 47 March/May, 46; all nominal.

On the ready market, black was quoted at 57 cents per pound asked and white pepper 70 cents asked.

PICK UP IN INQUIRIES ON WORTH STREET.

NEW YORK June 30, (U. P. A.): On the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today, dealers noted a pick up in inquiries from small bag manufacturers and continued firm position for print cloth fabrics.

Reduced inventories held by bag makers and quickening inquiry for bags from flour, seed and feed trades stirred interest in sheetings wanted for fill-in purposes although some inquiries developed for the third quarter delivery.

WOOL TOPS CLOSE STEADY.

NEW YORK, June 30, (U. P. A.): Wool tops closed steady, one to ten lower on the New York market today.

Closing prices included: July, 196—199; October, 197.5—199; December, 196—197.5; March, 194.4—194.8.

Junagadh Government has revised export duties on Groundnuts, groundnut seeds, groundnut oil and groundnut oilcake with effect from 24th June on export outside the state by land and sea, as under:—

(1) Groundnut Re. 0-12-0 Per deshi maund of 40 lbs. inclusive of port charges.

(2) Groundnut seeds Rs. 1-0-0 Per deshi maund of 40 lbs. inclusive of port charges.

(3) Groundnut oil Rs. 1-8-0 Per deshi maund of 40 lbs. inclusive of port charges.

(4) Groundnut Cake Re. 0-8-0 Per deshi maund of 40 lbs. inclusive of port charges.

City Markets

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 1.

The local cotton market was again weak today and yesterday's decline was carried further under increased selling pressure as pointed out before the market outlook remains disappointing suggesting lower prices in the long run.

At the opening July contract was quoted at Rs. 661 and steadily declined at Rs. 651 September opened at Rs. 648 and after improving at Rs. 650 eased off at Rs. 636.

Under steady selling September contract was pressed down at Rs. 633 when scattered short covering appeared and a rally of Rs. 5 from the lowest level was recorded. The Session concluded at 2 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	653-8-0
I.C.C. Sept.	638-0-0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, June 30.

	High.	Low.	Close.
July	675	658	660/8
September	660	646	647

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton July Contract is 977 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

MID-JUNE COTTON PARITY.

NEW YORK, June 29.

Mid-June parity price for cotton 31.12, compared with mid-May 31.00 and June last year 28.52.

SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, July 1.

The local stock exchange remained officially closed today, being a Bank holiday.

The sentiment seemed to be firm, and privately Tata Steel Deferreds were quoted around Rs. 1,625.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, July 1.

The local bullion market ruled steady today with moderate business passing.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 174-4 and after losing two annas at the outset advanced steadily to Rs. 174-10 under scattered buying. At this stage liquidation set in, and the price reacted to its opening level of Rs. 174-4.

Ready silver stood higher by an anna.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114-12 and after fluctuating narrowly between Rs. 114-9 and Rs. 114-13 steadied around Rs. 114-10.

Ready gold was quoted six annas higher.

Sovereign was priced at Rs. 75.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	174	7	0
Forward Silver	174	6	0
Ready Gold	115	0	0
Forward Gold	114	10	0
Sovereigns	75	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 1.

The Produce market was quiet today with moderate business. At the opening there was scattered buying and little short covering which resulted in a small improvement but thereafter the market declined sharply on renewed long liquidation. Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 149/4 and after improving at Rs. 149/12 declined at Rs. 148/7 and steadied at Rs. 148/10. Groundnuts and linseed sections were quietly steady. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.		
GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	37	0	0
Coromandal ready	36	8	0
Bold ready	36	0	0
June-July	35	5	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	30	4	0
September	148	10	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	27	11	0
July	27	12	0
September	27	14	0
OILS—			
Groundnut ready	20	8	0
Groundnut July	19	13	0
Groundnut August	19	12	0
Linseed Oil	16	11	0
Castorseeed First Pressing	19	8	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

BOMBAY, July 1.

Cotton Bales	5640
Linseed	2889
Tilseed	128
Groundnuts	5446
Gram	2036
Castorseeds	248
Mahoora	50
Cottonseeds	1332
Sugar	814

METAL MARKET.

BOMBAY, July 1.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Tin Shravan dely.	61	8	0
Copper Shravan dely.	89	8	0

METAL QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, July 1.

Tin Ready	61	8	0
Shravan Dely.	61	8	0
Copper Ready	90	0	0
Copper Shravan	89	8	0

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, July 1.

Big Grain	115	0	0
Raja	111	0	0
Medium grain	110	0	0
Small grain	107	4	0
August Dely.	37	10	0
October Dely.	36	11	0
Jan. Dely	32	8	0

ITALIAN ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, July 1.

	Rs.	as.	p.
150 D. Ready	5	2	0
150 D. July	4	6	3
150 D. August	4	3	0
120 D. Ready	5	2	0
20/22 Yellow Silk Ready.	21	7	0
20/22 Yellow Silk July...	21	8	0

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, July 1.

	Pics.
45 x 11	
Ready	113-1/4
July-Sept.	106
Oct.-Dec.	107
D. W. 40 X 28.	
Ready	122 0 0
June	115 0 0
July-Sept.	108 0 0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, June 1.

	Rs.
Ashad dely.	18 to 1123
Shravan dely.	1128 to 1131

U. S. Journalist Gaoled For Life

Worked For Nazis

BOSTON, June 30 (Reuter): Robert Henry Best, American newspaperman and radio propagandist for the Nazis, was goaled for life today for treason.

The Assistant Attorney General of the United States had asked for a death sentence.

Best's counsel, Mr. Charles W. Bartlett, appealed for leniency as his client was "a fanatic— a crusader—doing what thought best for his country."

Best was also fined 10,000 dollars.

Best read a four-page prepared statement and in addition he extemporaneously told the court that if the people had "followed my advice" and impeached 'the administration in Washington tens of thousands of Americans would now be alive instead of dead in Europe.

Judge Ford declared that Best "knew what he was doing when a man intends to betray his country his motive is immaterial".

BARUCH BLASTS CRITICS OF U. S.

NEW YORK, (UPA): Bernard M. Baruch, America's elder statesman and adviser to Presidents, blasted critics of the United States' role in World War II, declaring that no other nation "really fought a global war."

Baruch particularly castigated "the mistaken illusion that the war has enriched America."

"One could search vainly mankind's whole history for comparable generosity," Baruch said in a "Saturday Evening Post" article. "Yet to some critics abroad and apologists at home, this is the record of a nation scheming to "exploit" and "enslave" the world."

To win world peace, he asserted, the United States must recapture the three elements that brought victory in the global war—high production, a global strategy, and what Woodrow Wilson described as "the spontaneous co-operation of a free people."

Baruch made the following points about the American war effort:

1. "In actual fact more than one half of all the munitions produced by the Allies were stamped 'Made in America.'

2. Although the United States was forced into the war 27 months after it began "American casualties exceeded those of the entire British Empire in both dead and wounded."

3. Wartime aid to the Allies amounted to dol. 50,000,000,000 from which only dol. 10,000,000,000 can be deducted for reverse lend-lease.

Baruch attacked the "mistaken illusion" that America, "enriched" by World War II, can afford to support a dependent Europe and also the pro-Soviet falsehood that America now schemes to "exploit and enslave the world."

"For 100 years students of Marxism have parroted the libel that the capitalistic system is driven to war by its very nature in its hunger for markets and profits," he wrote.

"The truth is that modern warfare has developed so that no economic system is more conducive to peace than one based on private initiative where a multitude of individuals pursue their happiness and profit, independent of a state."

Baruch emphasized that the United States fought in the war "not to implant ourselves on foreign shores, but to come home; not to remain warlike, but to return to war-hating; not to impose our will upon others, but so we can continue governing ourselves as we wish."

Yugoslav Youths Shout, "Tito Is Ours"

Cominform May Take More Direct Action After Party Congress

PRAGUE, June 30 (Reuter): Four thousand Yugoslav youths who arrived in special trains in Prague today to take part in the Czechoslovak Sokol Youth festival shouted "Tito is ours" as they marched through the streets.

LONDON, July 1 (Reuter): Observers here believed today that Cominform critics of Yugoslavia will hold their fire until the Yugoslav Communist Party Congress in three weeks has shown whether Marshall Josep Tito and other party leaders are willing to fall more closely into line with Communist international policies.

Thus far, they said, Russian complaints against the Yugoslavs, in the Cominform censure in Prague on Monday, could be interpreted as a political whipping, but if the full party congress in Belgrade wholeheartedly supports the Yugoslav reply, more direct action may be expected.

Political observers awaited with interest the Soviet reaction to the provision in the Yugoslav Communist Party's draft programme calling for 'the' creation of conditions towards uniting the Bulgarian and Albanian people and the peoples of Yugoslavia on the basis of national equality."

This suggests that Marshall Tito has not abandoned the idea of forming a small Balkan federation within the framework of the eastern bloc but claiming a certain independence from Moscow.

As was shown by the Soviet press rebuke of the Bulgarian Premier, Georgi Dimitrov, earlier this year, when he mooted a similar if more ambitious plan, Moscow is opposed to any federation, even if under Communist leadership.

DIMITROV TO OPPOSE

Any Yugoslav attempt to create a bloc now is also likely to meet opposition from M Dimitrov himself who as the one-time secretary of the Cominform and as a higher-ranking personality in the International Communist leadership than Marshal Tito, would hardly accept the Marshal as the sponsor and presiding personality in such a bloc.

Despatches from Budapest said that the Central Committee of the Hungarian Workers Party—fusion of Communists and Left-Wing Socialists had announced its "complete acceptance" of the decisions of the Cominform about the conduct of the Yugoslav Communist Party.

The Committee also warned Hungarian party members that they also had to face the Cominform decisions. In Hungary, it said, there were capitalist elements and the Communists were not fully united with the socialists in the workers party and thus the "danger of bourgeois nationalism" still threatened.

TISSUE OF AFFIRMATIONS & NEGATIONS

PARIS, July 1 (Reuter): M. Jacques Duclos, French Communist leader and one of the Party's representatives at the Cominform meeting which excommunicated Marshal Tito, stated yesterday that the Yugoslav Communist Party's answer was a "tissue of gratuitous affirmations and of negations without proof."

NOT IMMUNE TO ERRORS

BUDAPEST, June 30 (U.P.A): Hungarian communists warned today that they were "not immune" to the same errors which caused the downfall of Marshal Tito in the Cominform.

The Central Committee of the Hungarian Workers' Party issued a communique approving the Cominform declaration on Yugoslavia and adding that "this declaration must serve as an obligation on every member of the Party.

"We are not immune against such infections and errors. There are still plenty of capitalist elements in Hungary and the Workers' Party is not isolated from the society in which it operates. The Socialists and Communists are not perfectly united yet and the ideological level of our members is still rather low."

The communique listed three dangers against which, it said, the Hungarian communists must be on guard.

Firstly, "We might leave the Marxist Leninist line."

Secondly, "We might turn away from the Soviet Union."

Thirdly, "We might underestimate the role of capitalist elements in our villages."

It concluded that the Yugoslav example should be a "warning to us to arm ourselves against these dangers," and called on Party members to "unite all democratic forces to fight against the capitalists who are trying to breach the democratic peace front."

GERMAN COMMUNIST CALLS FOR PURGE

BERLIN, June 30 (U.P.A.): Otto Grotewold, co-chairman of the German Communist Party, today called for a purge of "opportunists and destructionists" among the party membership and declared that the party must be reorganized into a "fighting calibre."

Grotewold, himself a Socialist leader until 1946, told a Communist meeting here that the party must "lead an ideological fight against the political network of underground activity that exists in the Soviet zone."

He said this underground was made up of dissident Socialists who have spied for the American government since the Soviet-forced merger of the Socialists and Communists in the Russian zone in 1946.

"TISSUE OF LIES"

In Vienna Austrian Communists called a national conference to consider events in Yugoslavia. In a signed editorial in the Socialist newspaper, Arbeiter Zeitung," the anti-Communist editor predicted that the Soviet bloc eventually would fight a "war" against Yugoslavia.

In Rome the Communist organ "Unita," said Yugoslavia's rejection of the Cominform accusations developed into "insinuation" against the USSR."

Pietro Secchia, who attended the Cominform meeting in Romania earlier this month said that Italian Communists will follow the Cominform in turning against the Yugoslav Communist Party.

In Paris the Communist newspaper "l'Humanite," said in an editorial that Yugoslavia's answer to the Cominform was a "tissue of lies".

INDONESIAN REPUBLICAN PASSPORTS

Affixing Of British Visas Explained In Commons

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): Mr. John Platts Mills, Independent Labour, asked in the House of Commons today why "instructions have been given to British diplomatic missions in the Far East no longer to honour Indonesian Republican passports".

Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, replied: "You have, I think, misunderstood the position. There is no question of a change of policy or attitude.

"The only instructions issued to British representatives abroad relate to the affixing of British visas to passports issued by the Republican authorities.

"As a result of a review of the situation created by the Renville Agreement the British Government decided that it was inappropriate for British visas to be affixed to these passports since they are not internationally recognised travel documents.

"There is no question of seeking in any way to restrict the travel to the Indonesians by these arrangements".

Bodies Of Chinese Merchant And Son Found

SINGAPORE, June 30 (UPA): Police today found the bodies of a Chinese merchant and his son at a terrorist hide-out, 70 miles north-east of Kaulalumpur, and feared that three Malay constables, kidnapped with the dead men, also had been murdered.

The kidnappings took place two nights ago.

The hide-out was hastily abandoned and the police found loot which the terrorists left behind. The police said that two Chinese terrorists sentries had been killed by a patrol and a third was wounded.

The continued violence in Malaya and the rumoured withdrawal of High Commissioner Sir Edward Gent has led the planters to call for the appointment of a new. strongman in Gent's place.

The names of General Dempsey and Stopford had been mentioned.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 1

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T C D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates 2 T Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapure Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/2
Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4
4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Dol.
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandra Pla 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es. 99-80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3.4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4.03 1/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapure 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
Gold London £8-12-3
Gold New York $35
Silver London 45
Silver New York 74 5/8
London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent. 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

SHIPPING NEWS

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

BOMBAY, Thursday:

"FLYING TRADER (7607 tons Isbradston Co. arrived on June 30 from Philadelphia carrying 2,300, tons of general cargo. Bombay Agents Shaw Wallace.

"M. P. PURNEA (5,340 tons British India Steam Navigation Co Ltd.) arrived on July 1 from Shanghai carrying 5425 tons of general cargo. (Bombay Agents Mackinnon Macknizie)

DEPARTURES

"M. V. ETREMA" (6,161 tons Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co. Ltd) arrived from Abadan on Jyne 30.

"SAN ZOLIOCO" (5,581 tons Eagle Oil Shipping Co. Ltd.) arrived from Abadan on June 30

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR July 1:

Wheat 20; Gram 13; Barley 12; Bejhar 11/10; Maize 10; Bajra 11; Juwar 14; Peas 12/10; Arhar 12/10; Urd 18; Moong 17; Masoor 13,8; Gur ready 12/10; Shakkar 12/8; Forward Fagan 10/3/6; Opened 10/3/6; Yesterday closed 10/3; Crystal 36; Khandsari 32 to 28; Sarson 23-8; Taraseed 19 to 17; Oil 65 Oil-cake 7/4 Benola 13/ to 16/; Groundnut 14; Oats 9/8; Methi 15/8; Bardana Asuj 98; Octor-Ber 11/; Asar 102/8; Very steady.

Silver Forward 165/12; opened 166/1 yesterday closed 166/10.

Gold Forward 112.4 Yesterday closed 113.

Calicut Market

From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, July 1:

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 145/155 Fibre Garbled 105; Ungarbled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 110 Dry 155; Cocoanutoil 445; Copra Office 307/8; Dilpasand 325; Madrasnottam 325 Pepper Wynaad 1120; Country 1100; Dryginger Chernad 380, Ernad 370; Coffee Robusta 160; Timber Pali 55/60 Junglewood 25/30; Wellapine 40/45; Benteak 35/45; Teak 90/120; Mango 3/4; Teak 10/20; Rossewood 10/15.

KARACHI MARKET.

KARACHI, June 30.

Cotton Sind NT 85; Punjab 289; F 101; LSS 81; Four F 68. Rates unchanged tone steadily held with moderate demand. Business 1,000 bales Cottonseeds NT 7/14; Desi 8/4; Rapeseeds 175; Steadier Gold Tejabi 115; Sovereigns 74/12; Silver 140. Firm on account of buying by upcountry commission houses.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 30

July 2.32-1/8.
September 2.32-1/8.
December 2.33-1/8.
May 2.31.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 30.

London Australian Wheat unoffered.

COMMONWEALTH AND JAPANESE TRADE

India To Participate In Tokyo Talks

(From Our Correspondent,)

NEW DELHI, June 30.

Mr. S. K. Kirpalani, I.C.S. and Mr. K. N. Kaul of Finance Ministry will represent India at the conference at Tokyo commencing from July 5. It is a conference between the Governments of the Commonwealth countries and SCAP to negotiate terms for Japan doing business with the Commonwealth countries in sterling and not in dollars as at present. India has made it clear that, while welcoming the proposal, she would retain the preagreement of the dollar earning to herself. In other words, India's dollar earnings for the period before the agreement will not be affected by any agreement.

BANKING RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

Govt. Of India's Press Note

NEW DELHI, June 30, (API): The Government of India have been informed that with a view to assisting the establishment of normal commercial banking relations between Germany and the rest of the world, the military Governments of the U.S.U.K. zones in Germany have decided to permit banks with head offices in the United Nations or neutral countries to open branch offices in their zones says a press note.

These banks will be allowed to commence operations in German economy from July one, 1948.

The branch offices will be subject to German as well as military Government law and will operate under licences authorising them to perform "inter alia" the following banking services incidental to foreign trade.

Opening letters of credit covering both exports and imports.

Negotiation of export and import documents.

Carrying of foreign currency accounts for those persons authorised to hold foreign currency and accounts in foreign currency. The handling of U. S. and British military scrip will only be possible if necessary authorisation is obtained from the appropriate military authorities

U. S. Policemen Sent On Wild Goose Chase

NEW YORK, June 30 (Reuter): Police sent an emergency squad and radio car to the 83,000-ton liner "QUEEN ELIZABETH" tonight after a telephone call saying a time bomb had been placed aboard. Nothing was found in a thorough search of the liner, due to sail for England at midnight local time tonight.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

Mahatma Murder Trial

Sensational Story Of Birla House Bomb Explosion

WOMAN IDENTIFIES MADANLAL IN COURT: MOTOR DRIVER ATTESTS TO PRESENCE OF GODSE ON SCENE

RED FORT, NEW DHLHI,,July 1 Shrimati Sulochana Devi made a sentational statement to the Court when she revealed that she saw a man placing a bombnear Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting and putting fire to it.She identified Madanlal in the accused's deck and said that he was the person who exploded the bomb.

She was a witness knowing Punjabi only and caused headache to both the Prosecution and the Defence Counsel to extract clear statement from her. Sexveral times arguments ensued between the two parties and the Judge had to intervene.

RED FORT, DELHI, July 1 (API): Sulochana Devi, wife of Nanakchand living in No 9 Albuquerque Road near Birla House was the first witness to be examined when the special court trying Nathuram Godse and seven others resumed hearing this morning.

Sulochana Devi said she was twenty or twenty-five years old and had three children. The first child was a girl aged seven, the second a boy aged three called Mahinder Singh. She had been living in number 9 Albuquerque Road for about a year. She remembered the day of the explosion at the prayer meeting at Birla House. "I know the place where the bomb exploded. It exploded within a distance of about 150 paces from my place of residence. I was at a distance of thirteen or fourteen paces from the place when the bomb exploded."

FETCHING CHILD

Asked why she had gone out to this place, Sulochana explained that her child Mahinder had gone out and she had gone to fetch him. The child had left her house at about 5 p.m. She followed him after about five minutes to fetch him. The child had gone to the circular path behind the servants quarters of Birla House, and was playing there. Witness also went to the circular place. She found the child playing there.

As she reached the Circular Place, a car arrived there the colour of the car was "moongy" (light green.) There were three roads coalescing into the circular the Circular Place and the car had come along the road that passed by Birla House. The car stopped on the other side of the servants quarters.

There were some passengers in it and witness saw them getting out of the car. She thought there were four persons who had thus got out. The passengers came out from behind the car and met two or three persons They then entered the gate leading to Birla House. These persons were talking amongst themselves, going in and coming out from towards the prayer ground.

Asked whether she knew any of the servants living in the servants quarters of Birla House, Sulochana said she knew Choturam and Phoolsingh one of the persons who had got out of the car talked to Choturam.

BOY GETS STUBBORN

Mr. C. K. Daphtary: What were you doing there at the time?

Answer: My boy became stubborn and would not come back and I was waiting for him.

Question: Did you see the explosion?

Answer: I saw the explosion. I saw a person going to the place where the bomb had exploded later. I was at the time with my child in the circle.

Question: Where did that man come from?

Answer: He had come from towards the car. Witness later said that she was under the impression that the person came out from inside the car but was not sure where he had come from. "I am not sure whether the person was from among those who had got down from the car."

Question: What did the person do?

Answer: I saw him placing a bomb there and then light a match stick. I was still standing at the place where the children were playing. The person lit the match and put it to the bomb.

Question: After applying the match what did he do?

Answer: He went towards my quarters. I then forcibly took my child and went 13 or 14 paces from the place where the bomb was placed. I then saw a string or wire attached to this thing and saw some sparks come out from the bomb. When the bomb exploded I saw the person who had applied the match stick to the bomb standing five or six paces from where I was standing.

(Witness herself was 14 or 15 paces away from the bomb.)

LOT OF PEOPLE

Question:—What happened when the bomb exploded?

Answer:—A lot of people came up from the prayer meeting.

Three persons came jumping over the wall. One was Bhutsingh, another a sepoy with a rifle and the third a military man. These persons then asked me what happened They were the first to arrive. I told them that this man (pointing towards the person standing behind her) had placed the bomb there and fired it. He was caught hold of.

Question:—Can you identify the person who had placed the bomb and fired it?

Witness walked into the prisoners dock and, pointing towards Madanlal K. Pahwa, said he was the person who had placed the bomb and set fire to it.

MADANLAL GETS UP

Witness also identified the approver (Badge), and Nathuram Godse and Apte as the three persons who had come in the car to Birla House and who were talking to "Madan".

Witness further said that she had identified Nathuram Godse and Apte in the Delhi district jail and Badge in Bombay. She also identified a car which had been brought to the court compound as the car which she had seen on the day of the explosion. Witness was speaking in Punjabi and there was some difficulty about getting her replies properly interpreted.

This had a sequel. While Mr. Daphtary was examining Sulochana Devi Madanlal got up from his seat and told the Judge: "Sir, the police are not letting me talk to you." The Judge, turning to the police officers sitting around the prisoners said "don't interrupt him when he wants to say something to me."

Later, when Dr. Daphtary had finished his examination of the witness, Mr. B. Banerjee counsel for Madanlal told the Court: "When Madanlal was saying that the interpreter was not interpreting properly, one police officer, it seems assumed a threatening attitude towards him and told him, "Shut up or I shall get you punished."

The Judge: I am very glad that you have reported the matter to me. I shall look into it.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

Cross-examined by Mr. Oak, Counsel for Nathuram Godse, Sulochana Devi said that the rear side of Birla House where the bomb exploded was not very much frequented by people and only a few persons came that side. She had noticed the car because usually no conveyance was parked there. Her statement was recorded by the police the same day soon after the explosion. She had seen a person set fire to a piece of string or wire, but she did not know whether it was connected with a bomb or not. At the time she did not realise that it was a bomb. The witness denied having seen Nathuram Godse before January 20, 1948. At the parade where she identified him there were in all about fifteen persons . Nathuram Godse was dessed in ordinary clothes. Asked if she noticed any bandage round the head of the accused, she said that she did not see any bandage, but there was a towel round his head

WHEN SHE DID NOT RUN AWAY

She was at a distance of about 40 paces when she saw Nathuram Godse come out of the car.

Mr. Mengle, Counsel for Narain Apte, then started his cross-examination. Witness stated that her husband owned a car and ran it as a taxi.

Mr. Mengle: Is it a fact that you had gone to fetch you child, but your child said: "Mother I shall not go".

Witness: No, My child did not say so., because he does not know how to talk". (Laughter).

Witness added that her attention was drawn towards the child, but at the same time she also noticed the car and the people coming out of it. She must have looked at the car for about 20-25 minutes. It might have taken these persons something like five minutes to leave the car. She could not say what dress they were wearing.

In replying to Mr. Banerji's questions, witness said that a number of servants were living in that area, but at the particular time only Chotu Ram and Phur Singh were sitting outside their quarters. She did not remember having told the police that the persons after getting out of the car met two or three other persons and talked to them. Her statement had been taken down by a Sikh Sub-Inspector of Police.

She had not run away when the bomb exploded.

Mr. Banerji: How is it that you were not frightened when you saw a bomb explode?

Witness: Before the bomb exploded I did not realise that it was a bomb and once it had exploded there was no danger.

Madanlal, she continued, did not try to run away after the explosion. He did not so even after Phur Singh and the constable arrived on the spot.

BOMB OR CRACKER?

Cross-examined by Mr. Mehta, Shanker Kistayya's Counsel, witness said that she had never seen a bomb before in her life. The article ignited on January 20 had the shape of a brick. It was about nine inches by four inches by two inches and was white in colour. She did not see the occupants of the car after the explosion. She is illiterate and was unable to read the number on the car, but she had identified it because of its colour and the luggage carrier on its top. She had not seen any other car in Delhi with a carrier on the top.

At the conclusion of the cross-examination of witness Mr. Daphtary, prosecution counsel, submitted to the court that during cross-examination a suggestion was made that either it was a cracker or it was a thoroughly inocuous thing that exploded causing no injury. He wanted to ask witness whether the explosion caused any damage.

The judge said that he himself would put that question to witness.

Replying to the court, witness said that as a result of the explosion a hole was caused in the wall and a number of bricks came out of the wall.

MOTOR DRIVER IN WITNESS BOX

Chhotturam, a motor driver in Birla House, who was the next witness, stated that he had been serving in Birla House for the last 11 years and been living in the servant quarters which were on the back side of Birla House. He remembered the day when the bomb explosion took place. He was sitting on a wooden plank at a distance of 2 feet from his quarter. Bhursingh, Chowkidar, was standing at that time at a short distance from witness.

Witness saw some persons coming in a car to the big open space on the backside of Birla House. He saw the car being stopped. The car had come by the road that was at the back of Birla House, and it stopped on the left side of the road. The car was of "Moongia" (dark green) colour and had a luggage carrier on its top. When the car stopped, four persons got down from the left side of the car. On getting down the car they met three or four persons. From there they walked in front of witness's quarter. Three of them stood at the gate of the house and one came towards witness and began talking with him. He asked witness to allow him to take a photograph of Mahatma Gandhi through lattice works as Gandhiji used to sit there for prayers.

Witness asked him what would he get by taking photo of Mahatma Gandhi. He told witness that he would take a photograph of the back side of Mahatma Gandhi. Witness asked him to go in front of the prayer ground and take a photograph from the front side. The man then offered five to ten rupees to witness in case he could allow him to take a photograph through lattice works. Witness told him that he was not in need of any money.

THE EXPLOSION

As no camera was visible, witness asked him where his camera was. He had only a khaki bag which seemed to contain something heavy. The man looked disappointed and did not produce any camera. He, however, told witness that he would get a camera from his car. He then went to the outer gate where three other men were standing. One of them went towards the place where a bomb exploded. Witness heard the explosion about three or four minutes later.

Bhursing, Chowkidar, a constable and a military man came to the place where the bomb had exploded by jumping over the wall. Witness also hurried to the place. When the bomb exploded the persons who were standing at the gate hurried to the car.

A woman, Sulochana Devi pointed out towards a man and told witness that that the man had put something and had set fire to it. Bhursingh had caught hold of the arm of the man who was taken to the police tent in Birla House. Witness also went there. A Sub-Inspector made a search of the arrested man's person and recovered a live bomb from him. A military man opened the bomb, put it in a tin and sealed it.

Witness pointed towards accused Madanlal Pahwa, and said that he was the person who was pointed out to witness by Sulochana Devi and who was alleged to have exploded the bomb. Witness also pointed towards Karkare and said that he was the person who had approached him to allow him to take a photograph of Mahatma Gandhi.

GODSE IDENTIFIED

Witness pointed towards Nathuram V. Godse and Narayan Apte, and said that they were the persons whom he had seen walking along with others near his quarters. Witness was taken to Bombay to identify the accused He was also taken twice to the Delhi District jail for identification purposes.

Witness pointed towards Shankar Kistayya and said that he had identified him in Bombay. He, along with another man, was walking near his quarters.

Asked whether any damage was caused by the bomb explosion, witness said that as a result of the explosion some bricks of the wall were broken into pieces and thrown out.

Ques: Do you remember the day when Gandhi was assassinated

Ans. Yes. I do remember. I went to the prayer ground that day twenty or twenty five minutes after Gandhiji had been assassinated.

Witness said that two empty cartridges and two spent bullets were recovered from the place where Gandhiji was said to have been shot.

Cross-examination of Chooturam had not concluded when the court rose for the day. Hearing will be continued tomorrow.

UNITS OF THE INDIAN UNION — X — HIMACHAL PRADESH.

A separate unit of the Indian Union, which will be centrally administered, has been formed of the Punjab Hill States of:- Baghal, Baghat, Balsan, Bashahr, Bhaiji, Bija, Bilaspur, Darkoti, Dhami, Jubbal, Kalsia, Keonthal, Kumarsain, Kunihar, Kuthar, Mahlog, Mangal, Nalagarh, Sangri, Sirmur, Tharoch, Chamba, Mandi and Suket. The total area of this ne unit, which is called "Himachal Pradesh", is 11,254, sq. miles, with a population of 10.46,000. The larger states are shown on the map, as well as the areas containing the others.

CAPTURE OF STRATEGIC HILL FEATURE NEAR URI

Indian Troops Beat Back Raider Bands In Many Sectors In Kashmir

SRINAGAR, June 30 (API).—It is now known that Army troops captured the 10,930-ft. high Pir Kanthi, nine miles due south-west of Uri, and the highest hill feature on the western side of Pir Panjal, in a dawn attack on June 28 after overcoming stiff resistance.

The capture of Pir Kanthi, writes an A.P.I. special correspondent, will undoubtedly influence the fighting on the Chakothi sector. With Indian troops overlooking the main road few miles beyond Chakothi to the north and the capture of Pir Kanthi to the south, it remains to be seen how long the enemy can hold on this present positions.

Meanwhile reports from this front say that on June 24 the enemy was active between Chakothi and Chineri. The enemy, supported by three-inch mortars and medium machine-guns, attacked our troops, but was repulsed. Three enemy dead were counted while twenty more are believed to have been killed and wounded. A second enemy attack, this time in company strength, was repulsed with five enemy killed counted. Our casualties were nil

On June 25 an enemy convoy of 100 vehicles arrived at 48th milestone on the Uri-Domel Road.

On June 27, enemy sniping and shelling of our positions in the Chakothi area continued. Enemy bunkers south-west of Urusa, about ten miles beyond Uri, were engaged by our own artillery. Direct hits were observed on two of them.

On the Tithwal sector, on June 24 the enemy, 200 strong, under cover of smoke bombs and mortar fire, attacked our positions at 3 a.m. He put concentrated mortar fire on the Tithwal area at the same time. The attack, which was supported by machine guns, was beaten off with four enemy killed counted. Our own casualties were nil.

On June 26 spasmodic enemy firing continued. A party of the enemy engaged in building defences was dispersed by our artillery fire.

Enemy artillery fire from near about Nauseri, four miles west of Tithwal, was silenced by our own artillery. An enemy party of fifteen was engaged by our own mortars and three killed were counted. Elsewhere in the same sector, enemy mortars were engaged by our artillery and neutralised and ten more enemy bodies were counted.

On the Zojila sector, after a lull, the enemy resumed his activity on June 26. He started firing medium and light machine guns on our forward positions beyond Zojila. The enemy fired about 7,000 rounds from 7 a.m. till noon, but there were no casualties on our side. On June 27, the enemy, reinforcing his positions, continued firing.

From far-off Skardu a message dated June 24 says that after an air strike by the R.I.A.F., the enemy has stopped operations during the day. He is now active only at night. On June 26 the enemy was noticed building defences a thousand yards west of the fort. The same day he continued sniping and mortaring our positions.

KASHMIR COMMISSION

NEW DELHI, July 1, (A.P.I.): Mr. J. R. Symonds of the United Nations Security Council Commission for India and Pakistan, who arrived here last evening, has been sent ahead of the Commission in "an entirely administrative capacity to arrange accommodation, offices, etc., for the Commission."

It is pointed out that he is in no sense authorised to make public statements.

It is stated that on the arrival of the Commission, which leaves Geneva on July 5, regular press conferences will be held in New Delhi and Karachi".

WILL JAPS FIGHT AGAINST SOVIET?

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1, (UPA): Kensuke Horinouchi, former Japanese Ahbassador to the United States, told a press conference here today that there is no assurance the Japanese would fight alongside of American troops in the event of a Russian invasion of Japan.

Horinouchi emphasized that the Japanese people felt that General Douglas MacArthur was doing a "magnificent job" in the occupation of Japan. However, he smilingly evaded attempts to discover the possible sentiments of the disarmed Nipponese if another war should come.

The former Ambassador is an official in Japan's Department of Foreign Affairs and Chairman of the advisory committee of the licensed agencies for the relief of Asia.

He is touring American cities to thank donours who have helped in Japan's post-war distress.

PILOT SHOT DEAD IN MOVING PLANE

ISTANBUL, July 1, (U.P.A.): Bulgarian anti-Communist passengers seized control of a twin-engined plane and shot dead a resisting pilot in a gun battle, then forced the surviving crew members to fly them to Turkey, it was disclosed today.

Three of the passengers were wounded and two of them died later

8 KILLED IN ITALIAN PLANE CRASH

BRUSSELS, July 1. (U.P.A.): Brussels aviation control authorities announced today that eight persons were killed when an Italian plane crashed one kilometer from Keerbergen aerodrome, near Brussels.

The Brussels area was blanketed by a blinding rainstorm when the plane crashed in a remote spot about 12-20

Authorities said that the plane carried six passengers and six crew, and the first reports said that three of the passengers and the hostess survived. No other details were available.

AHMEDABAD LEAGUE FACES SPLIT

Issue Of Use Of Property Worth Five Lakhs

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 1.

Serious differences have arisen and a split is likely in the local Muslim League ranks.

It is reliably learnt that a meeting of the City League Working Committee will be held on 2nd July to consider resignations of its President and other members of the Committee. These League leaders were recently released from Sabarmati Jail, where they were detained under the Public Security Act after Gandhiji's murder.

On coming out of jail they issued statements that they have now nothing to do with politics and have resigned from the League.

The Committee will also have to decide whether the City League should be dissolved or not according to the wishes of the majority of its members.

A civil suit has been filed against the office bearers of the City League regarding use of its property and fund and a receiver has already been appointed by the court. It is learnt the League has immovable property worth more than five lakhs in the city and serious differences have arisen regarding its use. It is likely this question will be discussed in the League Working Committee.

Some members of the League recently visited Bombay to seek the advice of Bombay leaders.

Tanzim-e-Afghan Dissolved

A meeting of the Tanzim-e-Afghan-Pathan Organisation in the city has passed a resolution dissolving itself and has asked its members to join the Congress. The resolution declares that after 15th August, India has achieved independence Hence there is no room for any communal organisation in the country

A Committee, consisting of seven members has been appointed with powers to use funds of organisation in public interests.

U. S. Editorial Hails Rajaji's Appointment

WASHINGTON June 23.

The view that "unquestionably there could be no better choice for India in this trying start of its national evolution." was expressed by the Washington STAR on the appointment of Chakravarthi Rajagopalachari as the first Indian Governor-General. The STAR editorial said, in part.

"The contrast between form and reality was never better exemplified than in the inauguration of the new chief of state for India. Technically, it was merely a change from one Governor-General to another. But actually it denoted the passing of the last phase of British rule over India

...

"This new chief executive is Chakravarthi Rajagopalachari.

"He is a Hindu and a leading member of the dominant Congress Party but he occupies a unique position in Indian politics. Equally noted for his wisdom, moderation, firmness and tact, Rajagopalachari has long been a reconciler of extreme viewpoints and a successful negotiator in difficult situations. In consequence, he has many friends and few enemies. Especially notable in this respect is that he is on good terms with the Muslim leader Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan

"Rajagopalachari enjoys a personal prestige and dignity probably second only to the late Mohandas Gandhi, albeit of a very different sort. While Gandhi was considered an inspired saint by the Indian masses, Rajagopalachari is esteemed as a philosopher of extraordinary wisdom and understanding. Simple in life and in manner he yet bears himself with impressive sincerity and capacity Unquestionably there could be no better choice for India in this trying start of its national evolution"

—USIS

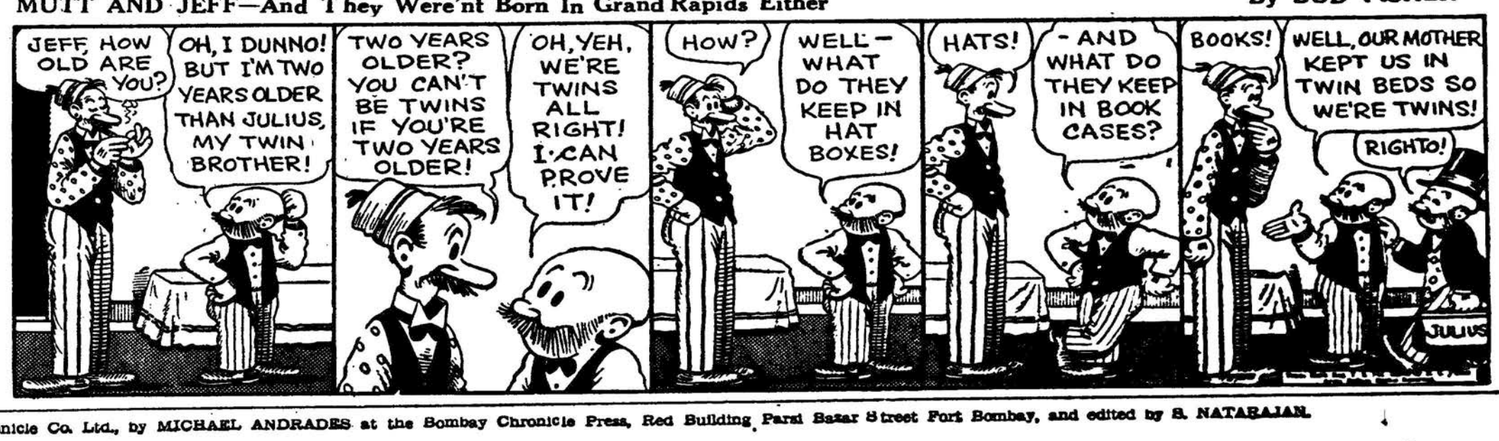
150 YEARS TRADITION

WELBOURNE, (Reuter): A tradition that started in 1798 when Mrs. Mary Wilhams of Macroom, Ireland received a silver tea-pot from a Cavalry and Musketry force in gratitude for the family's hospitality, was observed here at a tea party recently.

The soldiers asked that the tea-pot be used at a tea-party attended by the Williams' family every 50 years. This was the third in the tea-pot's history and the second in Australia

MUTT AND JEFF—And They Were'nt Born In Grand Rapids Either

By BUD FISHER


JEFF, HOW OLD ARE YOU?
OH, I DUNNO! BUT I'M TWO YEARS OLDER THAN JULIUS, MY TWIN BROTHER!
TWO YEARS OLDER? YOU CAN'T BE TWINS IF YOU'RE TWO YEARS OLDER!
OH, YEH, WE'RE TWINS ALL RIGHT! I CAN PROVE IT!
HOW?
WELL— WHAT DO THEY KEEP IN HAT BOXES!
HATS!
- AND WHAT DO THEY KEEP IN BOOK CASES?
BOOKS!
WELL, OUR MOTHER KEPT US IN TWIN BEDS SO WE'RE TWINS!
RIGHTO!
JULIUS

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